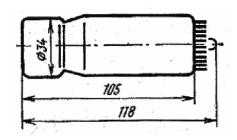


SBS ECAL PMT Testing @ JMU Status Report

Ioana Niculescu Gabriel Niculescu James Madison University

- Lots of FEU-84 PMTs to test
- Reject defective tubes
- Measure:
 - Pedestal, Gain vs HV, Rel. Q.E.
 - After pulsing
 - Baking...

FEU-84 Specifications Translation from Russian



Photocathode diameter Number of stages

FEU-84, FEU-84-1

Wavelengths of maximum sensitivity 420-480 nm Cathode lumininous sensivity (300-350 V) > 80 microA/lm Anode luminous sensitivity (1700 V) 100 microA/lm Cathode radiant sensitivity (694 nm) >3 mA/W < 200 nA Dark current Life expentancy > 1500 h Anode sensitivity after 1500 h > 80 A/lm Dark current after 1500 h < 250 nA

FEU-84-3

Wavelengths of maximum sensitivity 420-550 nm
Dark current < 50 nA
Signal to noise ratio ? 22

Maximum Ratings
Max Voltage
Max anode current

1900 V 5 micro A

25 mm

12





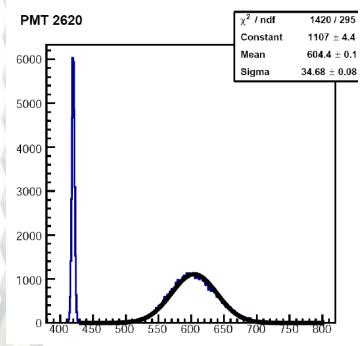
Testing Facility (recap from last time)

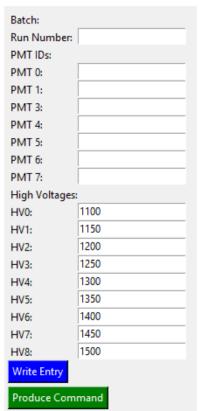
- - PMTs |

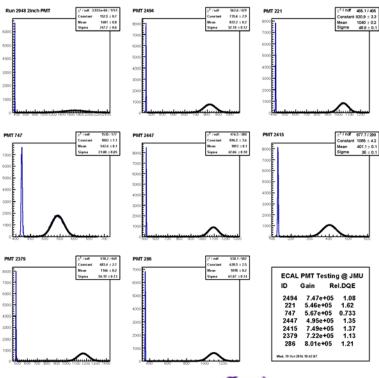
- Gain vs HV (for several HV)
- Relative Q.E.
- ped. & signal in the same run

LabRun2

4 Automated







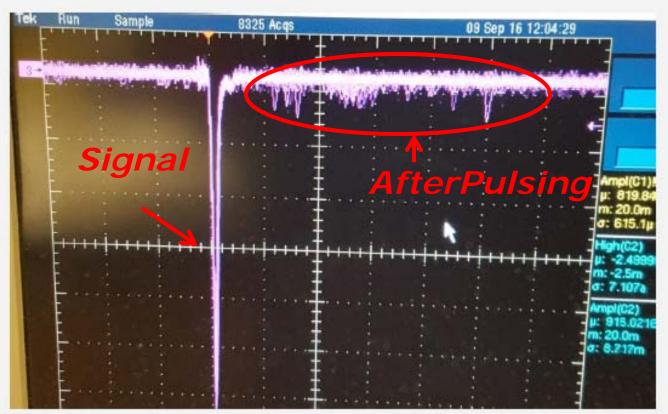


/ Meeting



Afterpulsing

- As the tubes are not new there might be accumulation of foreign substances (gases) inside the tube
- If instead of electrons one accelerates an ion between the window and the first dinode one gets a delayed pulse
- Thus AfterPulsing

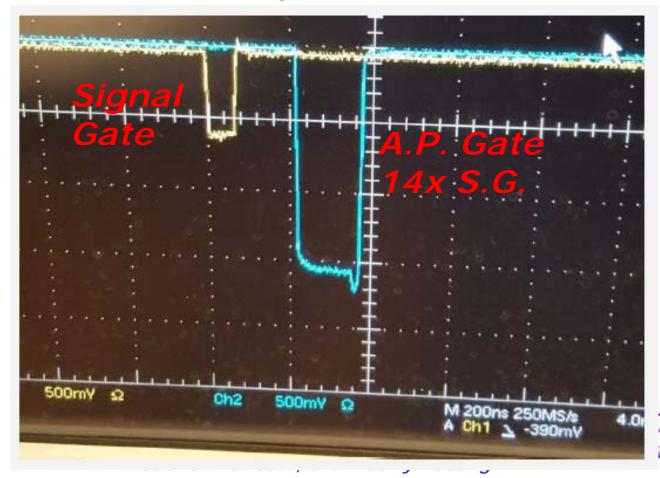






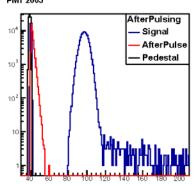
Afterpulsing (II)

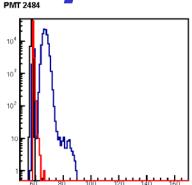
- To quantify this phenomenon we produced a larger, delayed gate and acquired data with this as well (@1500V)
- Mote: delay in the picture below is OK, width is NOT!
- Signal Gate (72 ns), A.P. gate (1 us) so 14x...

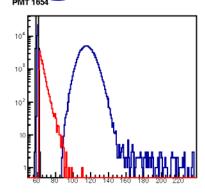


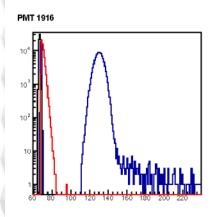


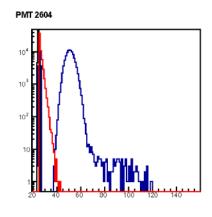
Afterpulsing (III)

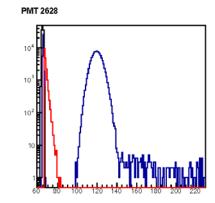


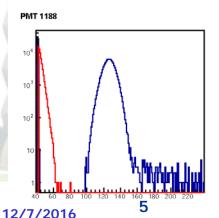


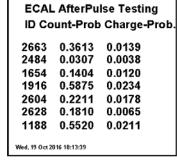










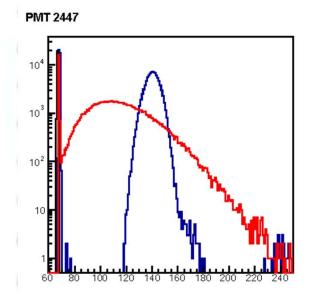


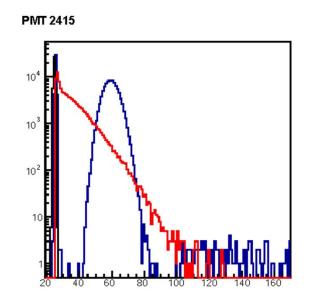
Note: Distributions were not scaled w/ the relative size of their gates!

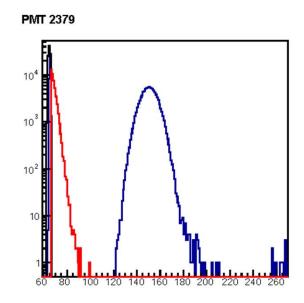




Afterpulsing (IV)







- Some tubes show really-really high afterpulse rates, as shown here
- If not for afterpulsing 2447 and 2379 above would be identical...
- We will test all tubes for afterpulsing!





Baking

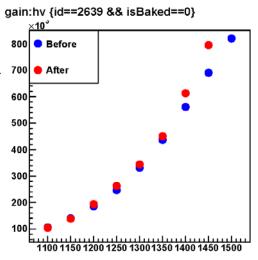
- As ECAL will function in a heated environment the question of the temperature influence on tube parameters was raised.
- To address this question we baked a subset of tubes for one hour @ 100 Celsius. Used a convection oven, calibrated with a thermocouple probe to ensure heating uniformity.
- After cooling the tubes were subjected to the same batch of tests as before.

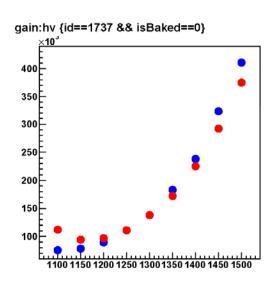


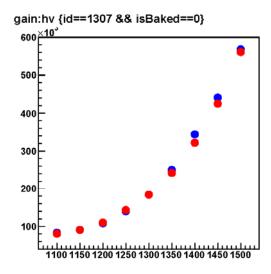


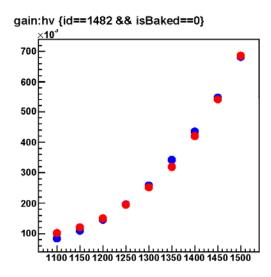
Baking (II)

Sampling of four tubes Gain vs HV before and after baking





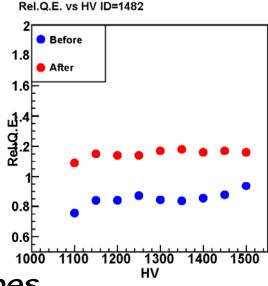






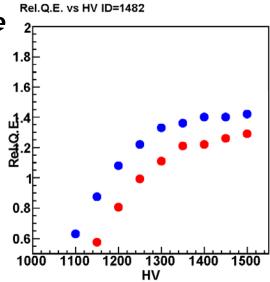


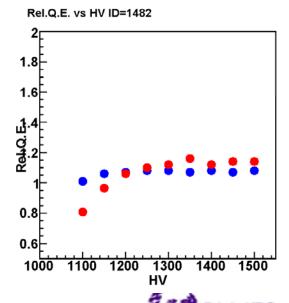
Baking (III)



Rel.Q.E. vs HV ID=1482

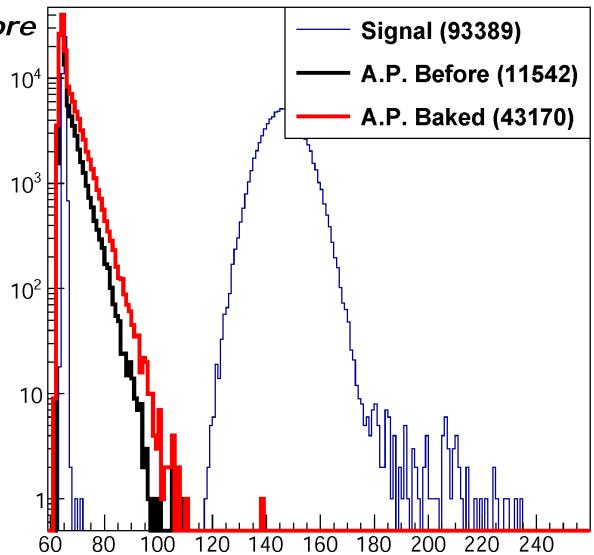
Sampling of four tubes Rel. QE vs HV before 2 and after baking 1.8







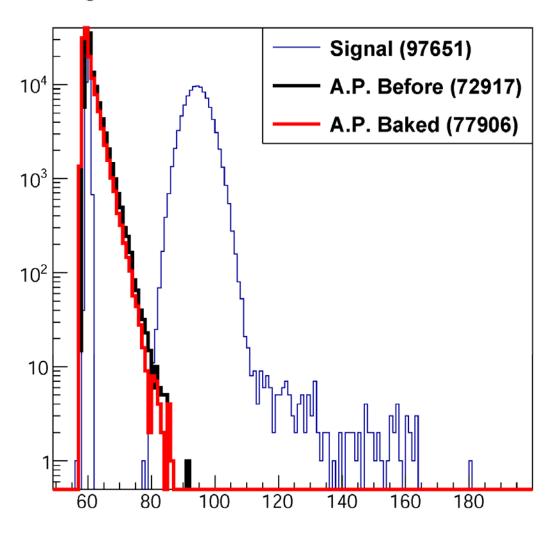
AfterPulsing before and after baking





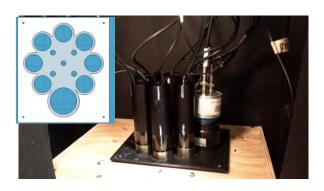
• ...more of the same...

Baking Test, PMT 1307

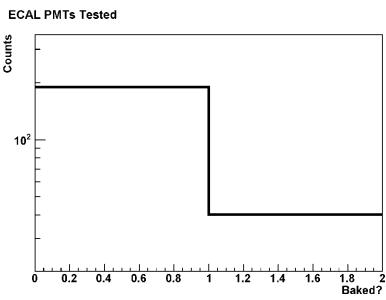




Summary



- Expanded the batch of tests to AfterPulsing and (subset of tubes) baking.
- Baking seems to have minimal effect on the tubes
- AfterPulsing can be large for some tubes, especially when looking only at the # of counts.
- Closing in on ~200 tubes tested hope to get into steady-state production.
- Results: .txt files, root trees, histograms



12/7/2016