

SoLID Software Framework

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Software Framework Planning

- Need specifications for (at least) each of
 - ▶ Simulation
 - ▶ Digitization
 - ▶ Databases
 - ▶ File formats
 - ▶ Reconstruction Framework
 - ▶ Calibrations
 - ▶ Physics Analysis
- Formed working group w/ Simulation and Reconstruction subgroups
 - ▶ Bi-weekly meetings over the summer
 - ▶ Considered Hall A/B/D/Phenix & EIC frameworks for ideas
 - ▶ Developing specifications
 - ▶ Computing document being drafted (Private JeffersonLab/SoLID-docs-softspec repository on GitHub)
- Intended to meet **long term goals**

Simulation & Digitization Wishlist

- Package: GEMC (Hall B). Required SoLID modifications
 - ▶ Add interface to SoLID database system
 - ▶ Store relevant database parameters & metadata in output
 - ▶ Ensure **database consistency** between simulation, digitization and reconstruction, esp. geometry
- Generators etc. → Seamus's talk, next
- Digitization
 - ▶ Separate, standalone package
 - ▶ Could run within reconstruction framework
 - ▶ Develop long-term implementation after reconstruction framework in place
 - ▶ Include trigger emulation and hardware-level digitization (e.g. ADC reading instead of amplitude etc.)
 - ▶ Write CODA (EVIO) output

Reconstruction Framework: Feature Wishlist I

- General: Based on **ROOT**, C++ throughout
- Try to combine best features of Hall A analyzer, Hall D framework and Phenix's Fun4All
- User experience
 - ▶ **Scriptable user-interface** (ROOT's interpreter)
 - ▶ Completely **configurable at runtime**
 - ★ Dynamic configuration of experimental setup, expandable via plugins for new hardware/detectors
 - ★ Flexible input sources and output formats
 - ★ User-configurable output contents
 - ▶ Data represented by **data objects** (streamable ROOT classes), produced by **data producers** ("factories"). Variables directly accessible from ROOT prompt for interactive analysis.
 - ▶ File formats: ROOT (all data classes), EVIO (CODA-type data only)
 - ▶ Support **multi-stage analysis**: DST files supported as both input and output
 - ▶ Self-describing output: DSTs contain database parameters and metadata from previous stages

Reconstruction Framework: Feature Wishlist II

- Technical
 - ▶ User-transparent **multithreading**
 - ▶ Probably should require ROOT 6, C++11
 - ▶ Minimize other software dependencies
 - ▶ Options to sync event stream at special events (it e.g. helicity flips, scalar events), or to preserve strict event ordering
 - ▶ Optimize for low memory per core (trend for new compute nodes), *i.e.* share read-only data (parameters etc.) across threads
- Simulation support
 - ▶ **Propagate and access MC truth data** for certain data classes (if input comes from MC)
 - ▶ Option for **substituting** any input data with MC truth data
 - ▶ Support for **mixing** data and MC events

Impressions of Hall D Framework (JANA)

● Likes

- ▶ Very **general concepts**. Any data in, any data out.
- ▶ Fine-grained control over analysis (at level of data objects)
- ▶ Design encourages good structuring of algorithms
- ▶ Analysis chain configures itself
- ▶ Plugin support
- ▶ Configuration parameters settable at run time
- ▶ Decent **multi-threading** & database support
- ▶ Very well commented code (in JANA, not DANA)

● Dislikes

- ▶ **Command line interface**. No scripting, everything must be (re)compiled. Design lends itself to hardcoding.
- ▶ Excessive reliance on templates. Design weaknesses affecting **performance**.
- ▶ Convoluted callback logic
- ▶ **Difficult to handle multiple instances of a detector type efficiently**.
- ▶ No output queue. **Output implementation largely left to user**.
- ▶ No test package
- ▶ **EVIO decoder** is not configurable, **hardcoded for Hall-D DAQ**

Some Concepts Stolen From JANA

- **Event sources**

- ▶ Completely **format-agnostic**
- ▶ Read events (whatever they are) from some sort of input (files, network, databases) into internal buffer (roughly a processing queue)
- ▶ **Multiple event sources** may be defined

- **Data Objects**

- ▶ Data structures representing information of interest (e.g. hits, clusters, tracks, PID likelihoods etc.)

- **Data Producers** (“Factories”)

- ▶ Algorithm classes
- ▶ Produce their data objects **exactly once per event** (unless persistence requested, then once per run)
- ▶ Request input data from other producers
- ▶ Lowest level data ultimately retrieved from event sources
- ▶ Run in threads, operating on thread context data

Data Objects: Toy Code

Hypothetical GEM Hit class

```
class GEMHit {
public:
    GEMHit() {}
protected:
    int strip;
    double position;
    double amplitude;
    ...
    ClassDef(GEMHit,1) // maybe not needed
};

class GEMHits : public DataObject {
public:
    GEMHits( const string& name ) : DataObject(name) {}
    virtual const char* GetClassName() { return "GEMHits"; }
    const vector<GEMHit>& GetHits() { return hits; }
protected:
    vector<GEMHit> hits;
    ClassDef(GEMHits,1)
};

// Retrieval perhaps like so:

GEMHits* hitobj = Get<GEMHits>("plane1.hits");
const vector<GEMHit>& hits = hitobj->GetHits();
// Process "hits" ...
```


Database Specs (preliminary)

- Single database of simple key/value pairs, accessible via a **generic API**
- Values stored as strings. User must know type.
- Indexed by **run number**, with support for **“variations”**
- Complex information stored as a set of **“core parameters”** (geometry) or **external references** (field map)
- Support for version control/parameter history
- Flexible backends. Hall B’s **CCDB** is the default backend.

Hall A Analyzer Database Example

Example Hall A DB File

```
[ 2015-02-01 14:30:00 ]
#-- Mapping
B.mwdc.planeconfig = u1 u1p x1 x1p v1 v1p
                   u2 x2 v2
                   u3 u3p x3 x3p v3 v3p

B.mwdc.cratemap = 3 6 21 1877 500 96
                 4 4 11 1877 500 96
                 4 17 24 1877 500 96

#-- Geometry
B.mwdc.nwires      = 200 # Default
B.mwdc.u1.nwires   = 141 # Fewer wires

B.mwdc.size        = 2.0 0.5 0.0
B.mwdc.x1.size     = 1.4 0.35 0.0

#-- Configuration
B.mwdc.u.maxmiss   = 5

#-- Calibrations
B.mwdc.x1.res      = 0.255

[ 2015-02-02 16:45:00 ]
# only changed parameters here ...
B.mwdc.x1.res      = 0.258
```

Podd 1.6+ Database Access

```
THaInterface.C:
// Set up default DB at program start, may override
THaDB* gHaDB = new THaFileDB( DB_DIR );

MyDetector::ReadDatabase( const TTimeStamp& date ) {
    DBRequest request[] = {
        { "planeconfig", &planeconfig, kString },
        { "MCdata",      &mc_data,      kInt,    0, 1 },
        { 0 }
    };
    Int_t err = LoadDB( date, request, fPrefix );
};
```

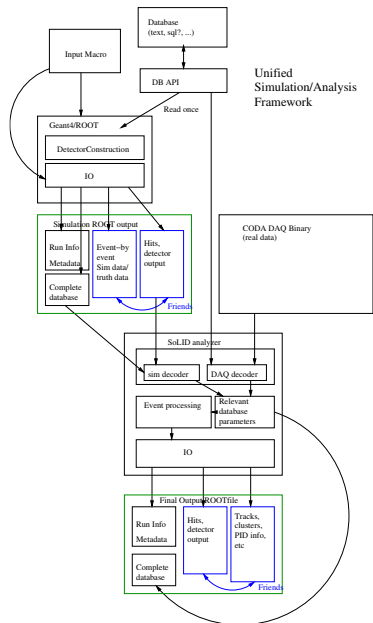
Unified simulation and analysis database API

General considerations

- Single common database abstraction
- Database holds “core parameters”, esp. for geometry information
- Each component expands these parameters to a suitable internal representation
- Store sets of core parameters (for relevant run numbers) as objects in output files

Database requirements

- Should be easy to set up a local database
- DB should contain change history
- DB should support “variations” and local overrides of parameters
- Hall B’s CCDB seems to fit the bill



Physics Analysis Scope, Specs (preliminary)

- Standard modules
 - ▶ Beam properties (position, helicity)
 - ▶ Calibrated detector data
 - ▶ Tracks, vertices
 - ▶ 4-vectors
 - ▶ PID, particle hypothesis likelihoods
 - ▶ Kinematical quantities for typical reactions
- Users may modify and extend provided methods (e.g. PID scheme, kinematics)
- Condition testing, event selection: Evaluate user-defined logical tests as input filter for each module and output (similar to Hall A analyzer test package)

Current Active Collaborators

- Ole Hansen, Alex Camsonne (JLab)
- Tom Hemmick, Seamus Riordan, Yuxiang Zhao (Stony Brook)
- Zhiwen Zhao, Zhihong Ye, Weizhi Xiong (Duke)
- Rich Holmes, Rakitha Beminiwattha (Syracuse)

Manpower Estimate

Task	Existing code (excl. ROOT)	FTE-years
Core reconstruction framework, ROOT file input and output, simulation APIs	Podd, JANA, Podd parallelization prototype code	7.5
Algorithms (tracking, calorimeter clustering, PID, physics analysis)	Various tracking prototypes, Hall D tracking, various clustering & PID implementations	12
Database API, backend, object streaming	Podd, CCDB	3
Decoders, EVIO input file support	Podd, JANA	4.5
Farm integration, testing, optimization	Halls B & D, JLab SciComp	1.5
Level 3 trigger	Hall D	3
Simulation integration (see Seamus's talk)	GEMC	9
Next-level simulation efforts & design iteration (see Seamus's talk)		4
Sum		44.5