

Current Status of Experimental Requirement in Technical Document

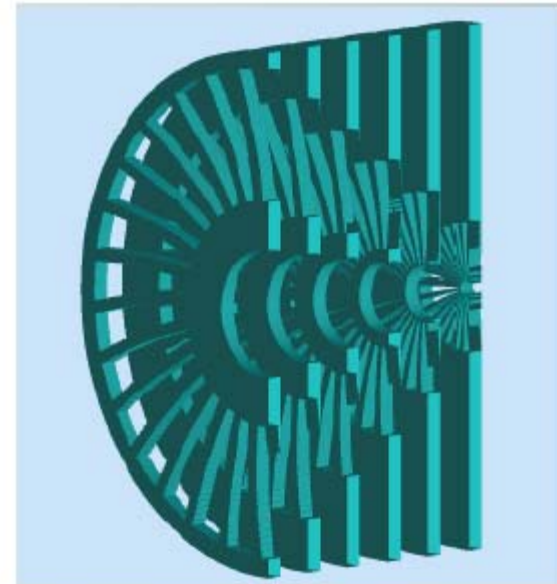
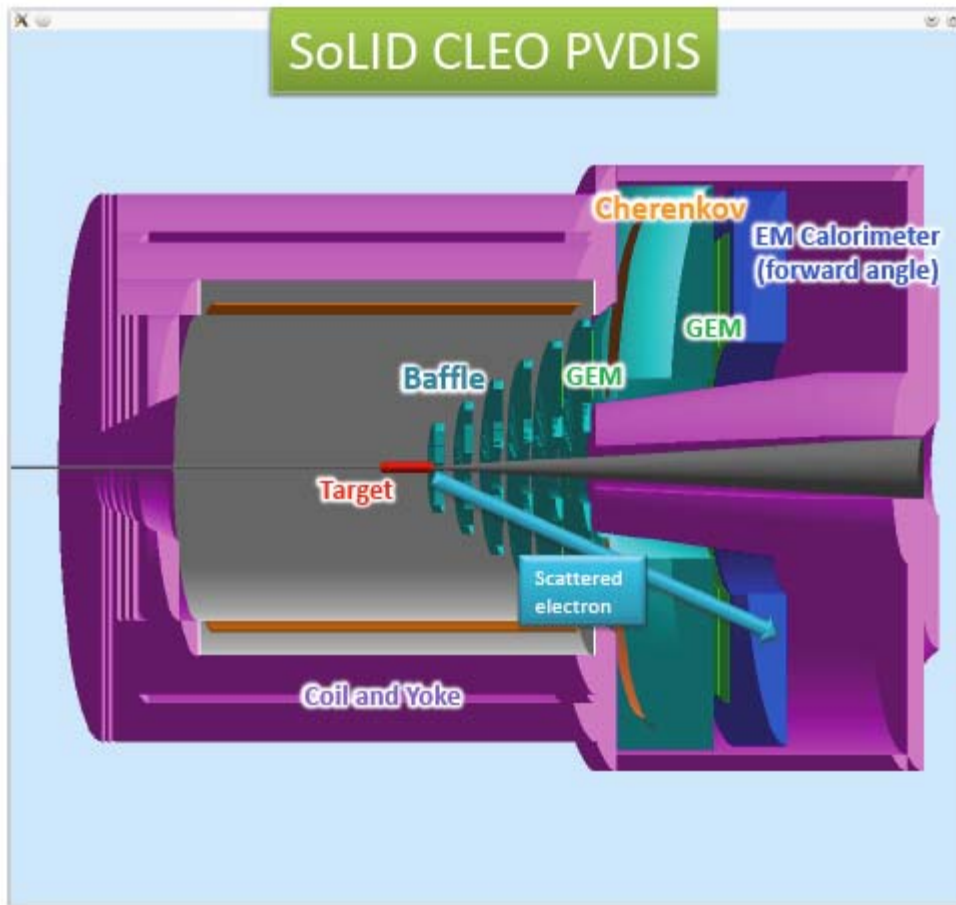
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Caltech

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- Consistent plots for each configuration (Zhiwen)
- Two tables summarize key features and detector requirements
- We should clarify requirements vs. limitations

SoLID-PVDIS



Key Information

$$A_{PV}^{phys} \sim \frac{1}{Q^2 \cdot P_{beam}} \cdot \frac{A_{PV}^{measured} - f \cdot A_{PV}^{\pi^-}}{1 - f}$$

- Phase Space:
 - 20 → 35 degrees
 - 1.5 → 5.0 GeV
(include 6.6 GeV running)
 - 0.2 < x < 0.8
 - 2 < Q² < 12 GeV²
 - Luminosity 5x10³⁸ LH2
1.3x10³⁹ LD2
 - ~0.5% relative statistical uncertainties
- Requirements:
 - 0.4% beam polarimetry
 - <0.5% pion contamination determination
 - <0.5% Q² calibration
 - Baffle + radiation hardness
- DAQ rate:
 - 15 kHz x 30 sectors
 - Signal: ~ 8 kHz DIS electron per sector

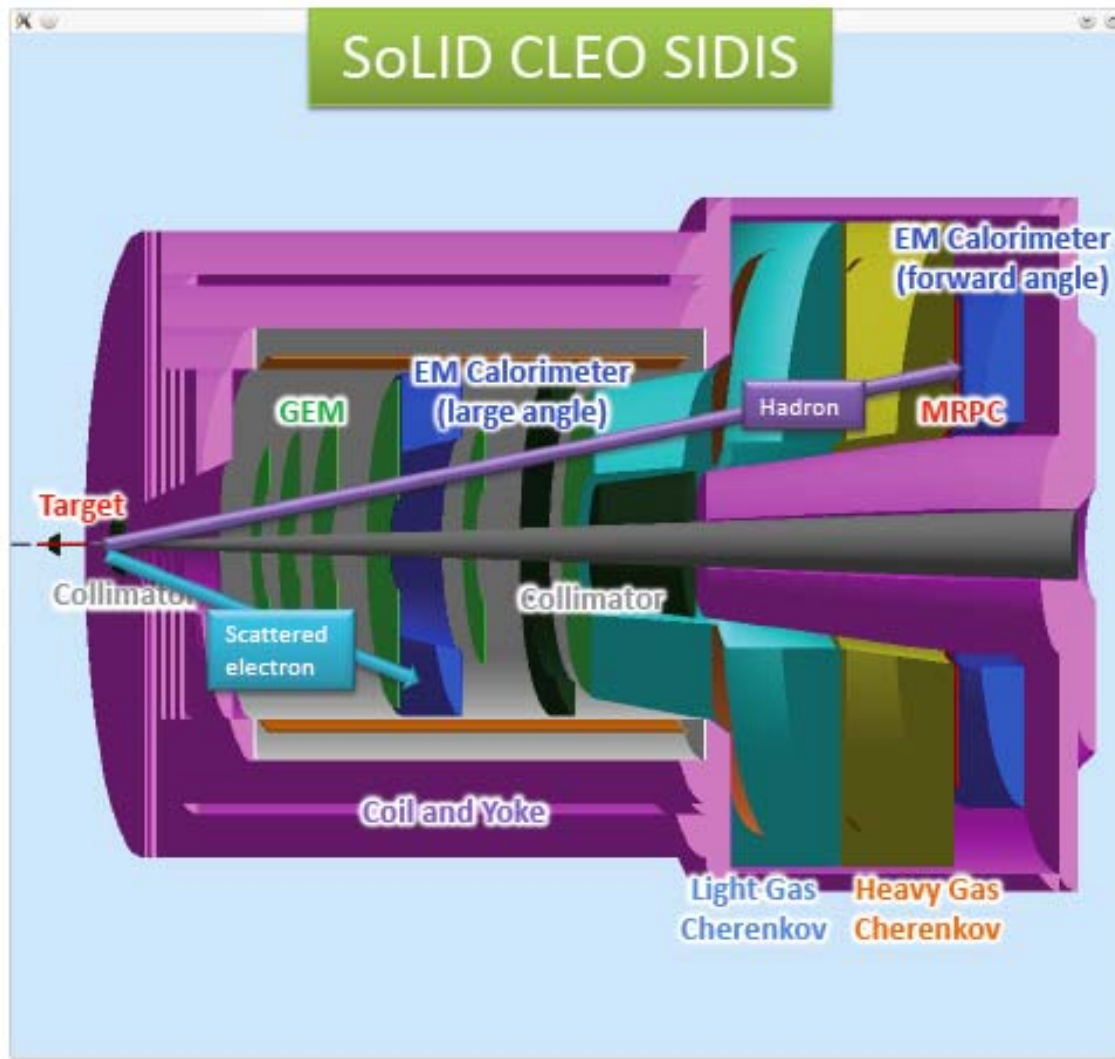
Comments about requirement

- The physics requirement is straight forward
 - Should not be mixed with limitations
- See the example below:
 - Requirement: ~8 kHz DIS electron rate per sector
 - Be included in the data after L3 (to tape)
 - No direct requirement on L1 trigger
 - Limitations to be considered in the design
 - APV25: 3 sample readout → 90 kHz maximum
 - 1 Sample: 280 kHz
 - Crate data transfer limit: 20 kHz → 140 MB < 300 MB
 - 2 Crates → 600 MB
 - Iterations needed, interactions among different sub-groups

One Word about Safety Margin

- Safety margin is linked to the requirement:
 - Example: Know the pion contamination to $<0.5\%$ level
 - Assume 200:1 pion/e ratio \rightarrow $2.5e-5$ knowledge in rejection factor by combining calorimeter and gas Cerenkov
 - Guideline: gas Cerenkov 500:1 rejection
Calorimeter 100:1 rejection
 - Calorimeter working group does the design
 - With **assumptions** in background rate, performance, segmentations and ..., one can reach 100:1
 - The safety margin should be estimated from the evaluation of **assumptions**
 - Uncertainty of assumptions should be clearly stated and listed

SoLID SIDIS

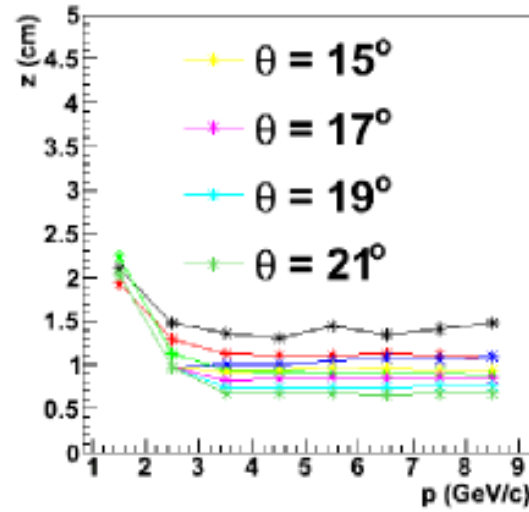
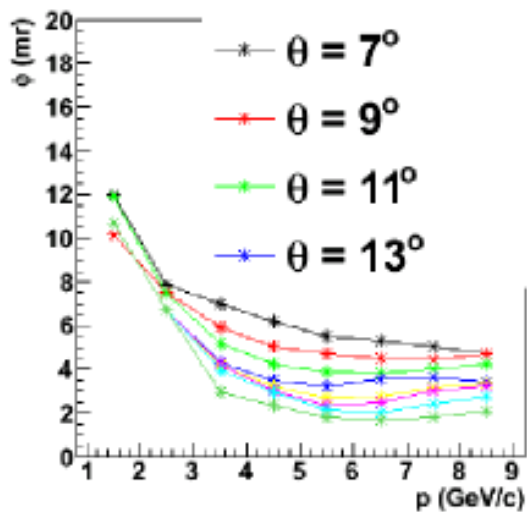
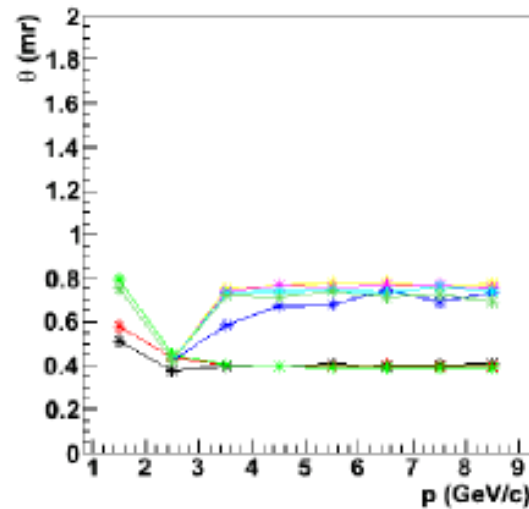
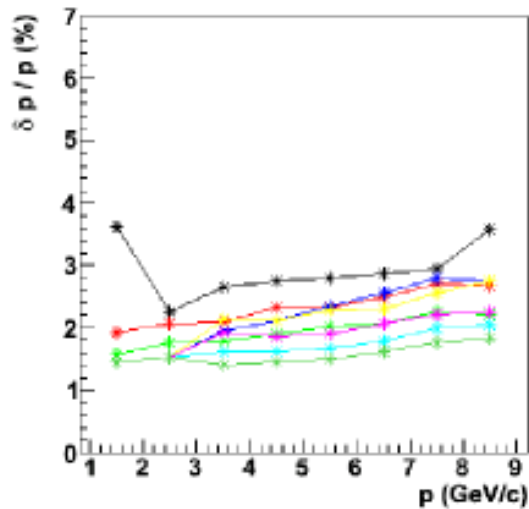


Key Information

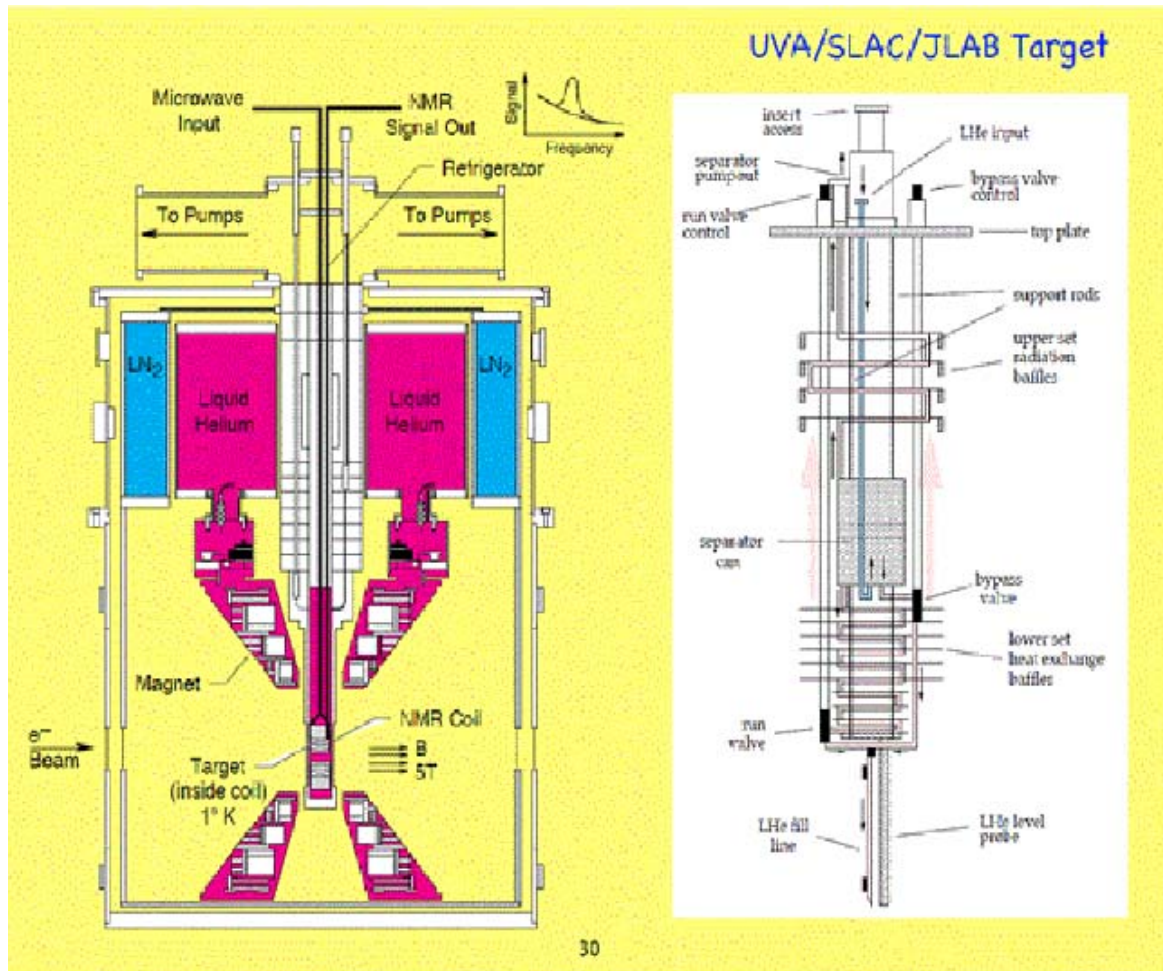
- Kinematics Coverage:
 - 0.05 ~ 0.6 in x (valence)
 - 0.3 ~ 0.7 in z
(factorization region)
 - P_T up to ~ 1 GeV (TMD Physics)
 - Fixed target $\rightarrow Q^2$
coverage 1-8 GeV² (~ 2 GeV² in ΔQ^2 at fixed x)
- Polarized ³He Target:
 - Unpolarized ~ 10³⁷ N/cm²/s
 - ~ 60% higher polarization
 - Fast spin flip (<20 mins)
- PID:
 - <1% Pion contamination
 - <1% Kaon contamination
- DAQ:
 - ~ 3kHz Physics
Coincidence
 - ~ 120 kHz Single
 - ~ 80 kHz Coincidence

Detector Resolution

- Include multiple scattering from target, air, and GEM chambers



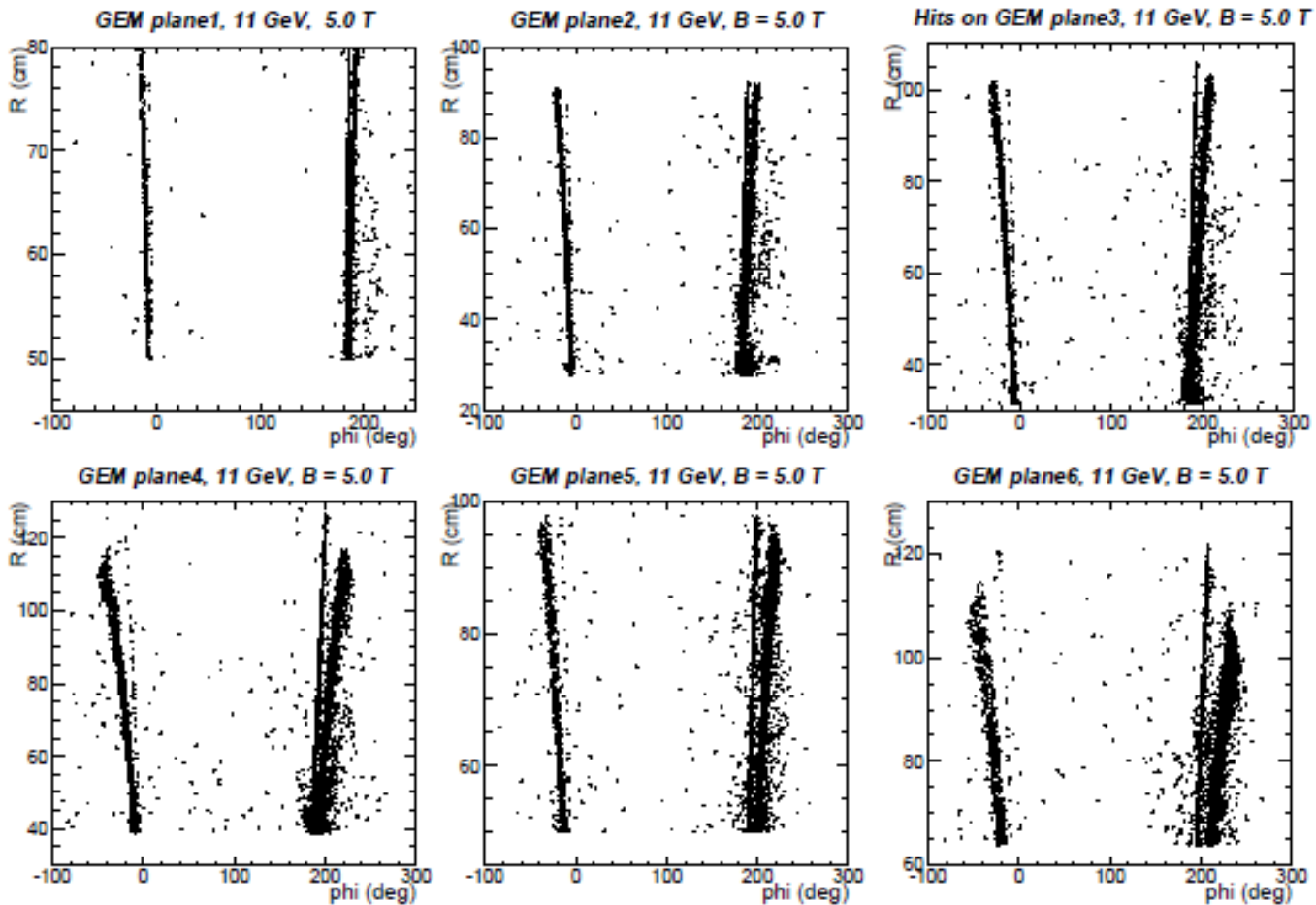
SoLID-proton-SIDIS



- Polarized NH₃ Target:
 - Unpolarized ~ 10^{36} N/cm²/s
 - ~70% higher polarization
 - **Spin flip**

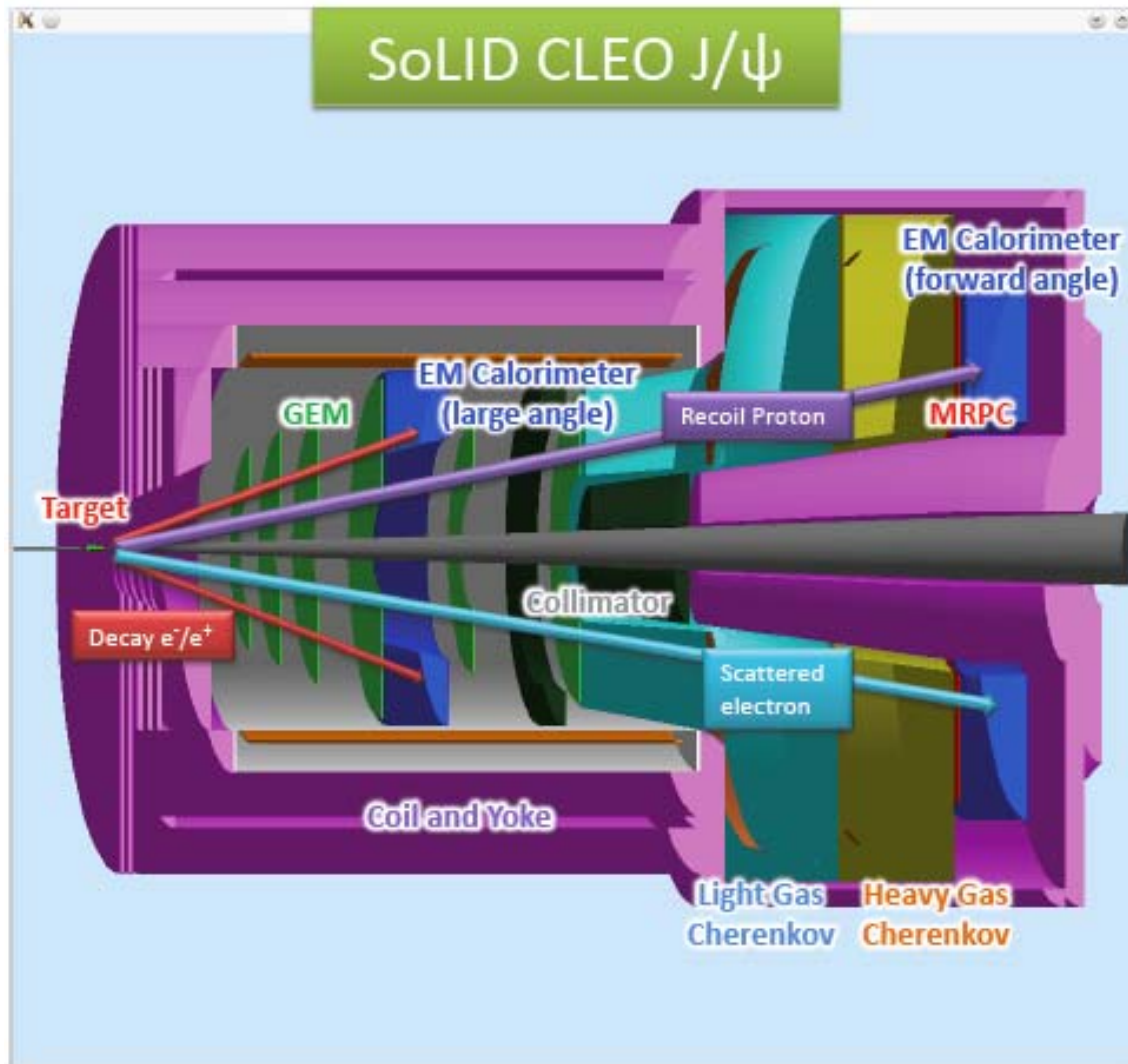
Do we have a plot with better quality?

Sheet of Flames



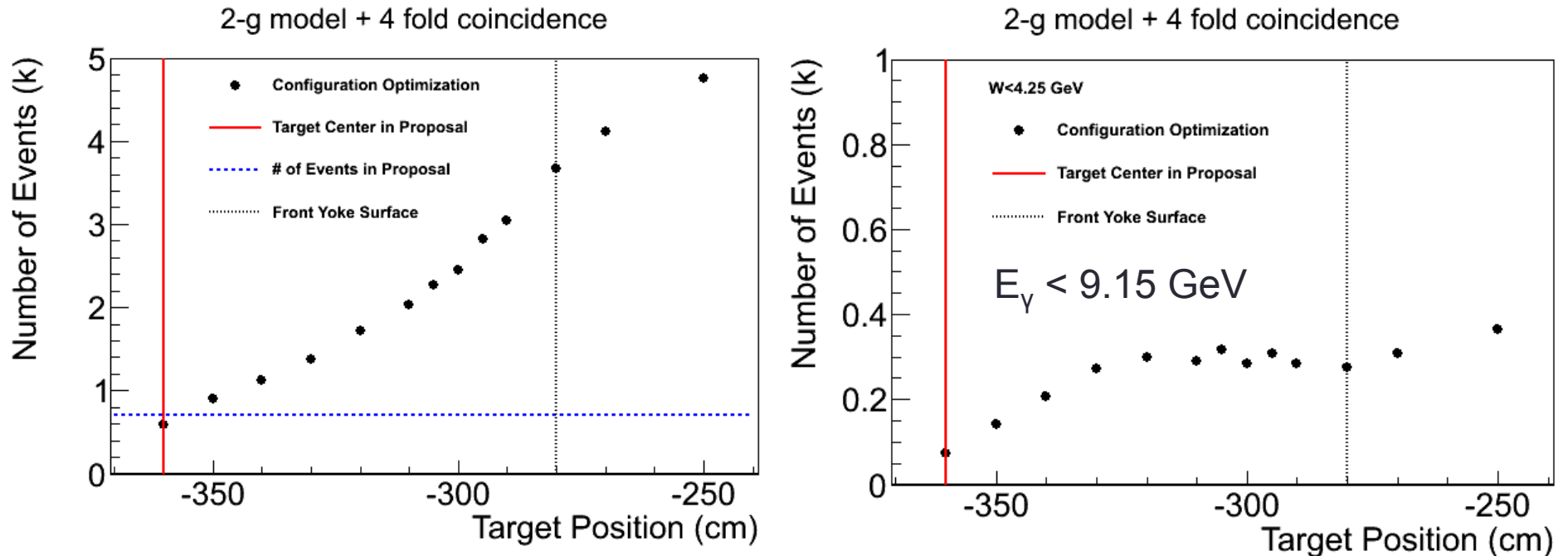
- How to better illustrate this one?
- Shielding or/and removing detectors!

SoLID J/ ψ



- Similar design as SIDIS
- DAQ: **Triple Coincidence Trigger**
 - scattered electron, decay electron and decay positron from $J/\psi \sim 3$ kHz
 - 3 clusters in calorimeters

Configuration Optimization (Zhiwen)



CLEO configuration:

Assume J/ψ target center at -300 cm,

require ~ **4.5%** increment in GEM area

No additional changes to SIDIS configuration

Factor of **3** increment in FOM

Potential conflict between yoke and target chamber

Program Summary

Table 1: Program Summary

Experiments	PVDIS	SIDIS- ³ He	SIDIS-Proton	J/ψ
Reaction channel	$p(\vec{e}, e')X$	$(e, e'\pi^\pm)$	$(e, e'\pi^\pm)$	$e + p \rightarrow e' + J/\Psi(e^-, e^+) + p$
Approved number of days	169	125	120	60
Target	LH ₂ /LD ₂	³ He	NH ₃	LH ₂
Unpolarized luminosity ($cm^{-2}s^{-1}$)	$0.5 \times 10^{39} / 1.3 \times 10^{39}$	$\sim 10^{37}$	$\sim 10^{36}$	$\sim 10^{37}$
Momentum coverage (GeV/c)	1.5-5.0	0.8-7.0	0.8-7.0	0.6-7.0
Momentum resolution	$\sim 2\%$	$\sim 2\%$	$\sim 2\%$	$\sim 2\%$
Polar angle coverage (degrees)	21-36	7.5-24	7.5-24	7.5-24
Polar angle resolution	1 mr	0.6 mr	0.6 mr	0.6 mr
Azimuthal angle resolution	-	5 mr	5 mr	5 mr
Trigger type	Single e^-	Coincidence $e^- + \pi^\pm$	Coincidence $e^- + \pi^\pm$	Triple coincidence $e^- e^- e^+$
Expected DAQ rates	$\sim 15 \text{ kHz} \times 30$	$< 100 \text{ kHz}$	$\sim 10 \text{ kHz}$	$\sim 3 \text{ kHz}$
Backgrounds	Negative Pions	$(e, \pi^- \pi^\pm)$ $(e, e' K^\pm)$	$(e, \pi^- \pi^\pm)$ $(e, e' K^\pm)$	B-H process Random coincidence
Major requirements	Radiation hardness 0.4% Polarimetry π^- contamination Q ² calibration	Radiation hardness Detector resolution Kaon contamination DAQ	Shielding of <i>sheet-of-flame</i> Target spin flip Kaon contamination	Radiation hardness Detector resolution

Missing anything?

Detector Summary

Table 2: Detector Summary

Experiments	PVDIS	SIDIS- ³ He	SIDIS-Proton	J/ψ
Target	LH ₂ /LD ₂	³ He	NH ₃	LH ₂
Length	40 cm	40 cm	3 cm	15 cm
Target Polarization	N/A	>60%	>70%	N/A
Target Spin Flip	N/A	≤20 mins	≤4 hours	N/A
GEM Tracking Chambers	Four chambers	Six chambers	Six chambers	Six chambers
E&M calorimeter	Forward angle	Forward + Large angle	Forward + Large angle	Forward + Large angle
Light Gas Cerenkov	107 cm long	2.04 m long	2.04 m long	2.04 m long
Baffles	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
Heavy Gas Cerenkov	N/A	0.9 m long	0.9 m long	N/A
MRPC (TOF)	N/A	80 ps resolution	80 ps resolution	80 ps resolution
Beam Polarimetry	0.4% determination	a few %	a few %	N/A
Target Polarimetry	N/A	~ 3%	~ 3%	N/A
DAQ	Single trigger	Coincidence trigger	Coincidence trigger	Coincidence trigger

- Missing anything?
- Geometry of Calorimeter and GEMs?