

# Study of SoLID Baffle, Background and Trigger

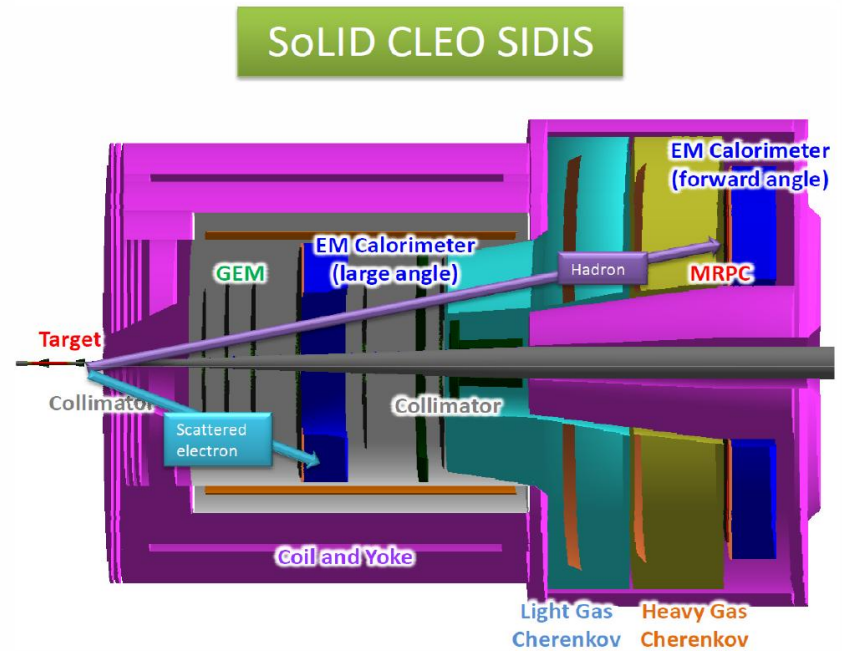
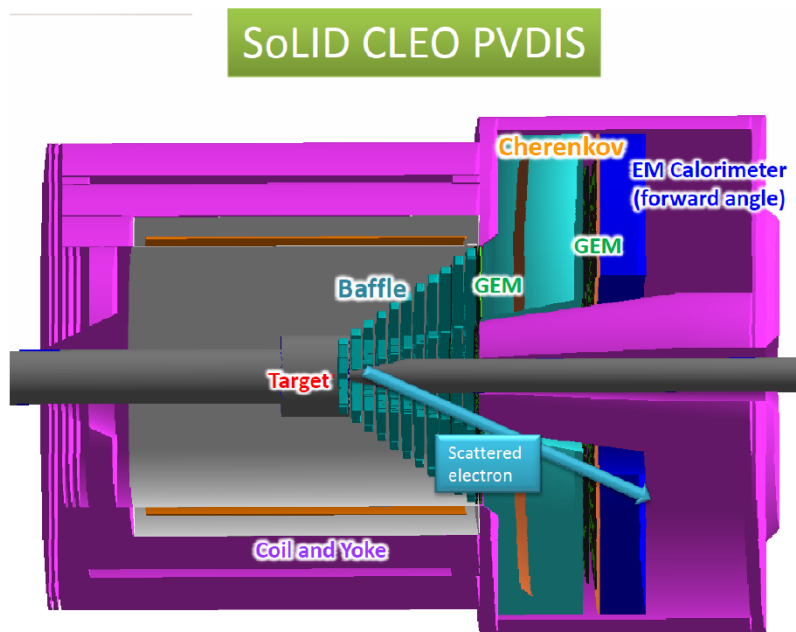
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2014/07/09

# SoLID (Solenoidal Large Intensity Device)

- Unique device combines large acceptance and high intensity
- Optimize the design accordingly



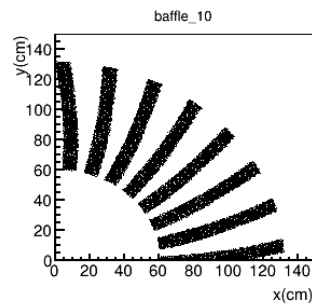
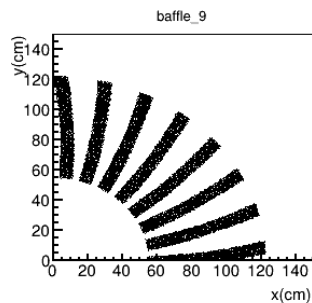
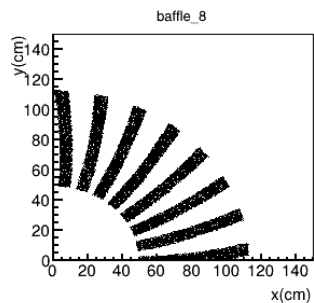
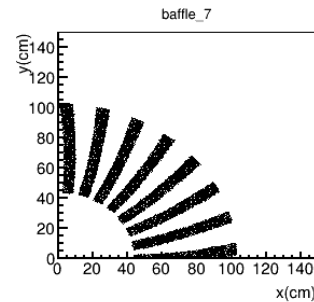
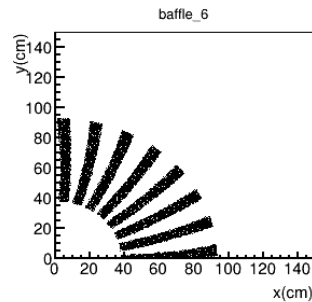
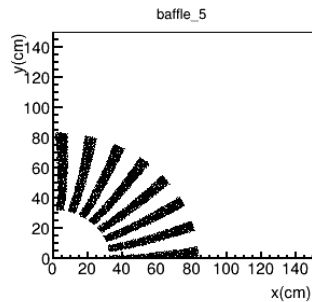
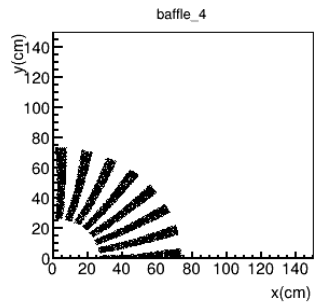
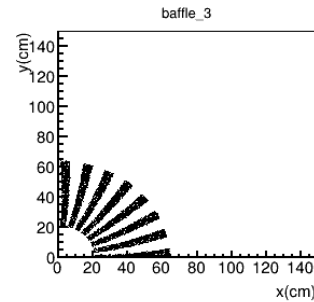
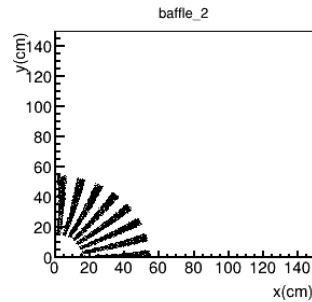
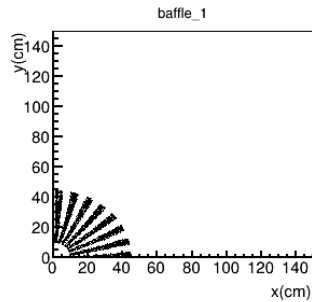
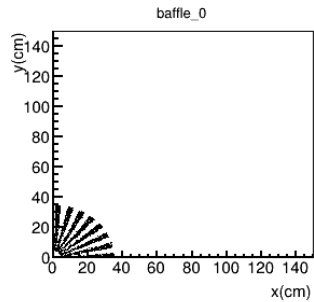
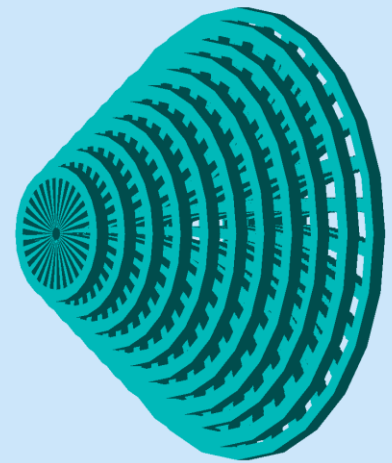
# Estimation of Radiation and Luminosity

	PVDIS	SIDIS <sup>3</sup> He
Beam	50uA	15uA
Target	LD2 40cm	10amg He3 40cm
Window	Al 2*100um	Glass 2*120um
Radiation length (target)	5.4e-2	0.8e-3
Radiation length (window)	2.25e-3	3.4e-3
Radiation length (total)	5.6e-2	4.2e-3
Luminosity (target)	1.27e39	3e36
Luminosity (window)	1e37	3.7e36
Luminosity (total)	1.27e39	6.7e36
Comment	baffle	target window collimator

# PVDIS Baffle

1<sup>st</sup> to 11<sup>th</sup>, 9cm thick lead plane each

Placed right after the target, enough material to block photons, pions and secondary particles.

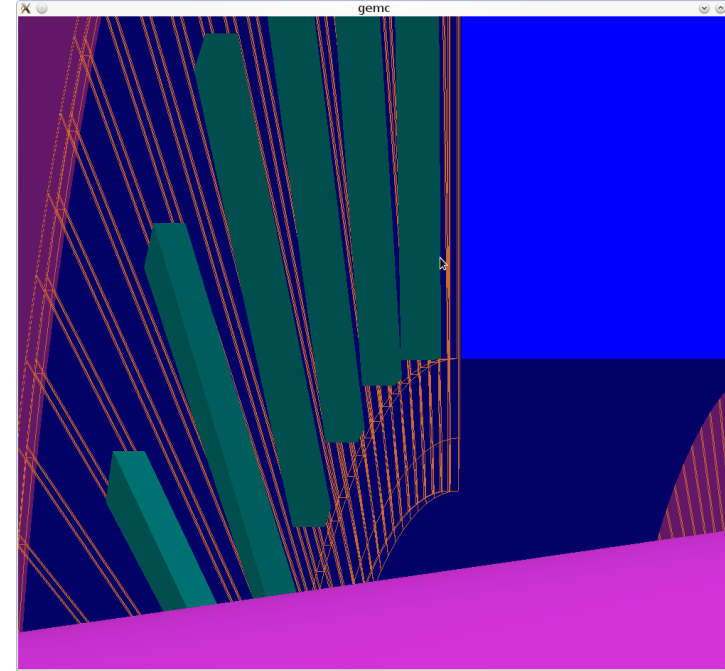


Design guideline:  
Follow charge particle bending in  
SoLID CLEO field, preserve the  
same azimuthal slice and  
block line of sight

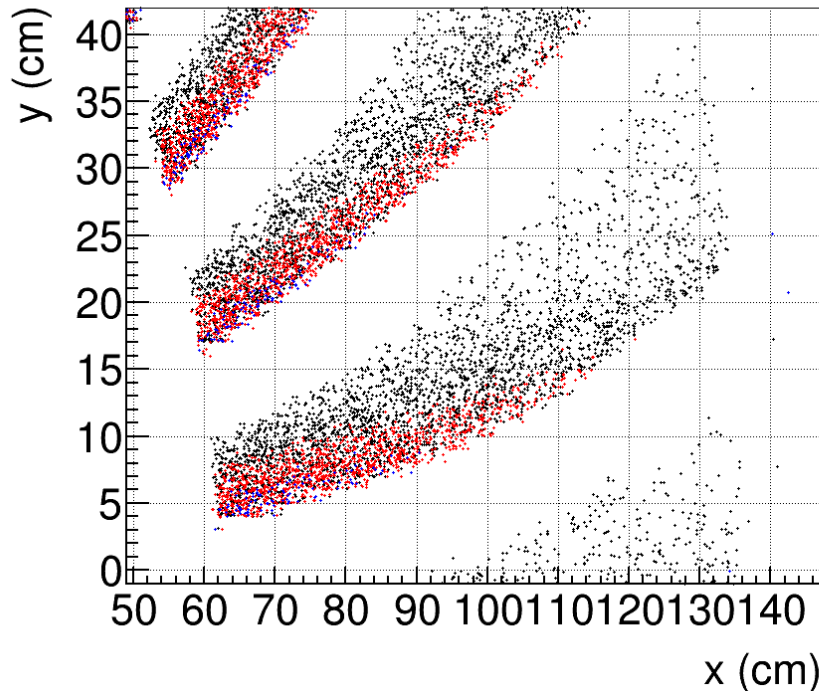
# PVDIS Baffle

12<sup>th</sup>, 5cm lead plane  
(EC photon block)

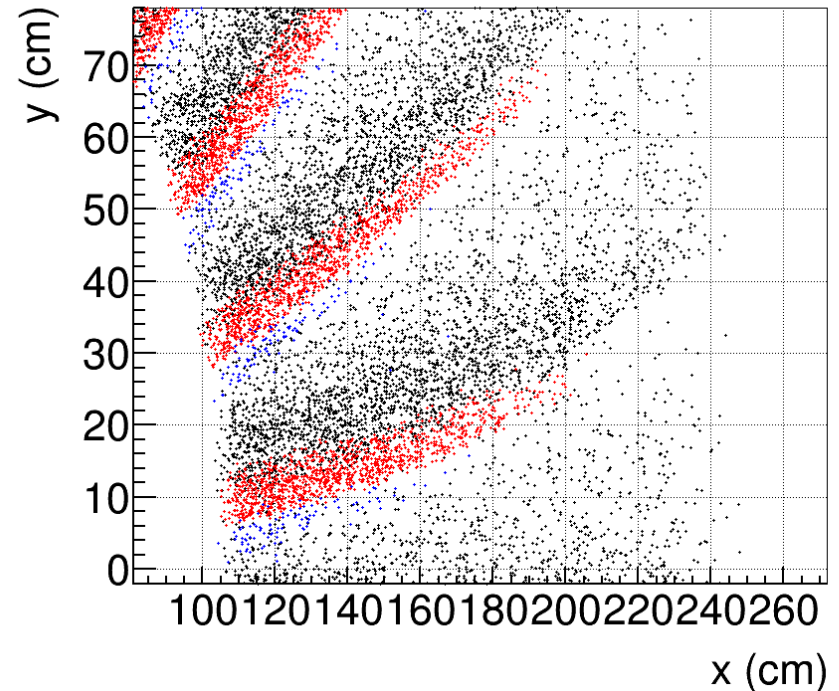
High energy electrons has least bending, only separate from photons before EC



hits behind 11th baffle (black(-),red(0),blue(+))

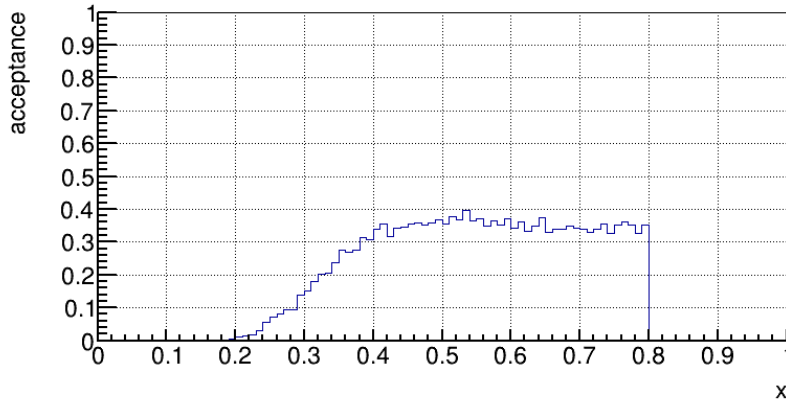
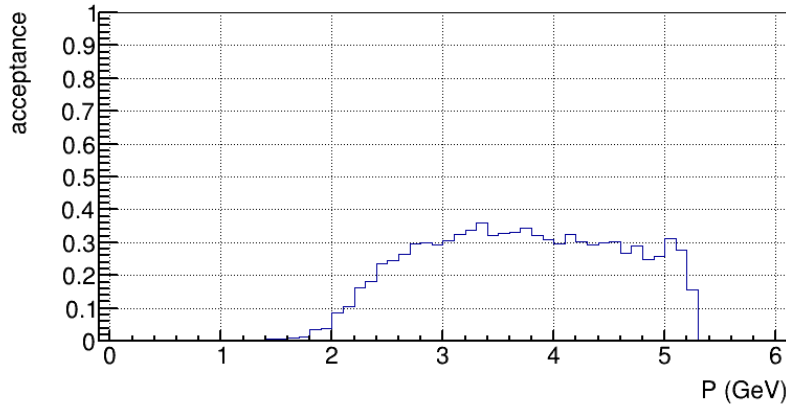


hits before FAEC (black(-),red(0),blue(+))

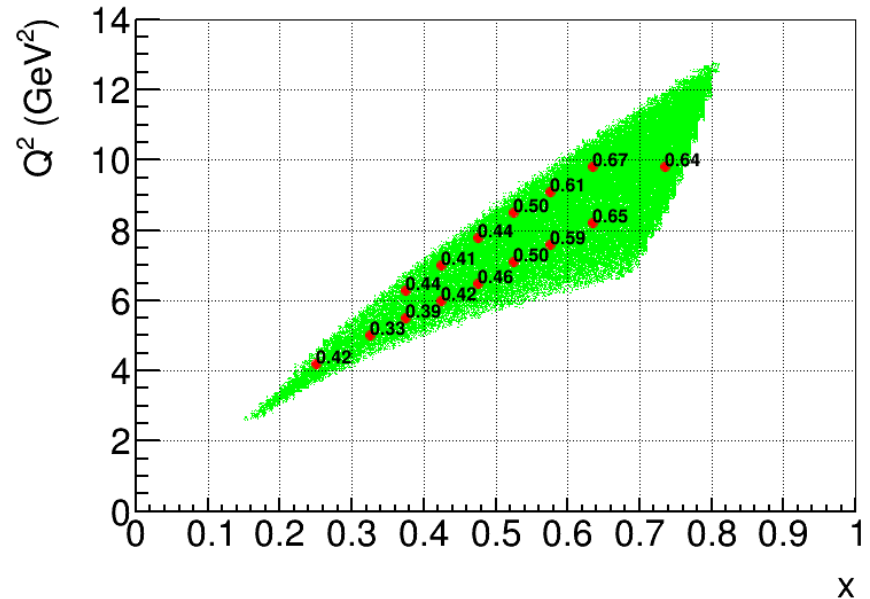


# PVDIS Baffle: Impact on e(DIS)

- e(DIS) flat ~30% acceptance at high P and high x
- Ensure good FOM

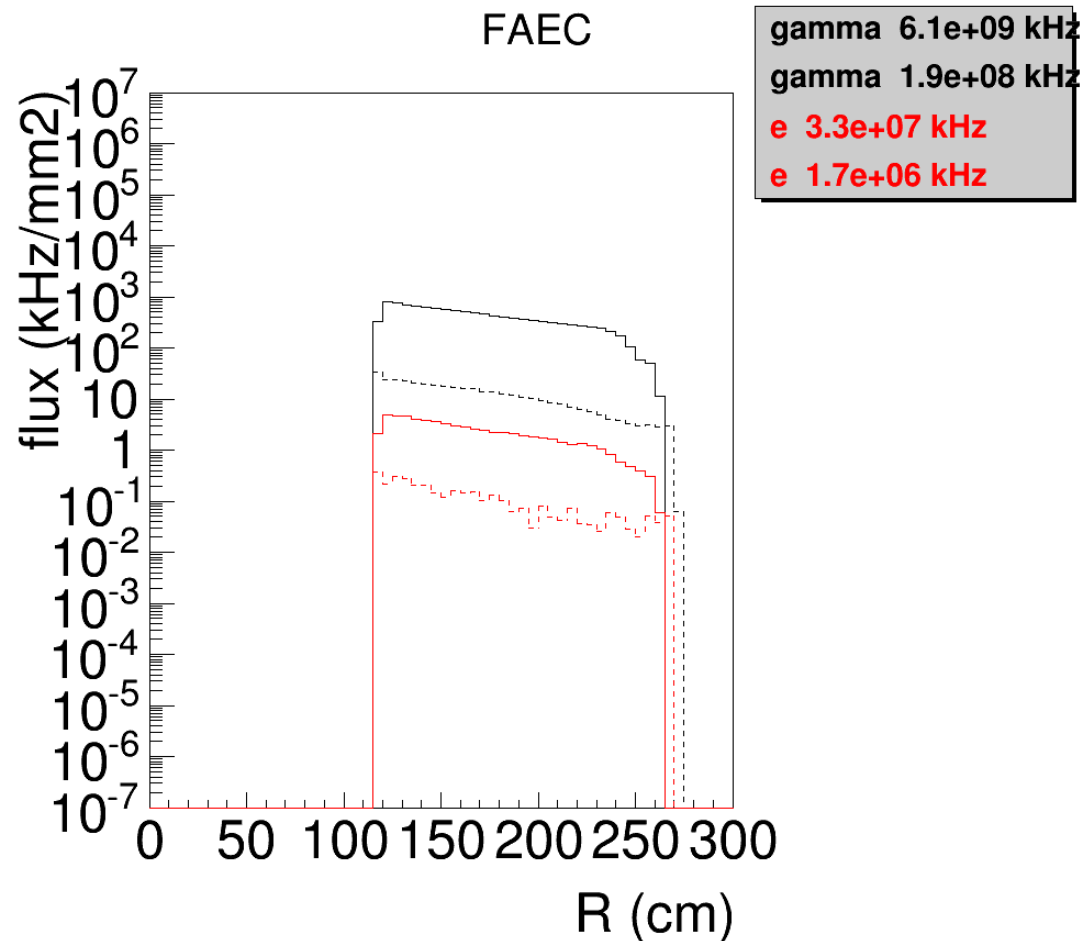


Asymmetry Uncertainty (%) with 120 days of 85% polarized 50uA electron beam on 40cm LD2 target



# PVDIS Baffle: Impact on Background

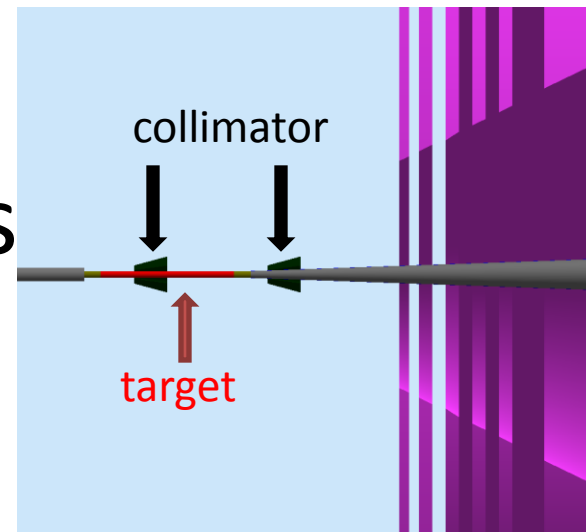
EM background on FAEC reduce by factor 20 - 30



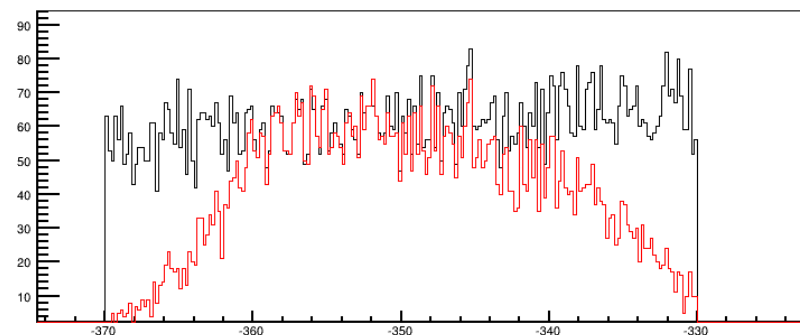
# SIDIS $^3\text{He}$

## Target window Collimators

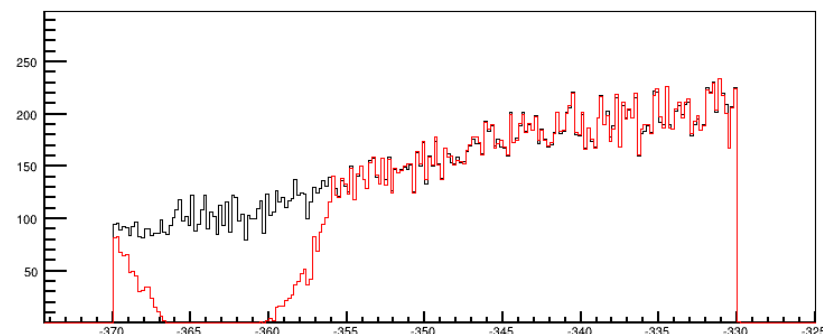
- A pair of Tungsten collimators are optimized to block both low energy EM particles and hadrons from target windows into forward angle detectors
- The accepted particles at forward angle and large angle EC are shown with (**red**) and without (**black**) the collimators



EC forward angle



EC large angle





# Background Study Procedure

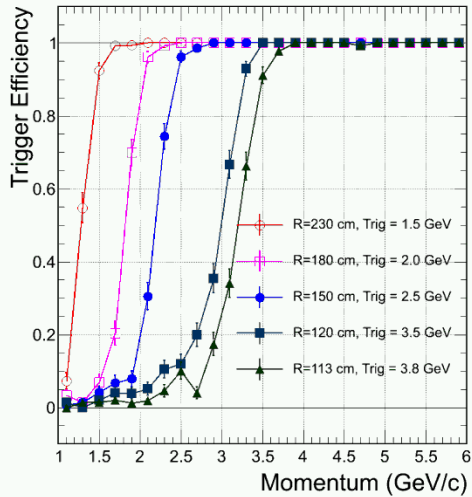
- SoLID full setup in GEMC (Geant4) with realistic materials
- EM background produced from 11GeV e- on different targets, according to the physics models in Geant4
- Hadron background, generated from event generators (Wiser fit) on both target and target windows, then passed into GEMC to produce secondary particles according to the physics models in Geant4

# Trigger Rate Study Procedure

- Use simulation results from the background study
- Different detectors with trigger conditions
- Estimate trigger rate from individual detectors
- Estimate random coincidence trigger rate from a set of detectors

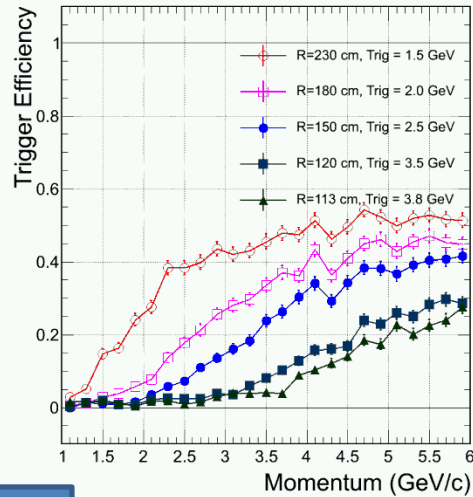
# PVDIS FAEC Radius-dependent Trigger

Electron

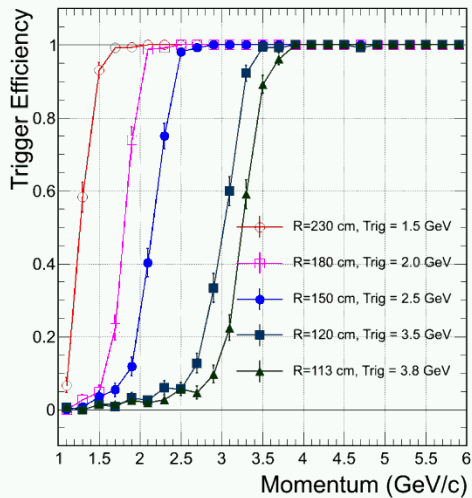


high

Pion

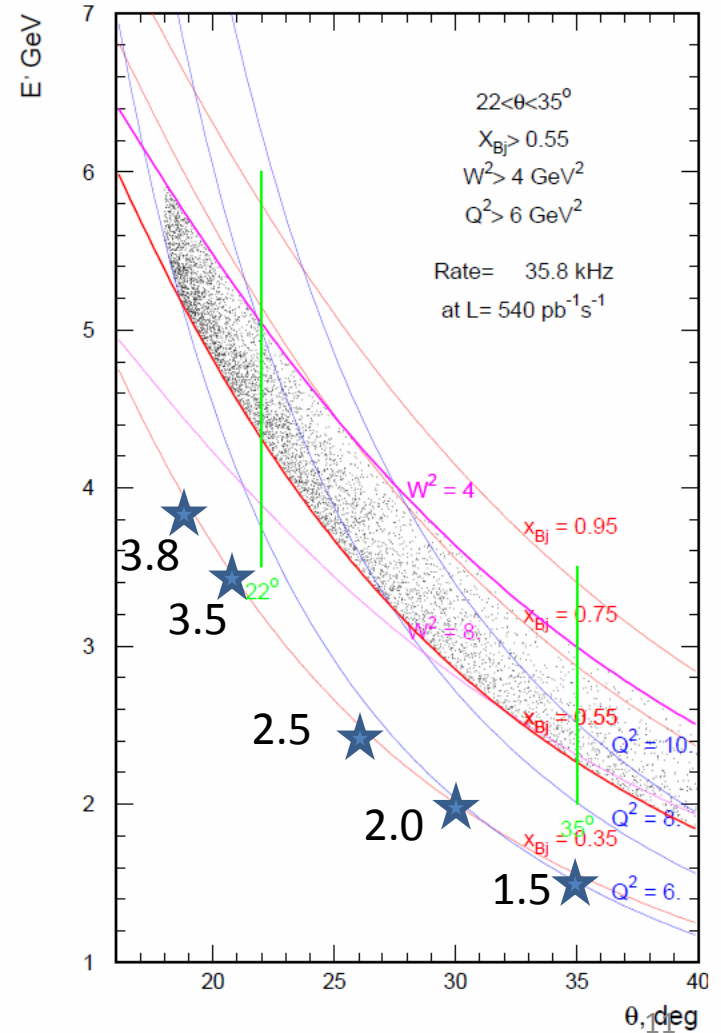
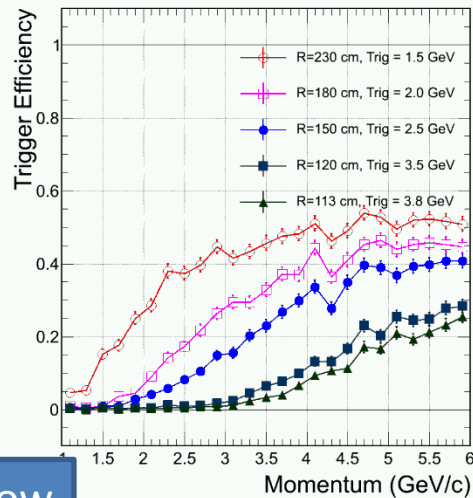


Electron



low

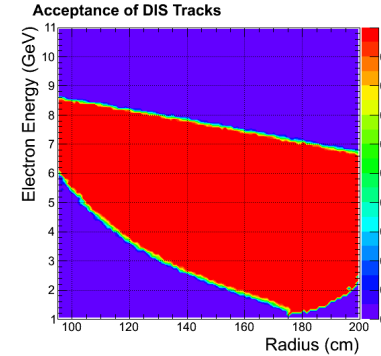
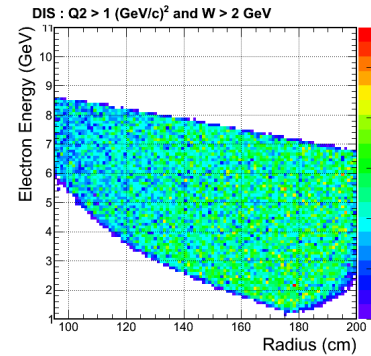
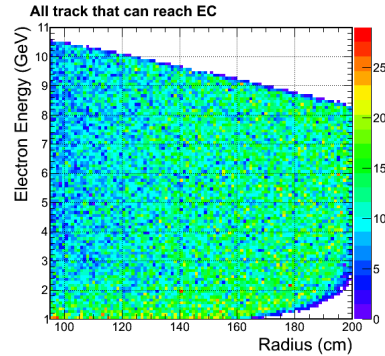
Pion



# SIDIS $^3\text{He}$ FAEC Radius-dependent Electron Trigger

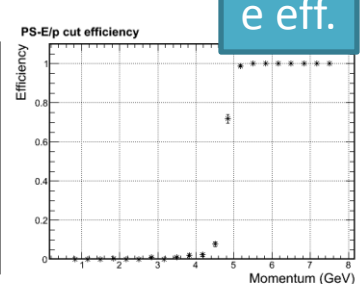
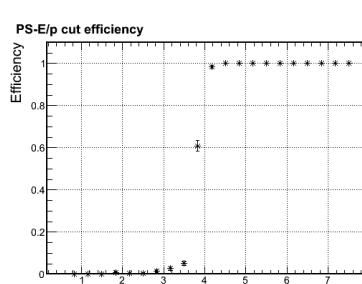
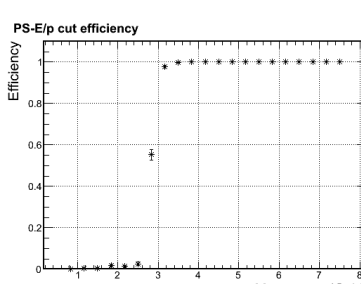
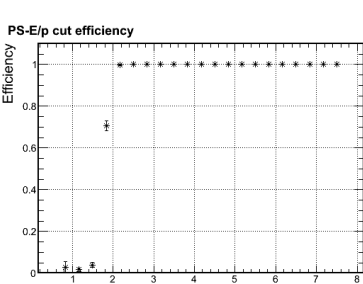
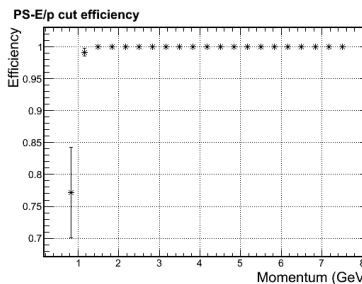
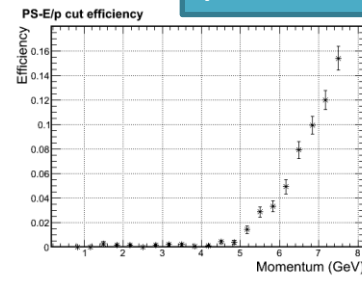
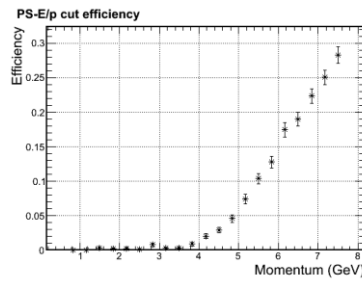
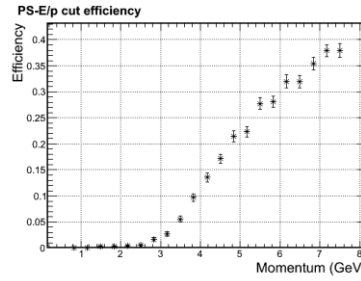
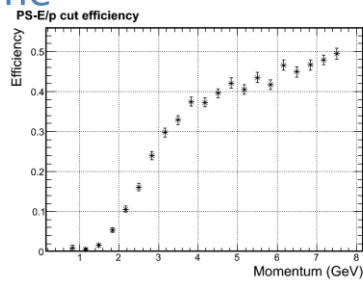
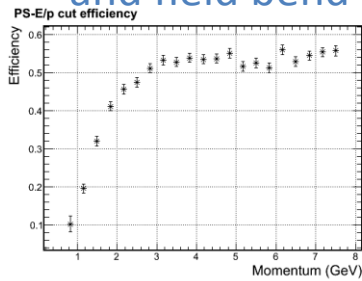
e(DIS) acceptance for SoLID CLEO and 40 long target

Radius(cm)	P Threshold (GeV)
90 - 105	5.0
105 - 115	4.0
115 - 130	3.0
130 - 150	2.0
150 - 200	1.0
200 - 230	2.0



6 point cut, right on  $Q^2=1$  line and field bend line

pion eff.



e eff.

# PVDIS FAEC Trigger Rate

region	full	high	low
rate entering the EC (kHz)			
$e^-$	413	148	265
$\pi^-$	$5.1 \times 10^5$	$2.7 \times 10^5$	$2.4 \times 10^5$
$\pi^+$	$2.1 \times 10^5$	$1.0 \times 10^5$	$1.2 \times 10^5$
$\gamma(\pi^0)$	$8.4 \times 10^7$	$4.2 \times 10^7$	$4.3 \times 10^7$
$p$	$5.5 \times 10^4$	$2.4 \times 10^4$	$3.1 \times 10^4$
sum	$8.5 \times 10^7$	$4.2 \times 10^7$	$4.3 \times 10^7$
trigger rate for $p > 1$ GeV (kHz)			
$e^-$	321	80	231
$\pi^-$	$4.8 \times 10^3$	$3.4 \times 10^3$	$1.4 \times 10^3$
$\pi^+$	$0.28 \times 10^3$	$0.11 \times 10^3$	$0.17 \times 10^3$
$\gamma(\pi^0)$	4	4	0
$p$	$0.18 \times 10^3$	$0.10 \times 10^3$	$0.08 \times 10^3$
sum	$5.6 \times 10^3$	$3.7 \times 10^3$	$1.9 \times 10^3$
trigger rate for $p < 1$ GeV (kHz)			
sum	$(3.1 \pm 0.7) \times 10^3$	$(1.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^3$	$(1.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^3$
Total trigger rate (kHz)			
total	$(8.7 \pm 0.7) \times 10^3$	$(5.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^3$	$(3.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^3$

# PVDIS Trigger Rate

- PVDIS setup has 30 sectors, rates below are for one sector
- 0.29MHz EC trigger rate
- 2MHz Cherenkov trigger rate
- EC+LGCC within a 30ns window

$$20 \text{ kHz} = 0.29\text{MHz} * 2\text{Mhz} * 30\text{e-9ns}$$

# SIDIS $^3\text{He}$ FAEC and LAEC Trigger Rate

region	FAEC	LAEC
rate entering the EC (kHz)		
$e^-$	93.4	18.7
$\pi^-$	$5.36 \times 10^3$	$1.55 \times 10^4$
$\pi^+$	$5.96 \times 10^3$	$1.66 \times 10^4$
$\gamma(\pi^0)$	$1.52 \times 10^5$	$2.43 \times 10^5$
$e(\pi^0)$	$6.52 \times 10^3$	$2.04 \times 10^3$
$p$	$1.86 \times 10^3$	$6.16 \times 10^3$
electron trigger rate (kHz)		
$e^-$	74.2	11.68
$\pi^-$	500	5.16
$\pi^+$	548	5.12
$\gamma(\pi^0)$	896	12.5
$e(\pi^0)$	43	0.14
$p$	109	2.15
sum	2170	36.75
MIP trigger rate (kHz)		
$e^-$	93.4	
$\pi^-$	5240	
$\pi^+$	5800	
$\gamma(\pi^0)$	6760	
$e(\pi^0)$	772	
$p$	1732	
sum	$2 \times 10^4$	

# SIDIS $^3\text{He}$ Trigger Rate

Within a 30ns window, reduction factors are

LGCC	~50 (pion,proton)
MRPC+SPD	~20 (gamma)
SPD	~5 (gamma)

- FAEC electron trigger rate  
2170 kHz  $\rightarrow$  129.7 kHz (LGCC and MRPC+SPD)
- LAEC electron trigger rate  
37 kHz  $\rightarrow$  25.5 kHz (SPD)
- FAEC charged particle (MIP) trigger rate  
20 MHz  $\rightarrow$  14 MHz (MRPC+SPD)
- Radom coincidence trigger rate combining electron and charged particle trigger within a 30ns window  
 $65.2\text{kHz} = (129.7+25.5)\text{kHz} * 14\text{MHz} * 30\text{ns}$



# Summary

- Both SoLID SIDIS and PVDIS setups are designed to handle the required luminosity
- It could be extended to other physics which needs such luminosity