

Density Measurement & Pressure Broadening

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Principle

TIME DEPENDENCE

SPECTRUM

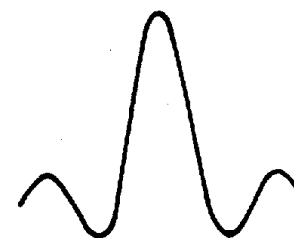
Infinite emit duration

A



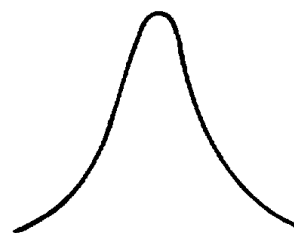
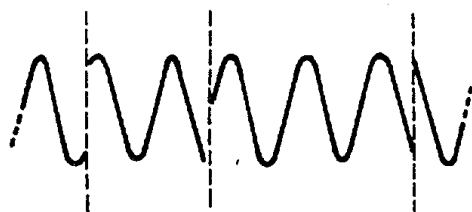
finite emit duration

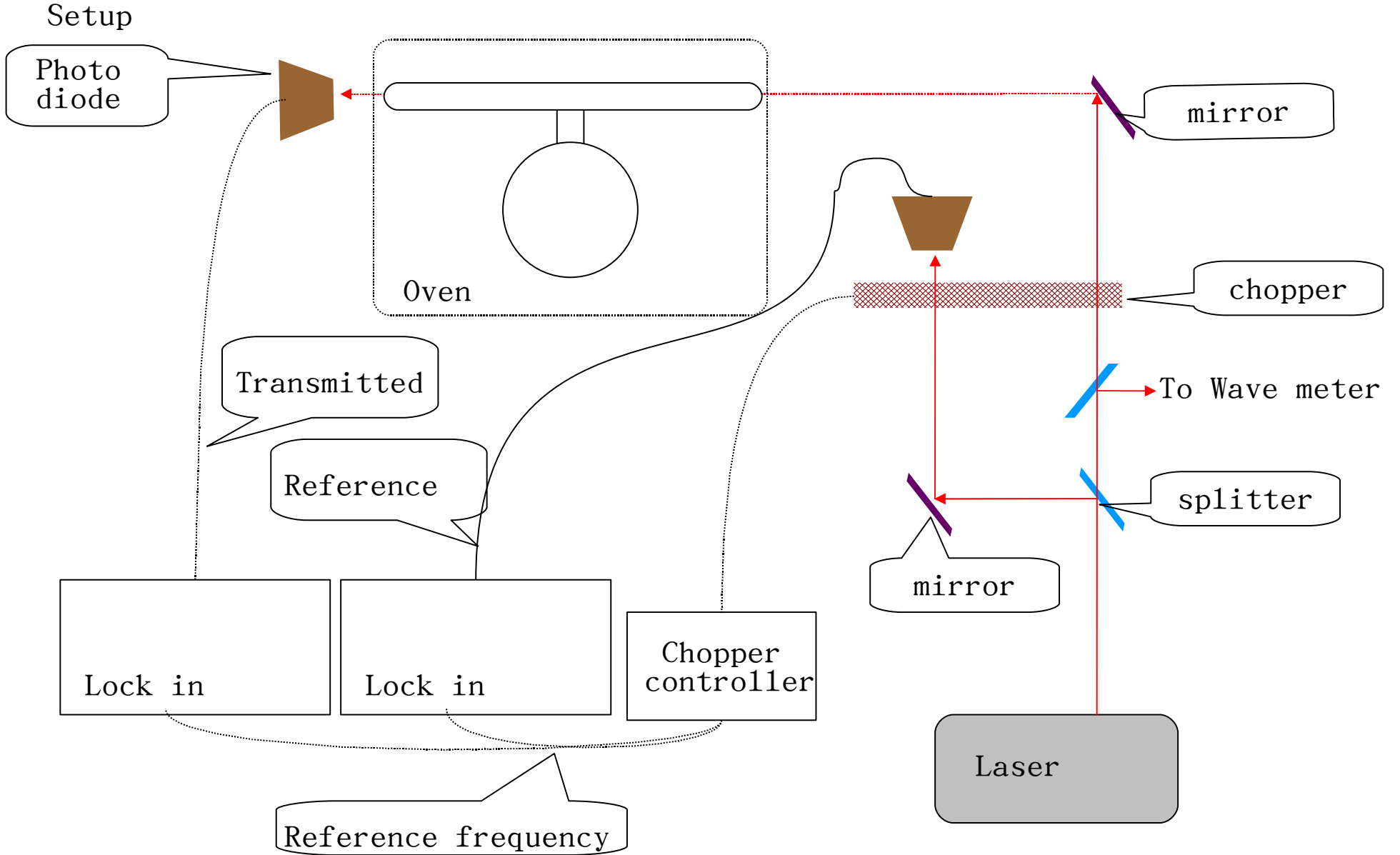
B



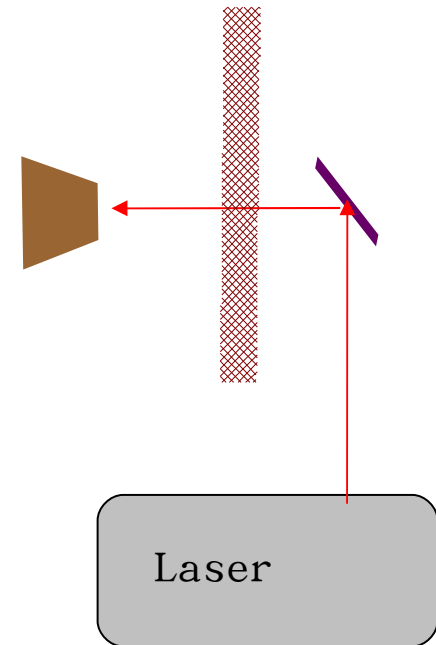
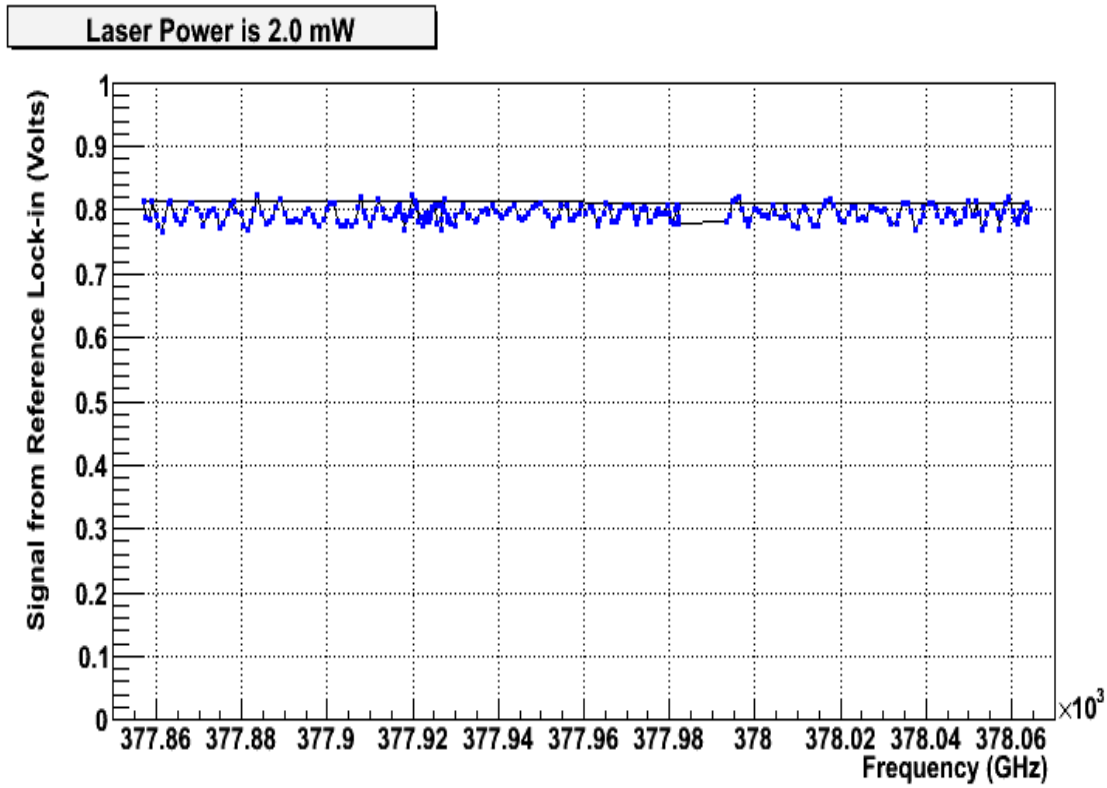
Interruption with a Poisson distribution of durations

C

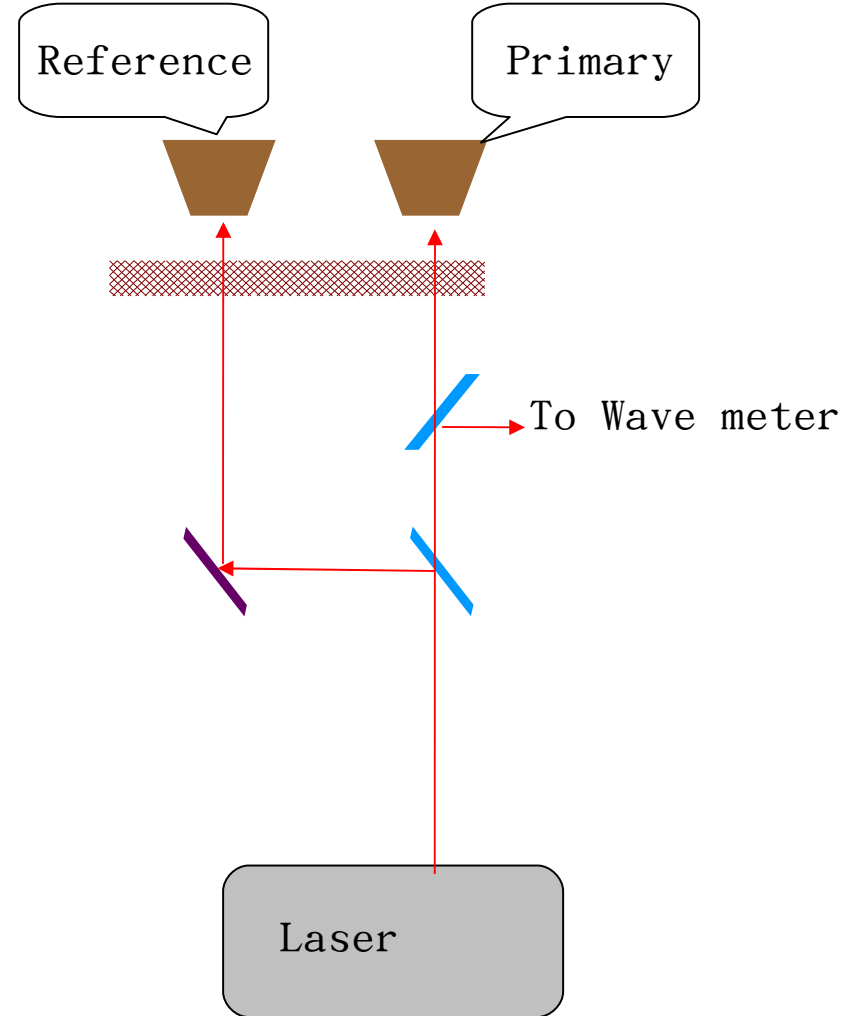
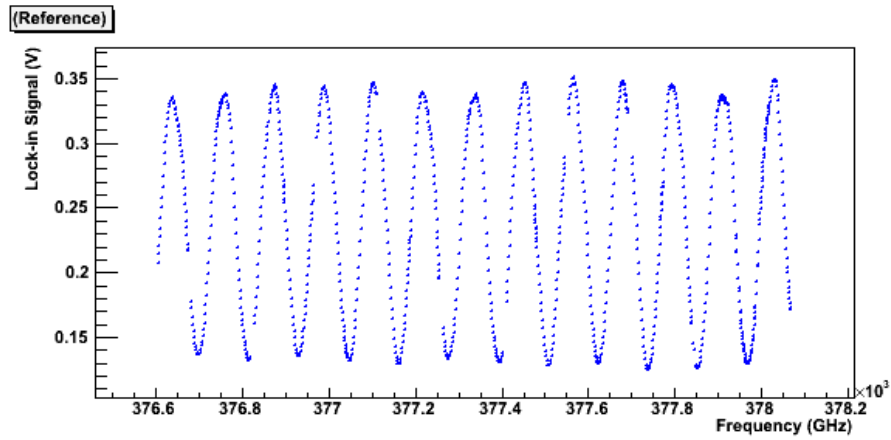
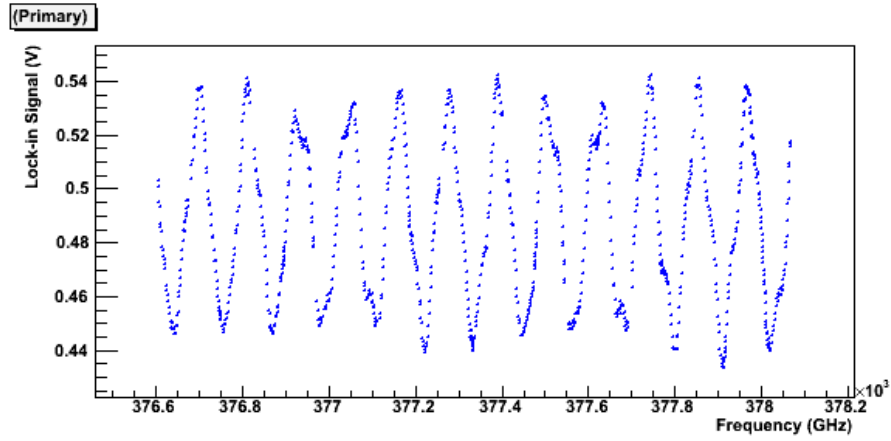




Oscillation

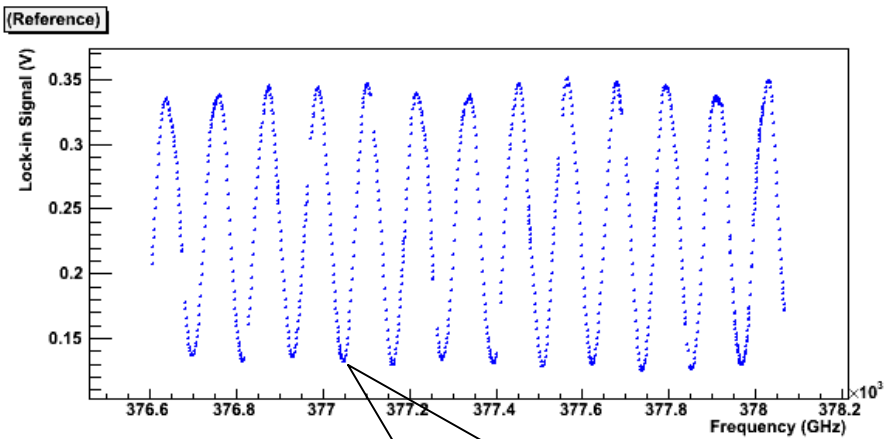
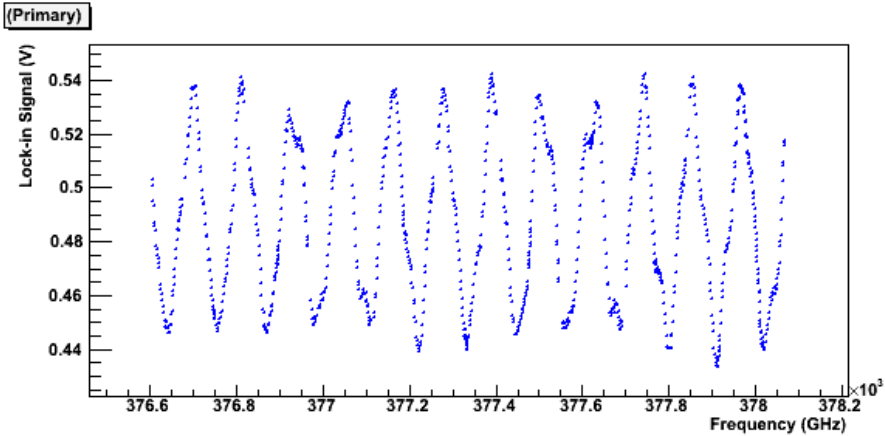


Oscillation

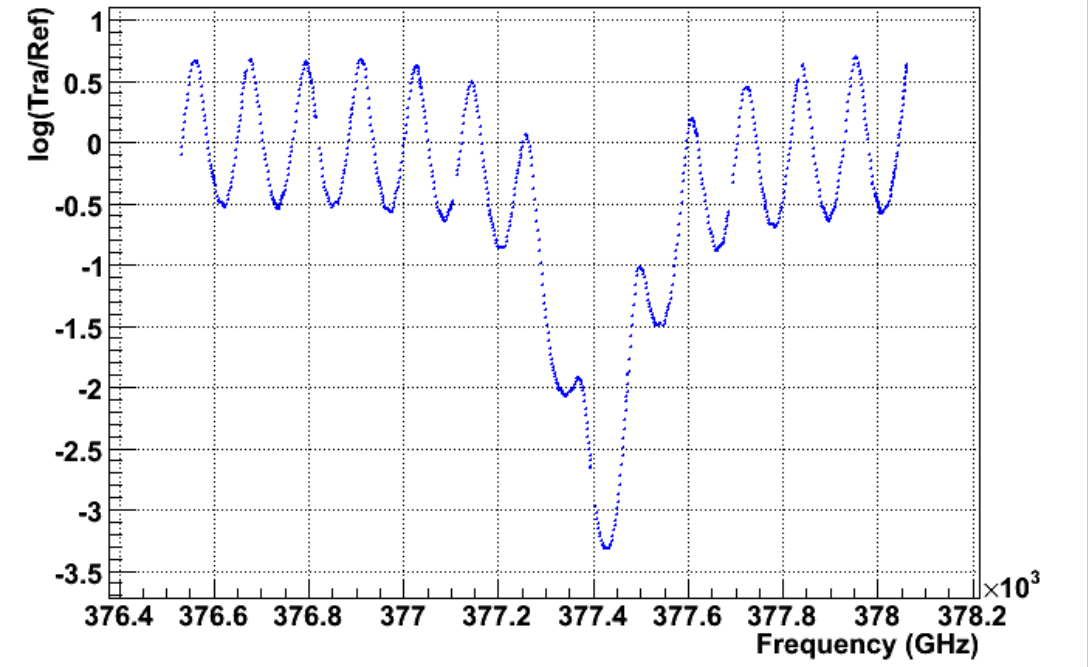


Oscillation

Feb26_3 Scan at 120.0C for Density Measurement

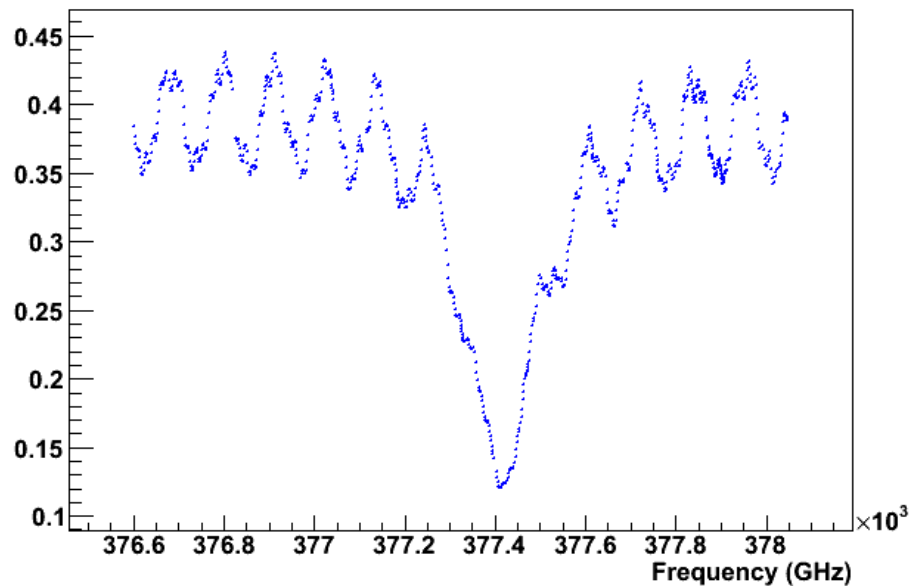


Inverse phase

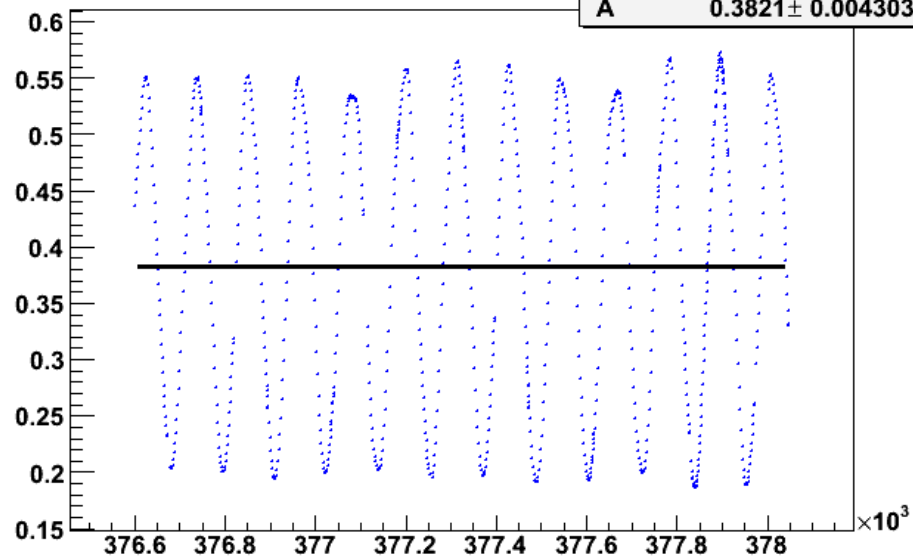


Oscillation will not be canceled but increased in final result.

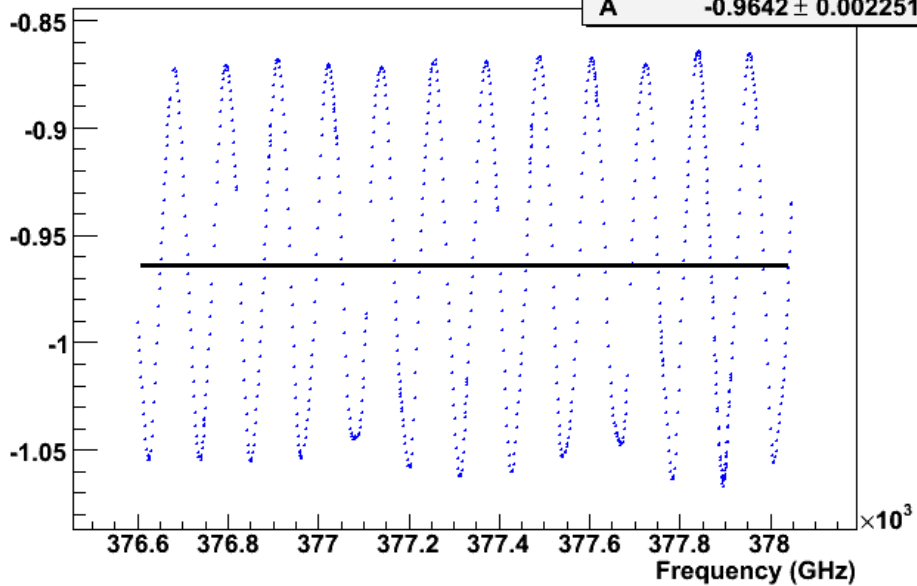
(Transmitted)



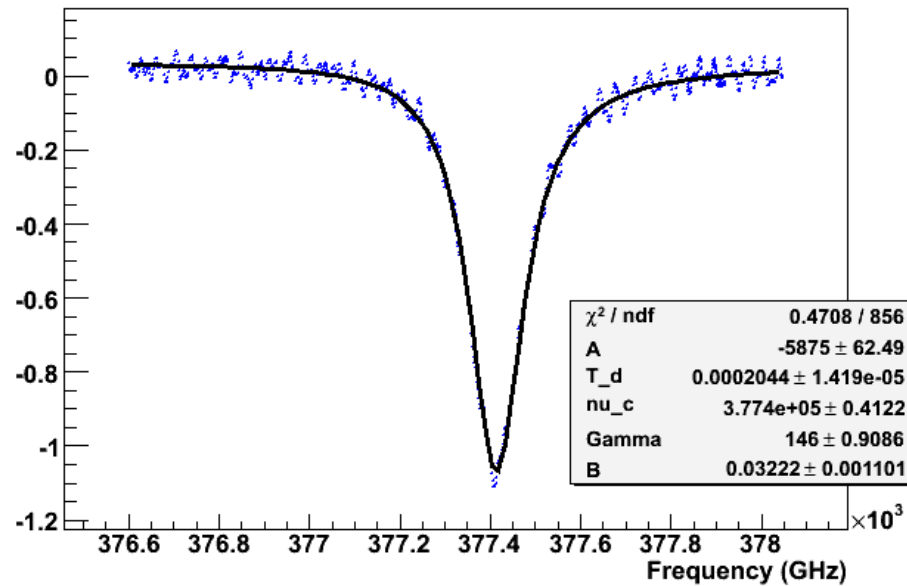
signal from reference



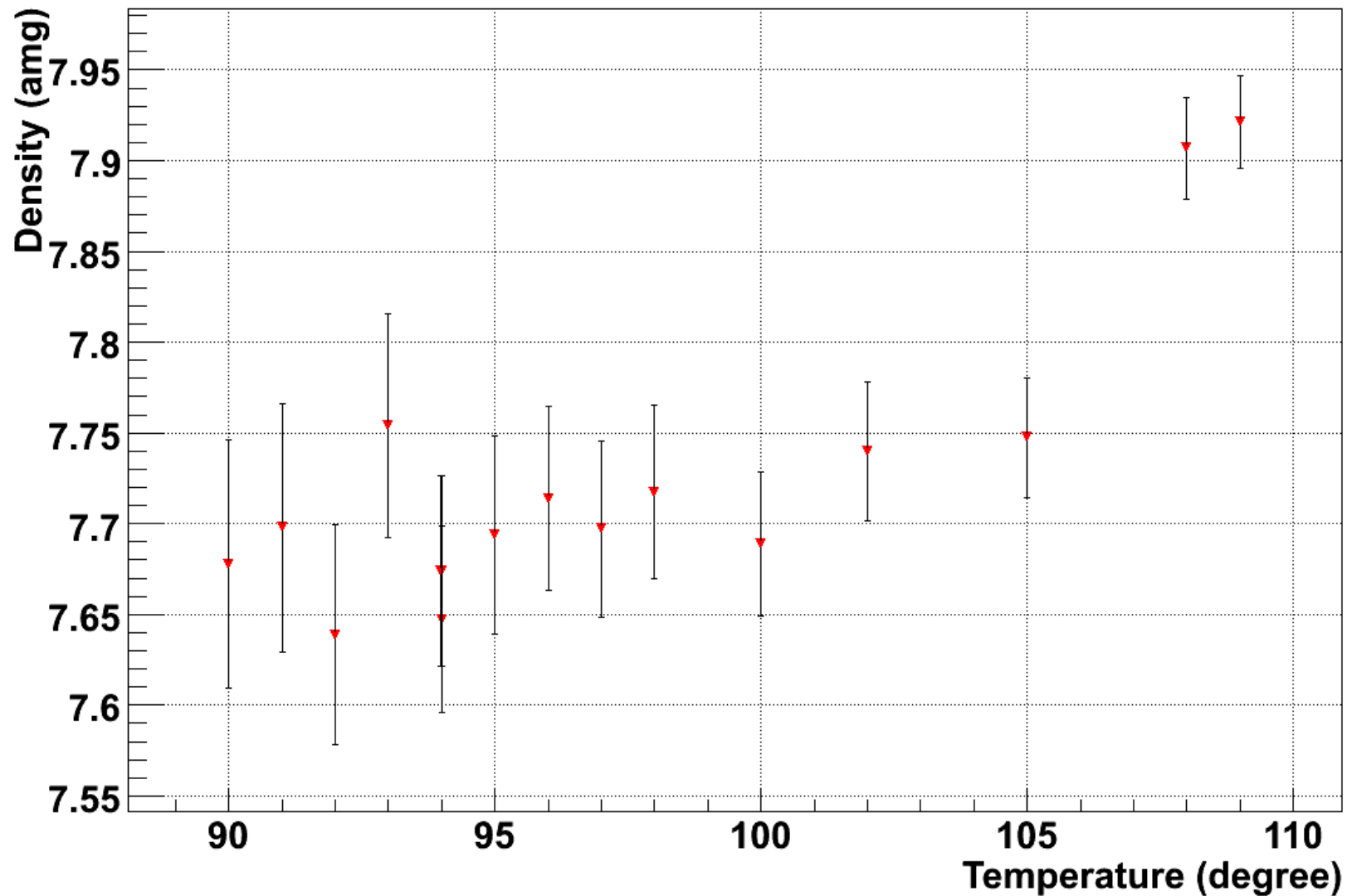
signal from inversed reference

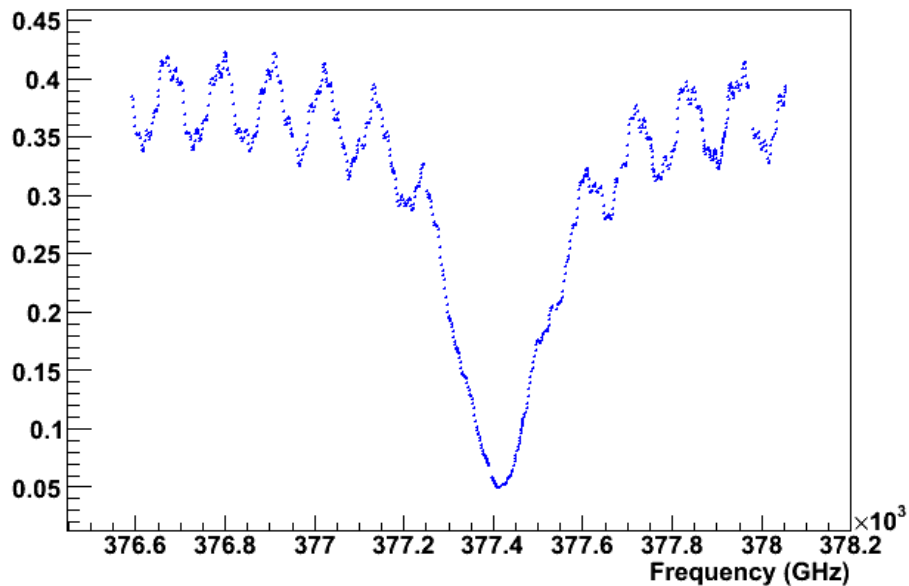
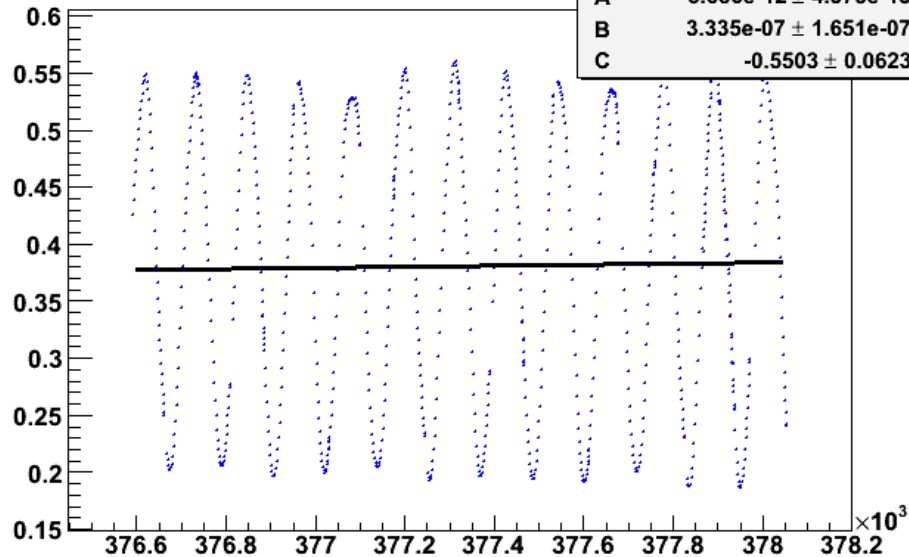
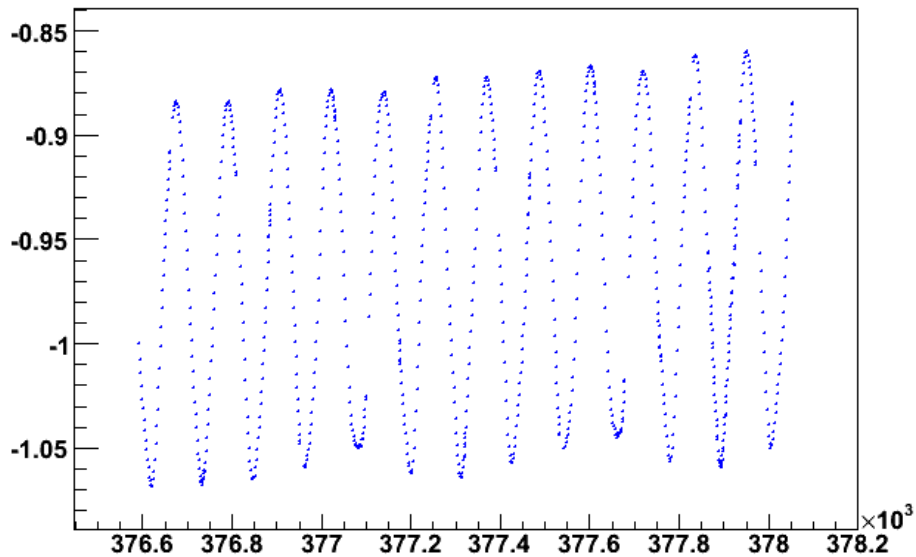
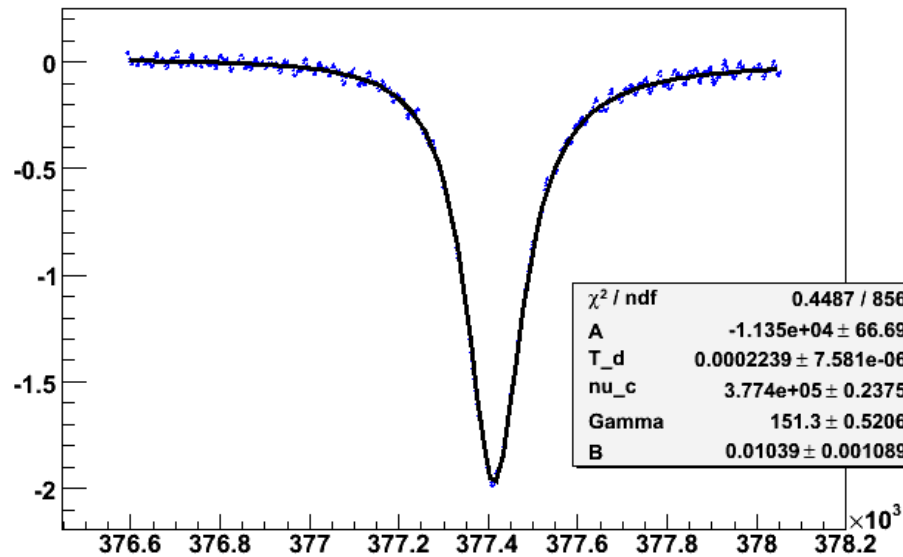


05Mar_1 Scan at 97.0C for Density Measurement



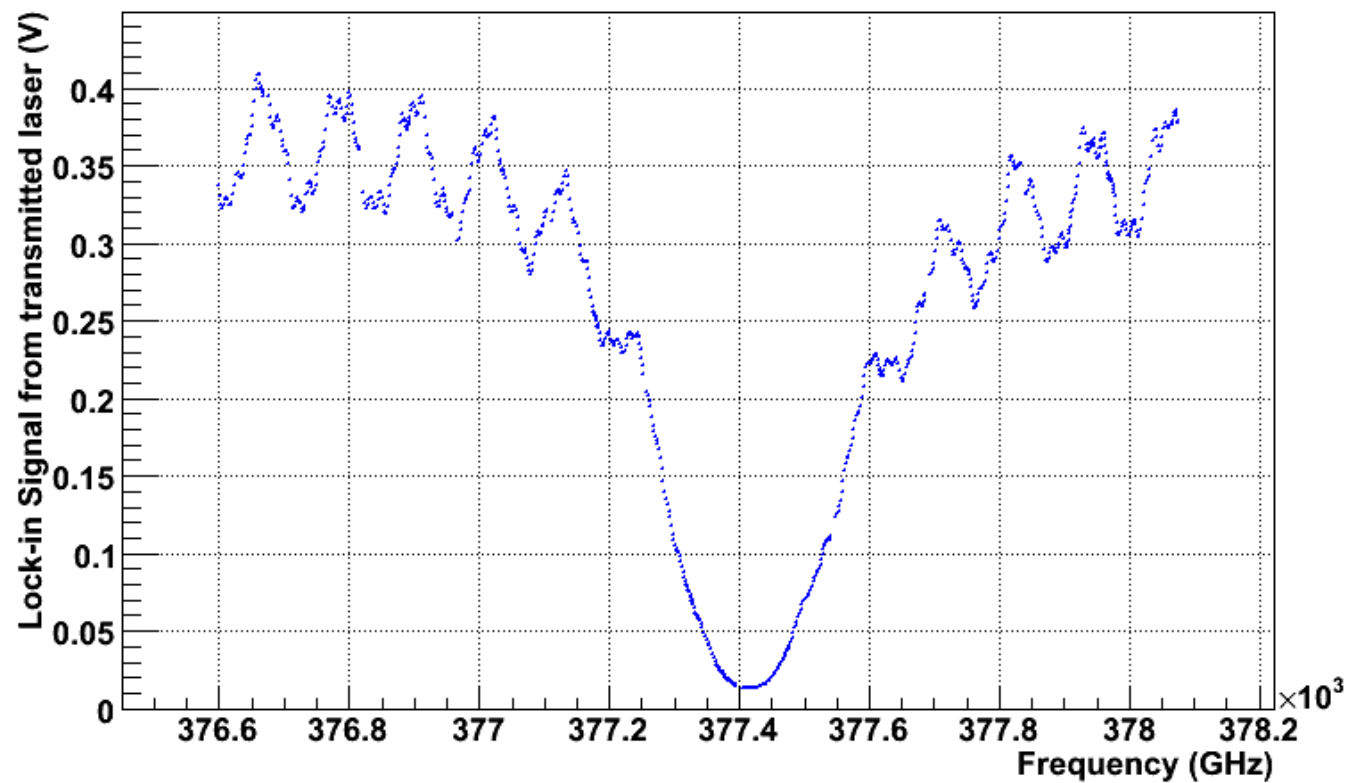
Current Result of density measurement



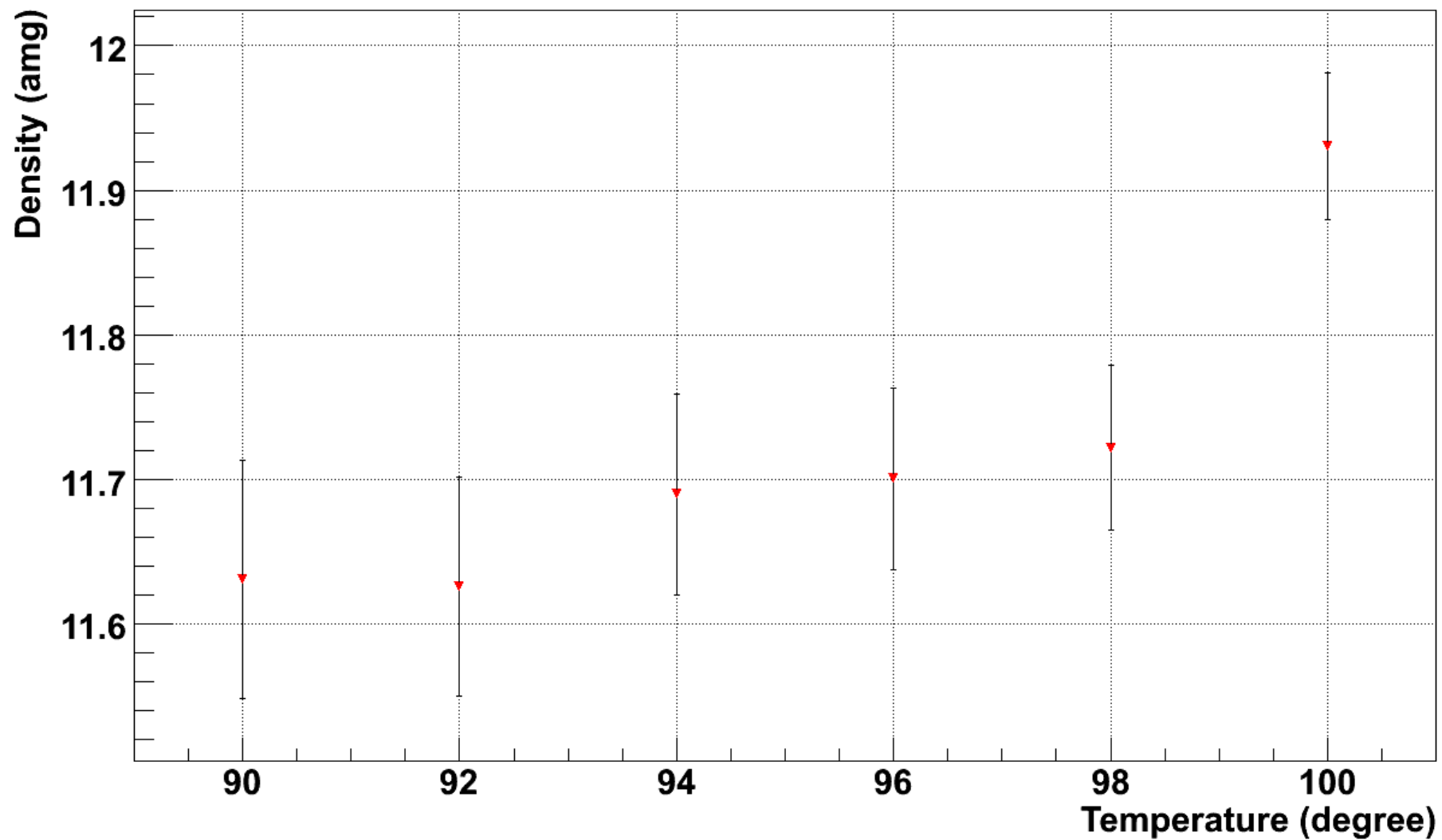
log(Transmitted)**signal from reference****signal from inversed reference****Feb28_2 Scan at 108.0C for Density Measurement**

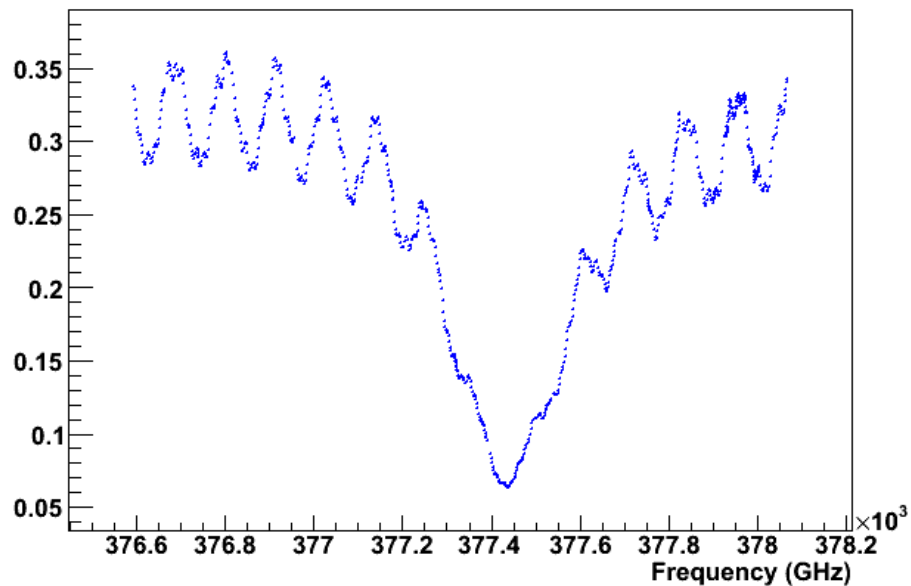
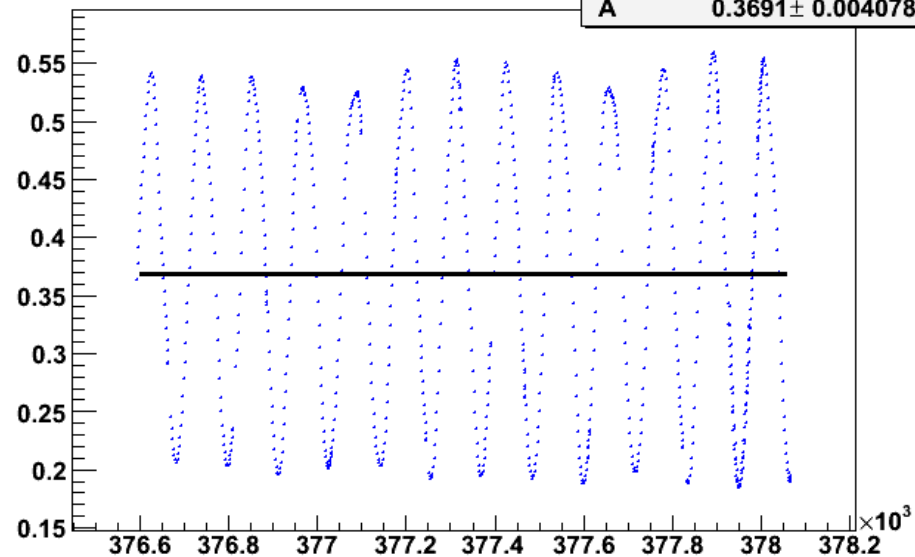
Saturation

Feb26_1 Scan at 120C for Density Measurement

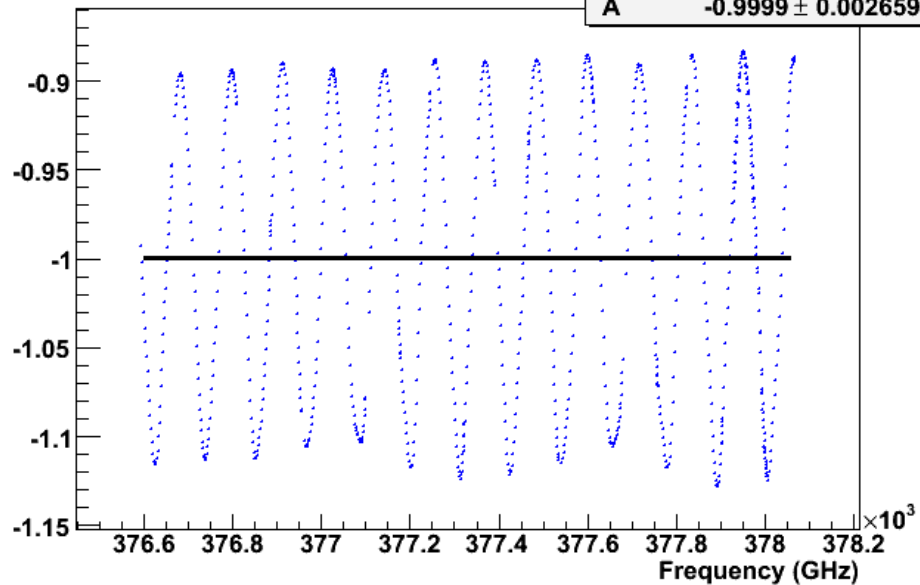


Current Result of density of Archie cell

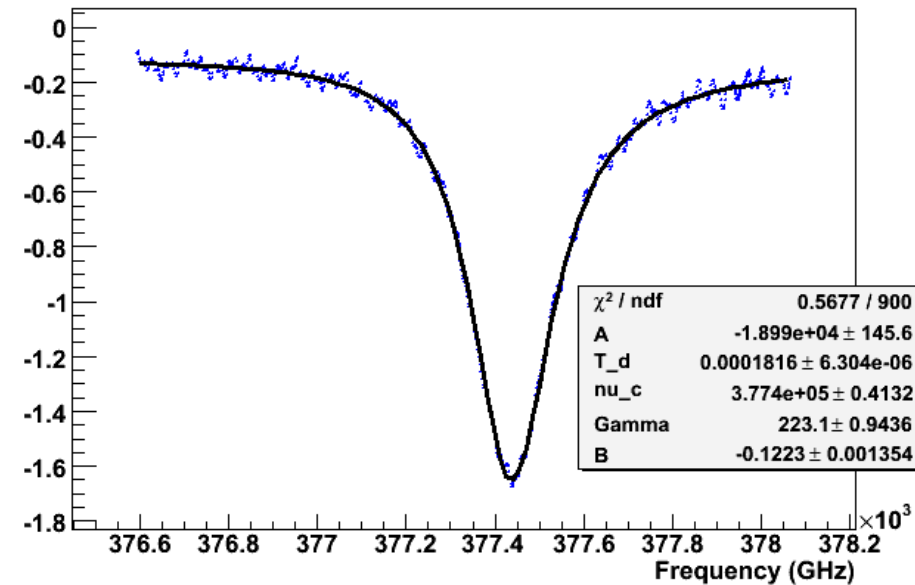


(Transmitted)**signal from reference**

χ^2 / ndf	13.59 / 904
A	0.3691 ± 0.004078

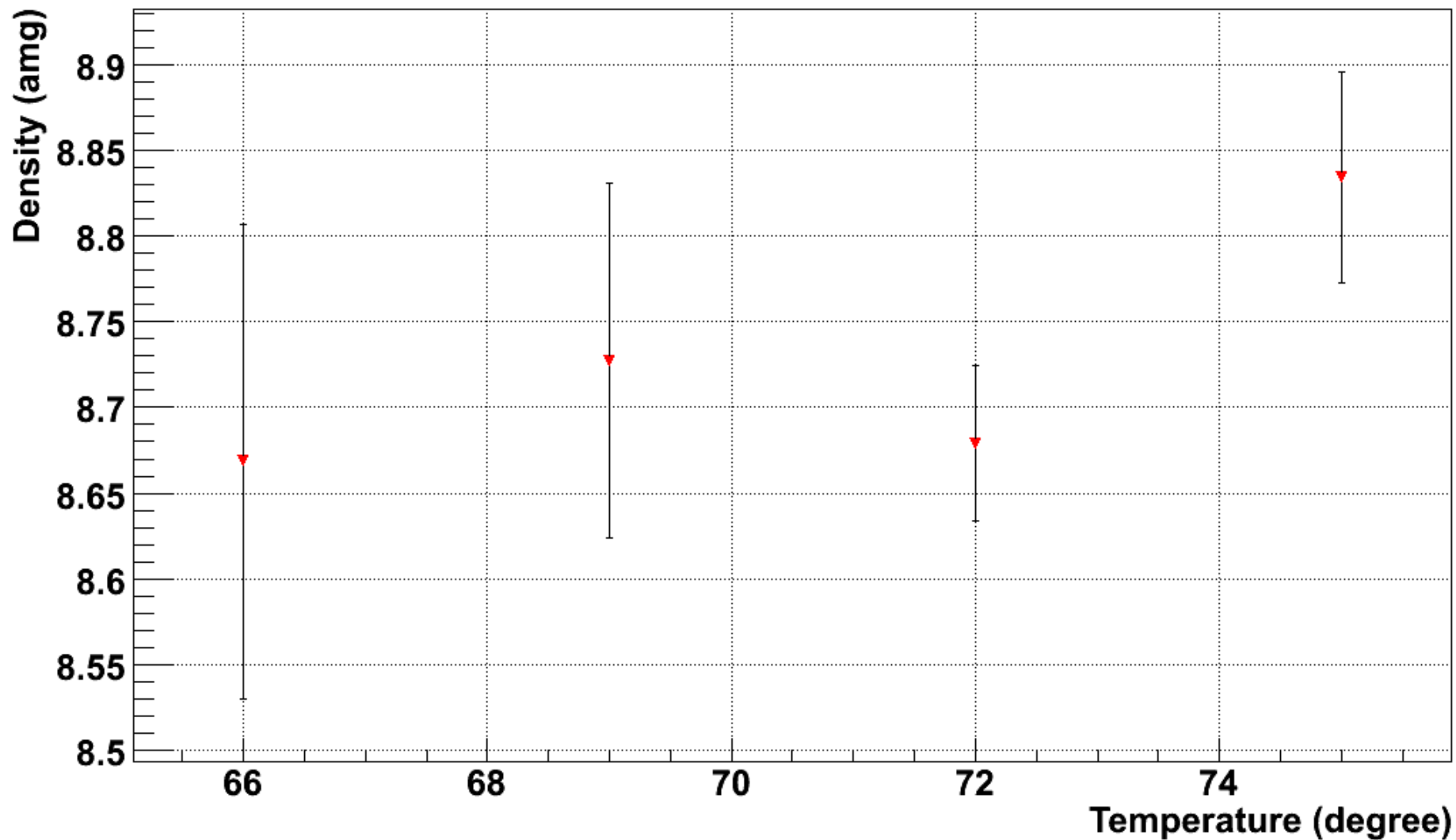
signal from inversed reference

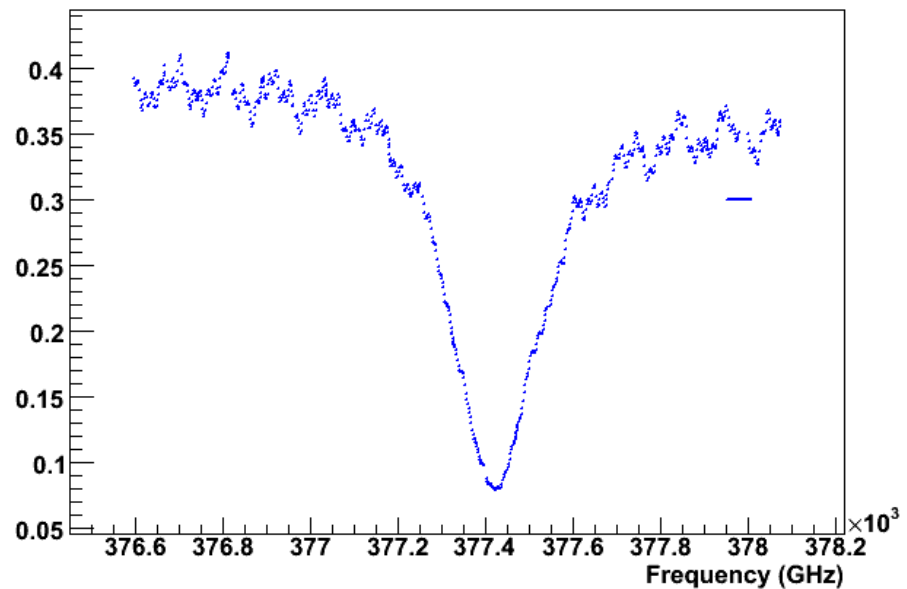
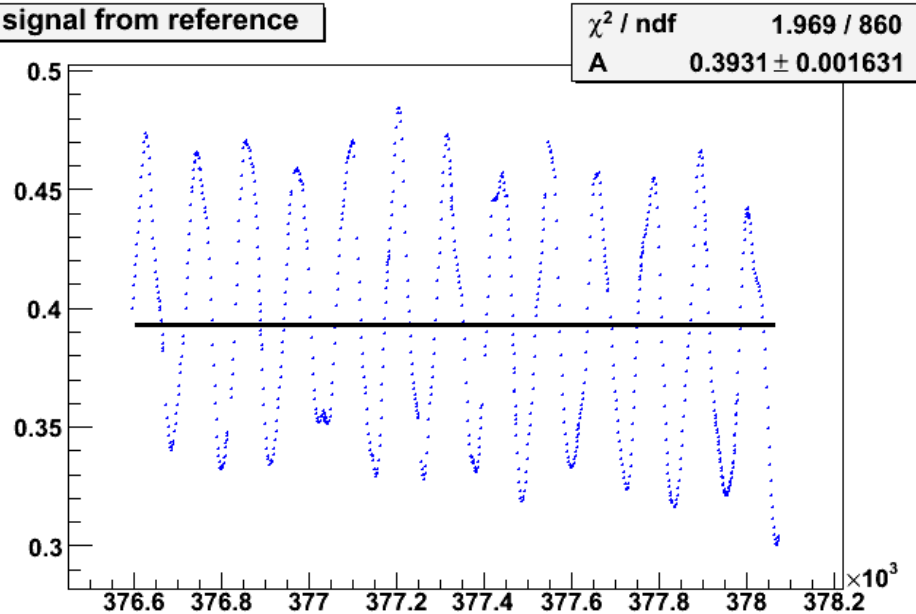
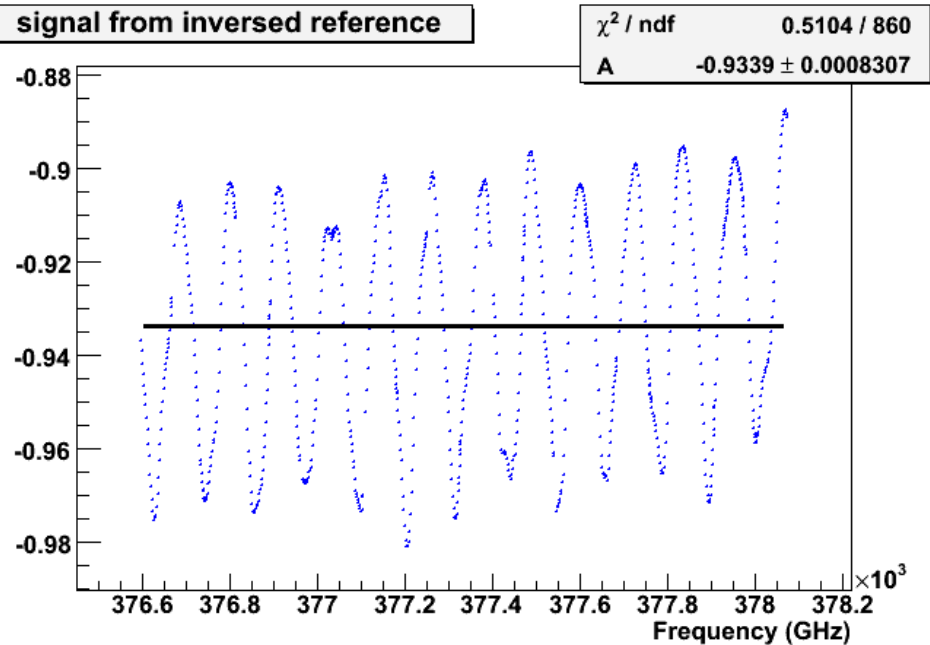
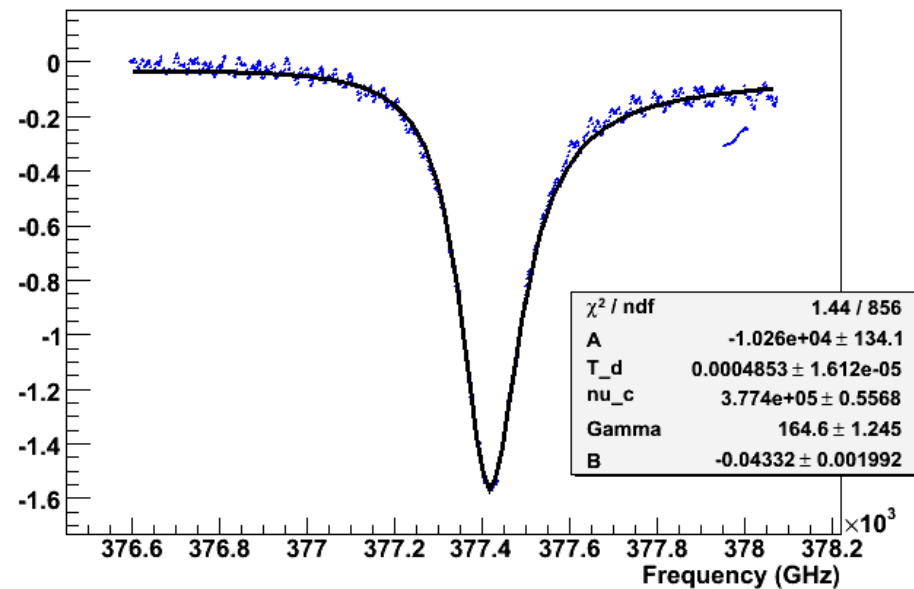
χ^2 / ndf	5.778 / 904
A	-0.9999 ± 0.002659

11Mar_3 Scan at 100.0C for Density Measurement

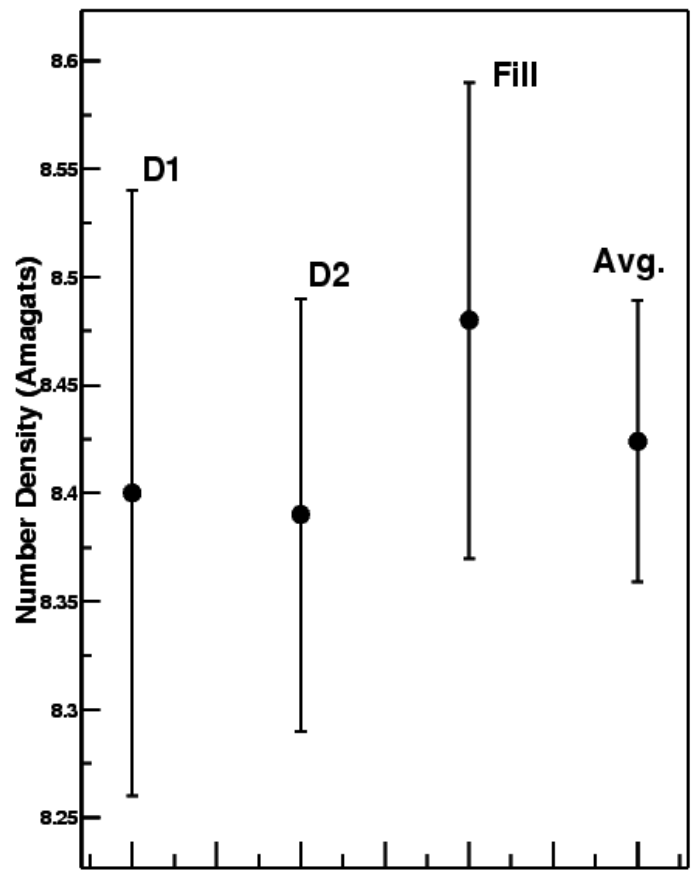
χ^2 / ndf	0.5677 / 900
A	$-1.899\text{e}+04 \pm 145.6$
T_d	$0.0001816 \pm 6.304\text{e}-06$
nu_c	$3.774\text{e}+05 \pm 0.4132$
Gamma	223.1 ± 0.9436
B	-0.1223 ± 0.001354

Current Result of density of Brunhilde (8.66 amg)



(Transmitted)**signal from reference****signal from inversed reference****13Mar_1 Scan at 75.0C for Density Measurement**

Shapiro



Virginia One

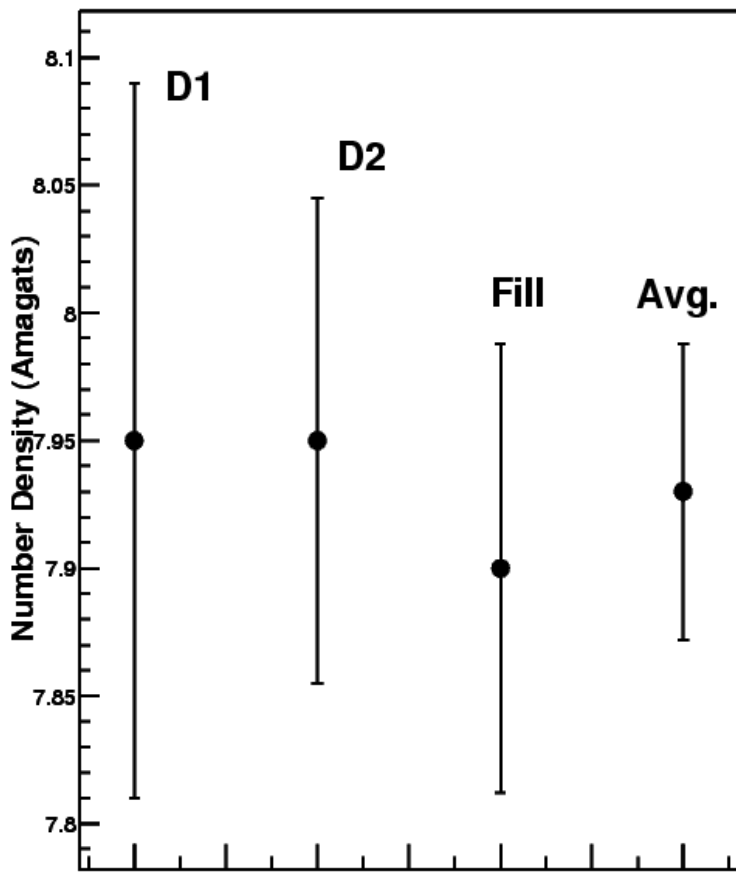


Figure 6.13: *The density of the two cells used in E97-103.*

Future plan

- * Get a set of neutral filters to correct the response of photo-diode (it's important to get a precision $\sim 1\%$)
- * Try to get a better beam splitter to minimize the oscillation
- * Measure other few cells and cross check with UVA result
- * Other characterizing issue (wall thickness)...

Acknowledgment

Yi Qiang, Joe, Xiaohui, Chiranjib