# GEM Detectors for SoLID Nilanga Liyanage University of Virginia

#### <u>Outline</u>

- GEM chamber concept
- Large area GEM chamber projects
- UVa GEM construction facilities
- UVa GEM construction program



### GEM working principle



Recent technology: F. Sauli, Nucl. Instrum. Methods A386(1997)531

#### GEM Rate capability

- Multiplication stages shielded from each other: much reduced feed back
- Slow moving positive ions localized to holes, away from the induction region
- Most of the created electrons contribute to signal: can operate at low gains

Much higher rates compared to wire chambers:  $\sim 50 \text{ MHz/cm}^2$ 



Poli Lener, PhD Thesis - Rome 2005

#### Single Mask Technology

#### **GEM double mask Vs GEM single Mask**



#### Large GEM chamber projects





Large prototype GEM module for CMS: 99 cm x (22 - 45.5) cm

STAR Front GEM Tracker

- 6 triple-GEM disks around beam
- IR~10.5 cm, OR~39 cm
- APV25 electronics



TOTEM T1 prototype made with single mask GEM foils (33 cm x 66 cm)

#### Basic Module of SBS Trackers





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#### Electronics layout of one chamber





□ Front End cards are connected by a passive backplane (with hard rad voltage regulators); backplane acts as a good GND connection for the cards

□ Cards are electromagnetically shielded by backplane and external frame (with thin conductive tape)

## Assembly of the GEM module at INFN



Stretching



Stretcher design from LNF / Bencivenni et al.



Use stretching and spacers to keep foil flat

Foil Tension: T = 2 kg/cm Spacer Sector: S = 170 cm2 Expected maximum pressure on foil P ~ 10 N/m2 ↓ Maximum foil deformation: u ~ 0.0074 \* P \* S / T = 6.4 µm





Gluing the next frame with spacers

#### Completed Prototype Module and Front Tracker Production

 A beam test of the completed prototype was done at DESY in Dec 2010.

- Fully equipped 40x50 cm<sup>2</sup>
  GEM module
- 18 APV25 front-end cards
- a 2304 channels
- o 7 independent HV levels
- Firmware and DAQ in alpha version

 Final design now complete
 GEM and readout foils under production at CERN
 Front tracker GEM module production in Italy to start soon



Fully equipped prototype40x50 cm<sup>2</sup> GEM module

### GEM construction facilities at UVa

- A 3.5 m x 3 m level-1000 clean-room: this clean room was used to build
  Drift chambers for Bigbite: 2 m x 0.5 m MWDCs.
  - $\hfill\square$  Prototype GEM tracker with five 10 cm x 10 cm chambers
- Another clean room to be added early next year.
- APV25 based readout systems with 5000 channels for testing GEMs
- Wiener MPOD High Voltage system with 16 sensitive HV channels
- CODA based DAQ system
- Dry N2 storage cabinets
- Dry N2 HV box
- GEM foil stretcher



#### High intensity beam test at Mainz

- Recent Beam test at Mainz in September ۲
- Demonstrate that GEMs can operate well in high rate electro-magnetic enviroements
- Rates ~ 400 kHz/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Used 3 UVa built 10 x and APV-25 electronics.
- Data being analyzed now





Raw APV-25 ADC readout from all x channels from one chamber for five events (each row represents an event). Plots from left to right shows the time evolution of the signals in 25 ns intervals.

#### Uva GEM chamber expertise

- Liyanage and Nelyubin (Senior research scientist)
  - Built the BB MWDC together
  - Built the prototype GEM tracker
  - □ Few years of GEM R&D experience
- Kondo Gnanvo (Research Scientist):
  - Recognized GEM and APV electronics expert
  - Former CERN fellow working on GEM chambers with Leszek Ropelewski
  - Constructed ten 30 cm x 30 cm GEM chambers at FIT
  - development and testing of APV25 based Scalable Readout system
- Three senior graduate students
  - Students already experienced in GEM with prototype chambers.