Measurement of the Target Single-Spin Asymmetry in Quasi-elastic ³He (e, e')

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For the Hall-A Quasi-elastic collaboration at

Jefferson Lab

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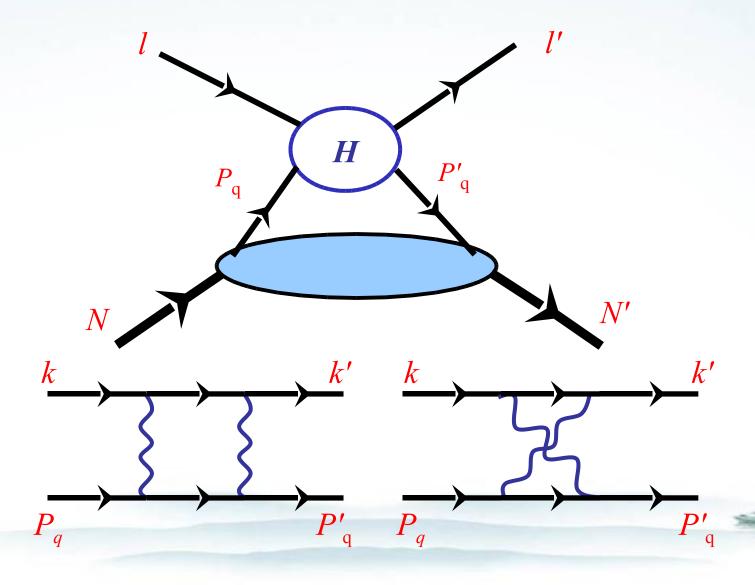


Outline

- Physics Motivation
- Experimental setups
- Data analysis
- Summary



Two-photon Exchange Process





Target Single-Spin Asymmetry (SSA)

For
$$l(k)+N(p) \rightarrow l(k')+N(p')$$

$$A_{y} = \frac{\sigma^{\uparrow} - \sigma^{\downarrow}}{\sigma^{\uparrow} + \sigma^{\downarrow}} = \sqrt{\frac{2\varepsilon (1+\varepsilon)}{\tau}} \frac{C_{B}(\varepsilon, Q^{2})}{\sigma^{\dagger}} \times \left\{ -G_{M} \mathcal{I} \left(\delta \tilde{G}_{E} + \frac{\nu}{M^{2}} \tilde{F}_{3} \right) + G_{E} \mathcal{I} \left(\delta \tilde{G}_{M} + \left(\frac{2\varepsilon}{1+\varepsilon} \right) \frac{\nu}{M^{2}} \tilde{F}_{3} \right) \right\}$$

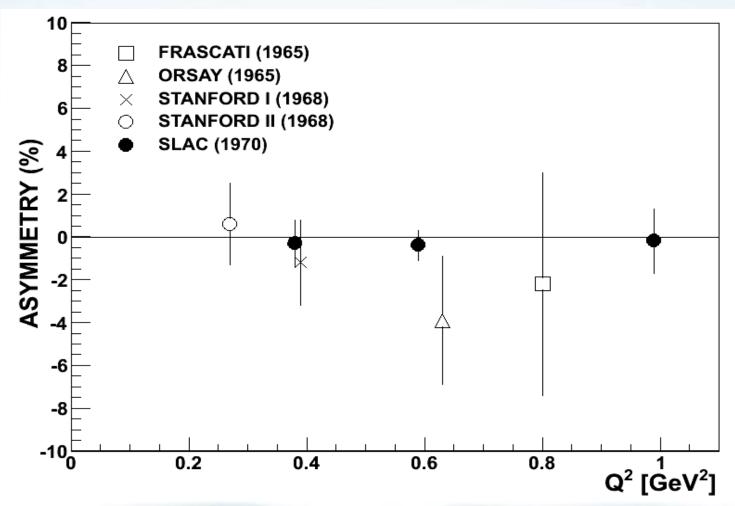
In terms of GPD moments

Y.C. Chen etc., PRL 93, 122301 (2004)

A measurement of Ay has sensitivity to GPD model input



Earlier experimental results for SSA

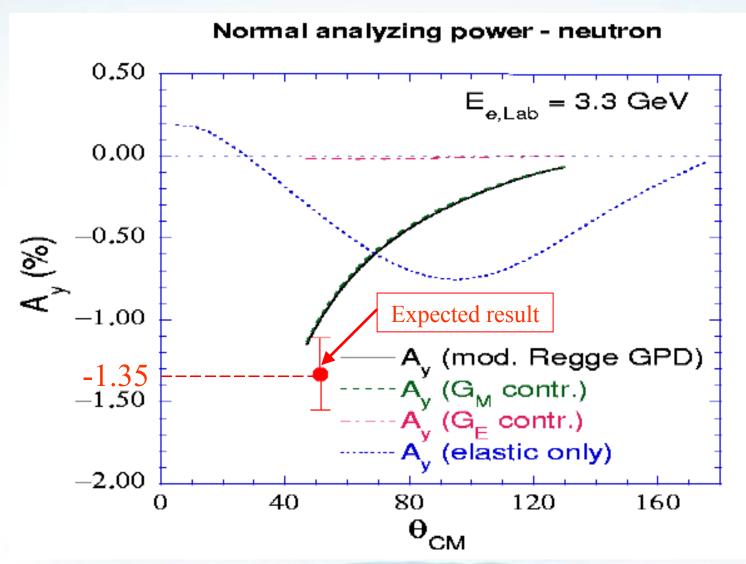


Earlier resutls were consistent with zero within large uncertainties

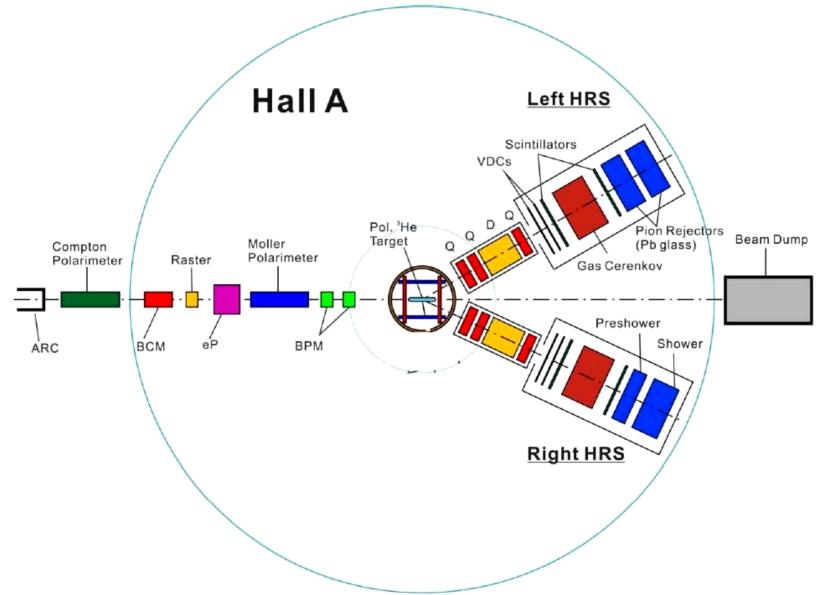












A_v Experiment Kinematics

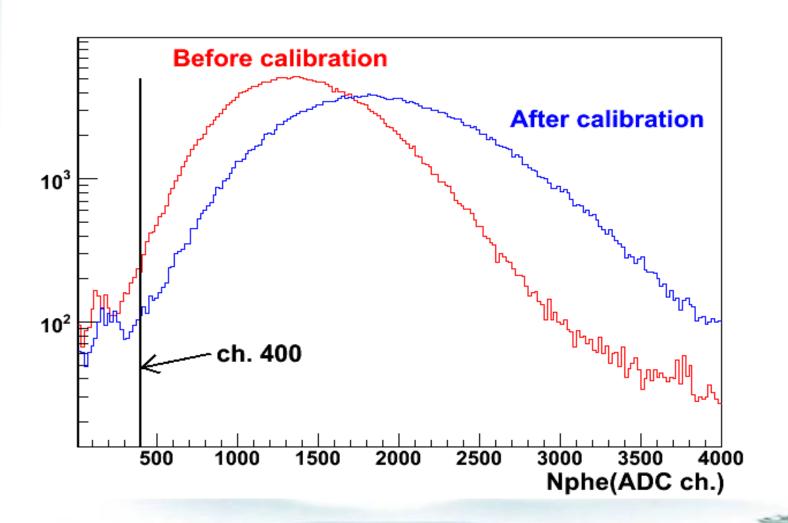
- This A_y experiment (E05-015) was run
 - from April 26th to May 12th
- The Kinematics of this A_v experiment:

E_o	E'	$ heta_{lab}$	Q^2	q	$ heta_q$
[GeV]	[GeV]	[Deg]	[GeV] ²	[GeV]	[Deg]
1.25	1.22	17	0.13	0.359	71
2.43	2.18	17	0.46	0.681	62
3.61	3.09	17	0.98	0.988	54





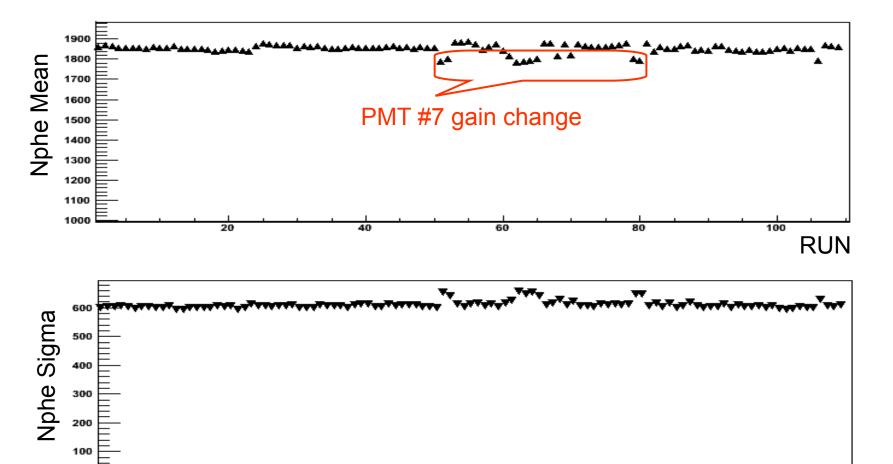
Cerenkov Counter Calibration (LHRS)







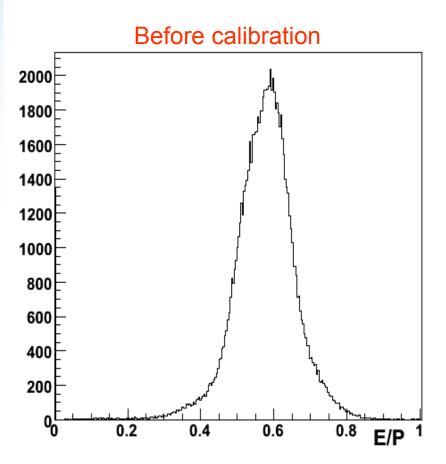
Data quality check (LHRS CC)

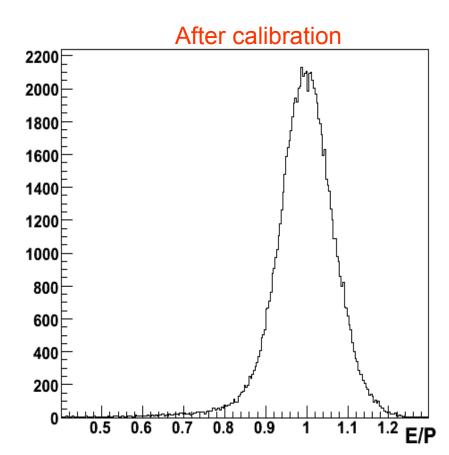




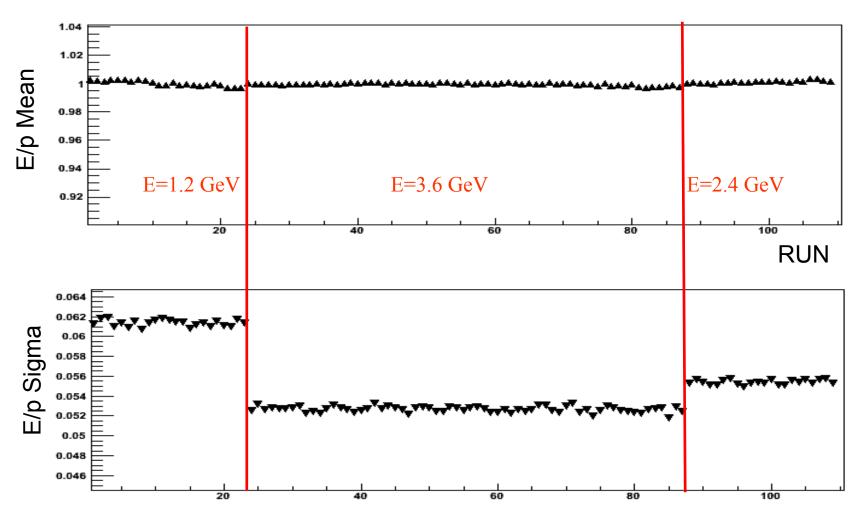


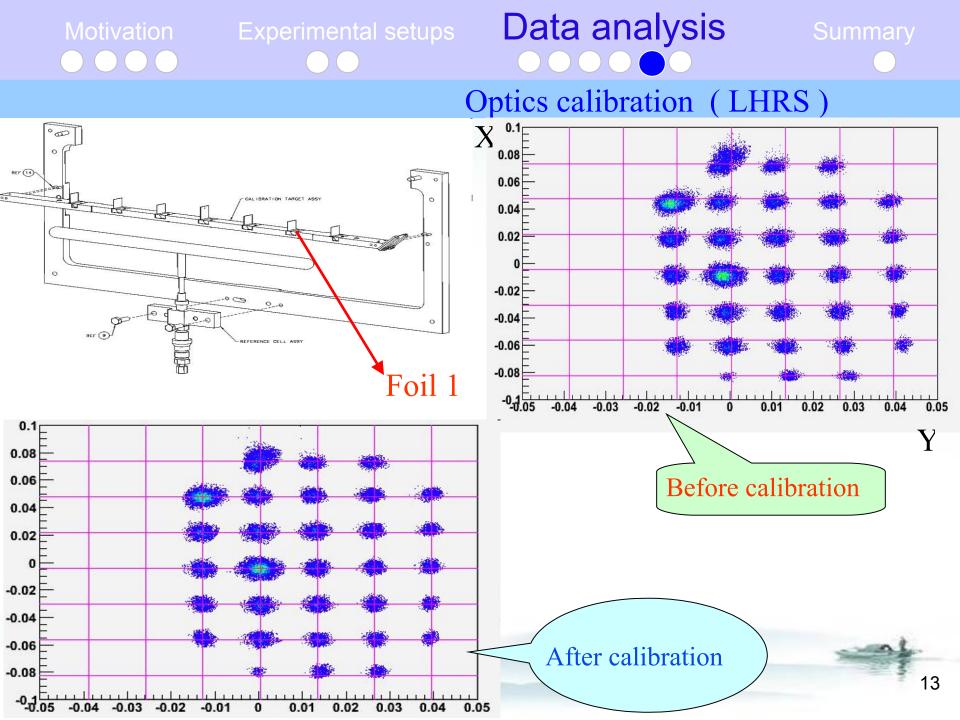


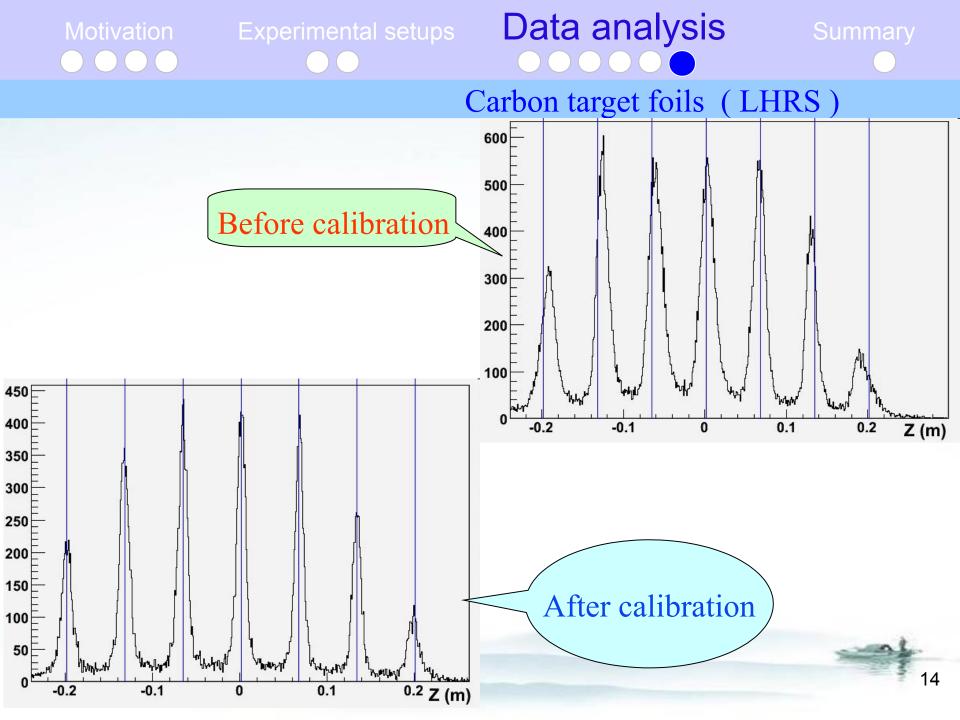




Data quality check (LHRS Pion rejecter)









Summary and future plan

- Detectors calibration were completed for LHRS.
- Some data quality checks were done for LHRS production runs.
- More data quality checks (live time, scalars etc.)
- The same procedure for RHRS data

Back up slides

$$\delta \tilde{G}_{M} = C$$

$$\delta \tilde{G}_{E} = -\left(\frac{1+\varepsilon}{2\varepsilon}\right)(A-C) + \sqrt{\frac{1+\varepsilon}{2\varepsilon}}B$$

$$\tilde{F}_{3} = \frac{M^{2}}{\nu}\left(\frac{1+\varepsilon}{2\varepsilon}\right)(A-C)$$

$$\begin{split} A &= \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} K \sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \left(H^{q}(x,0,t) + E^{q}(x,0,t) \right) \\ B &= \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} K \sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \left(H^{q}(x,0,t) - \tau E^{q}(x,0,t) \right) \\ C &= \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x} K' \sum_{q} e_{q}^{2} \tilde{H}^{q}(x,0,t) \end{split}$$

Normal analyzing power - proton

