

The Hall A Compton Polarimeter Upgrade

Sirish Nanda
Jefferson Laboratory

PReX Collaboration Meeting
December 7, 2008



Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

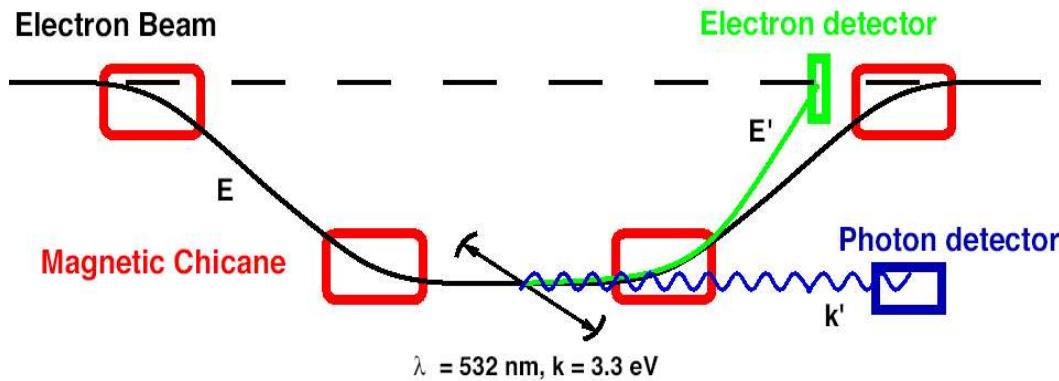
S. Nanda, December 7, 2007 1

The Hall A Compton Polarimeter Upgrade

Motivation:

Improve accuracy of polarization experiments by providing 1% beam polarimetry down to 1 GeV. High precision Parity violating experiments are feasible with this upgrade

Scope:



New Electron Detector

High resolution silicon microstrips to improve tracking resolution

New Photon Detector

Improve systematic uncertainties experienced in the counting method
While preserving counting abilities

High Power Green Fabry-Perot Cavity

Twice the Analyzing power of present IR cavity

⇒ Four-fold increase in Figure-of-Merit

Participating Institutions: Jefferson Lab, Saclay, Syracuse, Clermont-Ferrand, Uva,
Duke, Carnegie-Mellon



Electron Detector

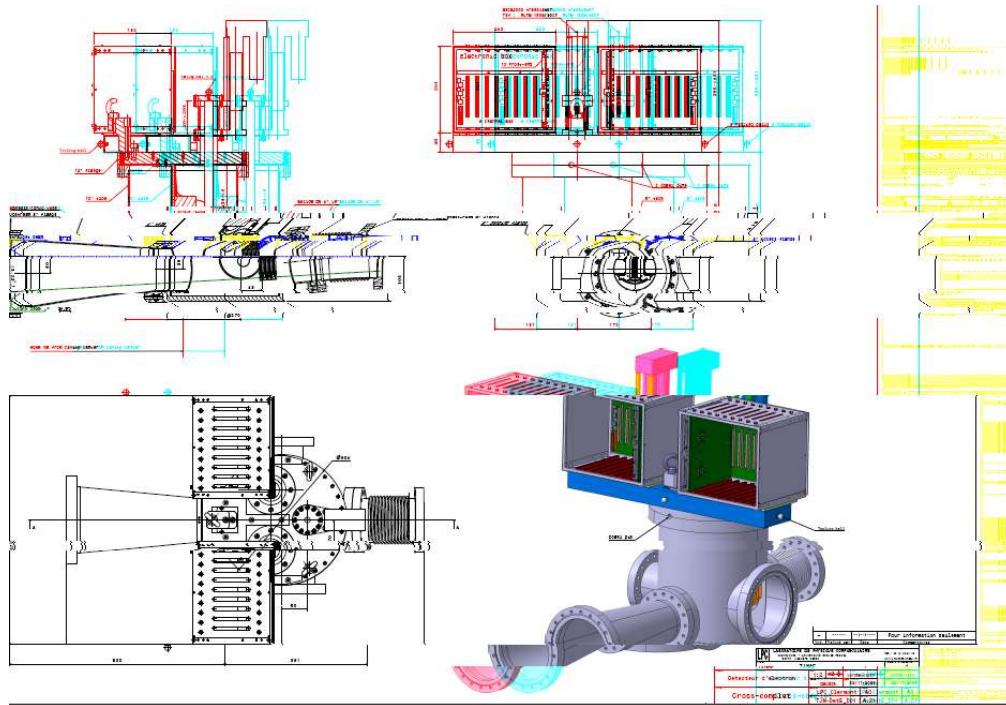
LPC Clermont-Ferrand (contact: B. Michel)

• Scope

- 768 ch 240 μm pitch silicon μ strips
- 4 Planes, 192 strips/plane, 1 cm spacing between planes
- 120 mm Vertical motion to allow coverage of Compton edge from 0.8-11 GeV
- New custom front-end, FPGA trigger module (ETROC)
- New DAQ and Analysis Software



Electron Detector Assembly



Electron Detector Status

- **Detector & Electronics** (*Michel Brossard*)
 - Four planes of Silicon microstrips delivered by Canberra Systems
 - Defects found in the detector's connectors after tests at Clermont (Brossard)
 - Canberra is to replace with new detectors in time for Feb 08 Installation
- **Mechanical** (*Francois Daudon*)
 - Detector chamber and mechanics manufactured
 - Parts assembled and tested at Clermont-FD
- **Controls** (*Jack Segal, Sue Witherspoon*)
 - Vertical Motion controller being configured
 - EPICS interface being developed
 - Use existing beam FSD interlock electronics
- **DAQ** (*Bob, Alex etc...*)
 - CODA readout for new ETROC
 - New electron event decoder (?)
 - New Analyzer (?)
 - *The new detector will be compatible with old DAQ and Analysis with only 48 strips active, Just in case...*
- **Support Structure and Installation** (*Alan Gavalya, Tim Whitlach*)
 - Survey alignment scheme finalized
 - Support structure in design
 - Preliminary installation plan developed

Installation begins February 08



Photon Detector

Carnegie-Mellon University (Contact: Gregg Franklin)

- Calorimeter

- Single crystal GSO, $6\phi \times 15$ cm cylinder, Single PMT
- High light output, fast decay time (less than 60 ns)
- Can do triggered counting as well as integration.
- GSO Crystal ordered from Hitachi Chem. Delivery this month
- Mechanical support in design phase
- Tests planned at CMU (Diana)

- Integrating DAQ

- New Flash ADC ordered (Bob)
- Beam tests in Feb 08



Green Fabry-Perot Cavity

Jefferson Lab (contact: SN)

• Specification

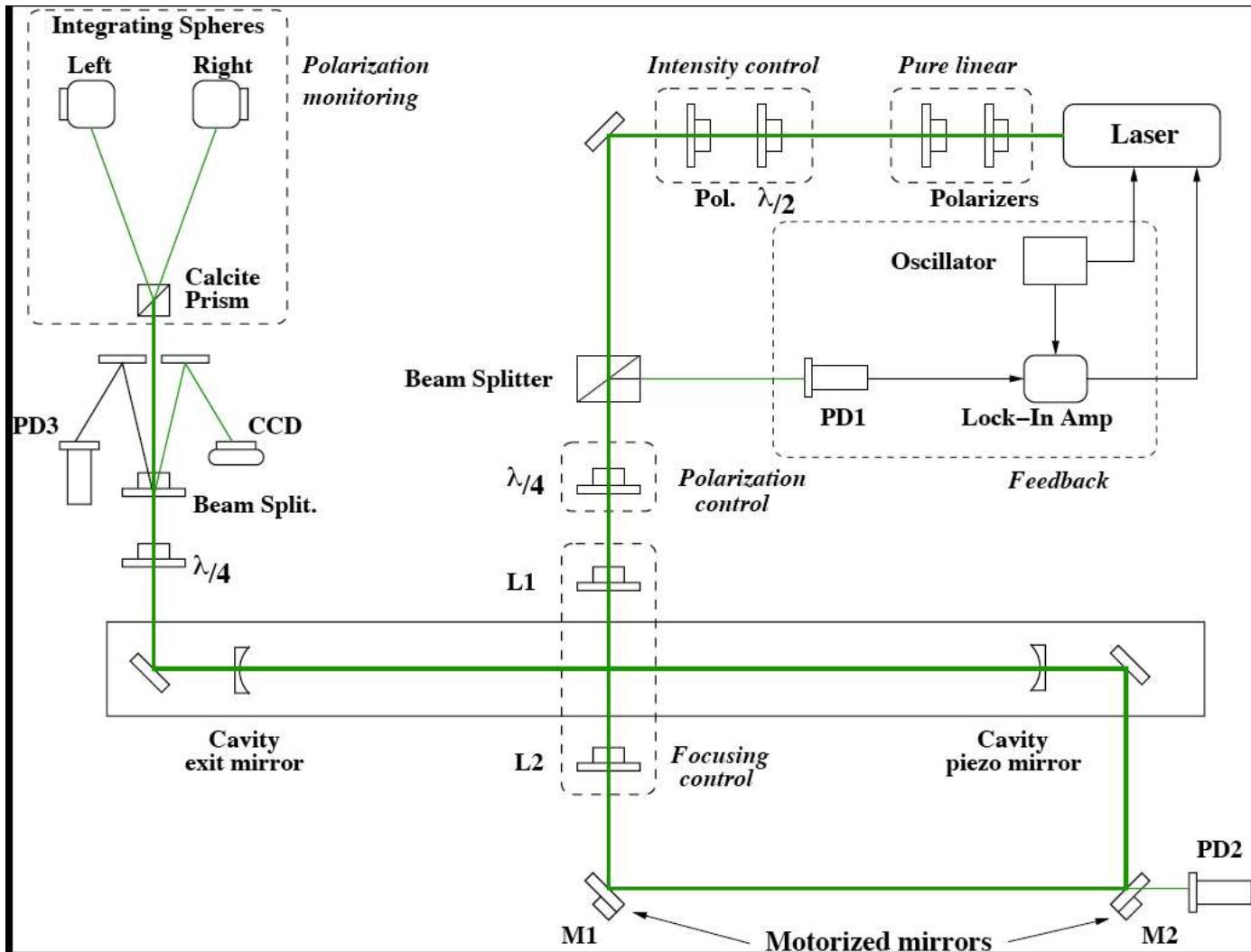
- Intracavity power 1.5 kW
- Wavelength 532 nm
- Mode CW, TEM_{00}
- CIP Spot size (σ) 65 μm
- Locking PDH

• Solutions

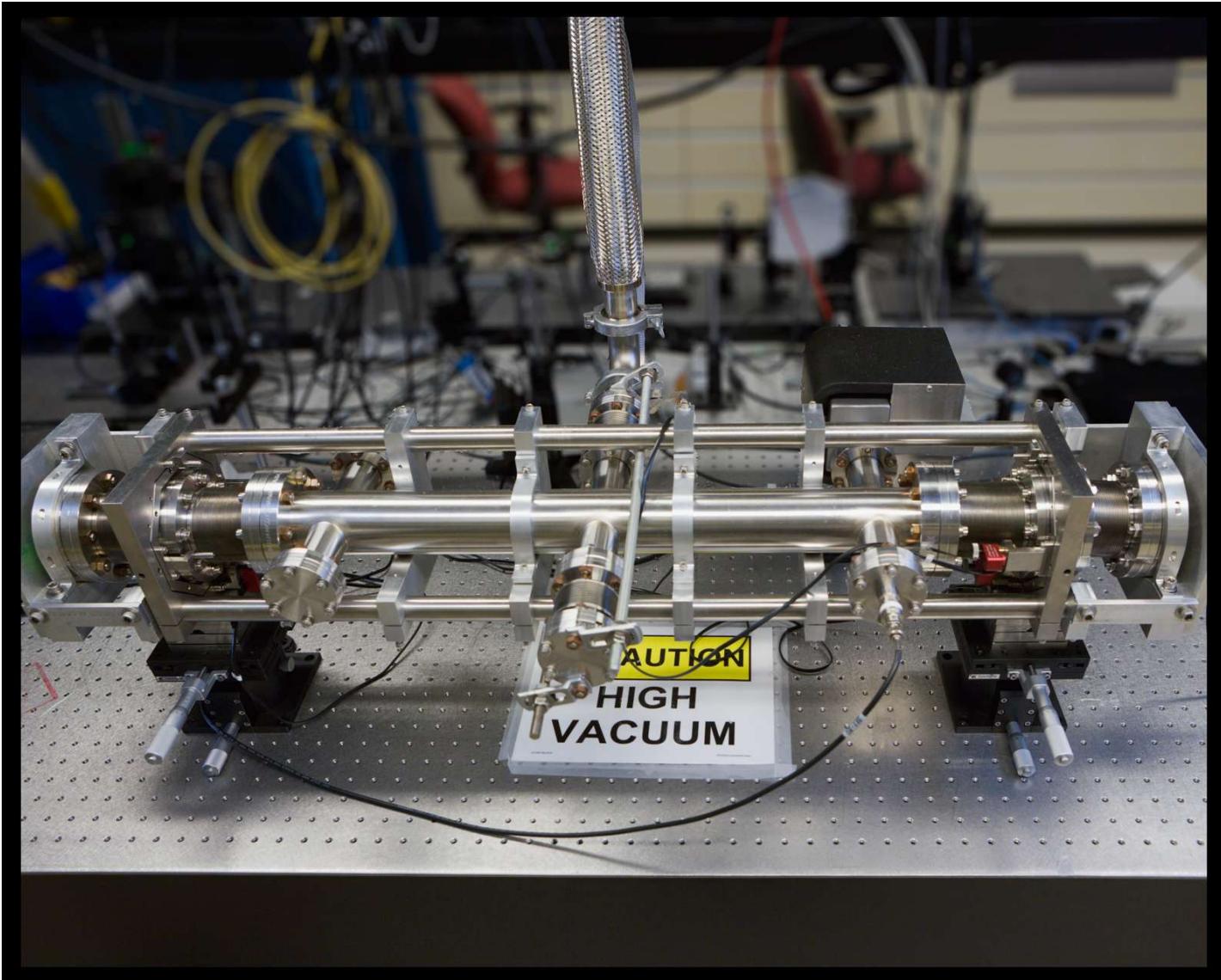
- Primary:
 - a) Tunable “smart” single pass Green Laser -> “Passive” High Finesse cavity
 - » Feedback to laser
 - b) Tunable “smart” IR Laser + single pass PPLN SHG -> “Passive” High Finesse cavity
 - » Feedback to laser
- Alternate: non-tunable “dumb” Green Laser + Electro-optic modulator -> “Active” low Finesse cavity
 - » Feedback to cavity



Optical Setup



Assembled Cavity



Photograph: Alan Gavalya

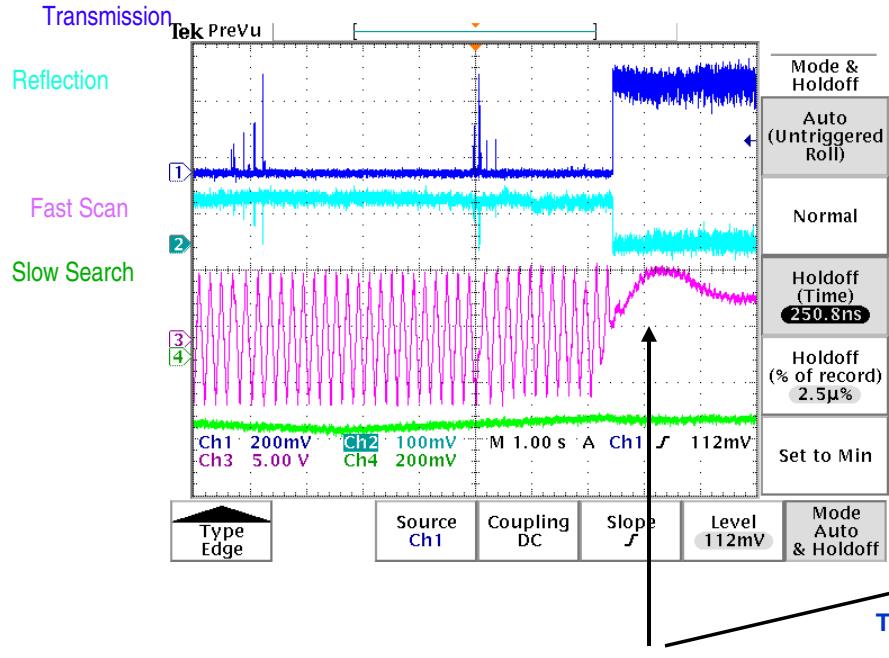
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

S. Nanda, December 7, 2007 9



Cavity Locking Algorithm

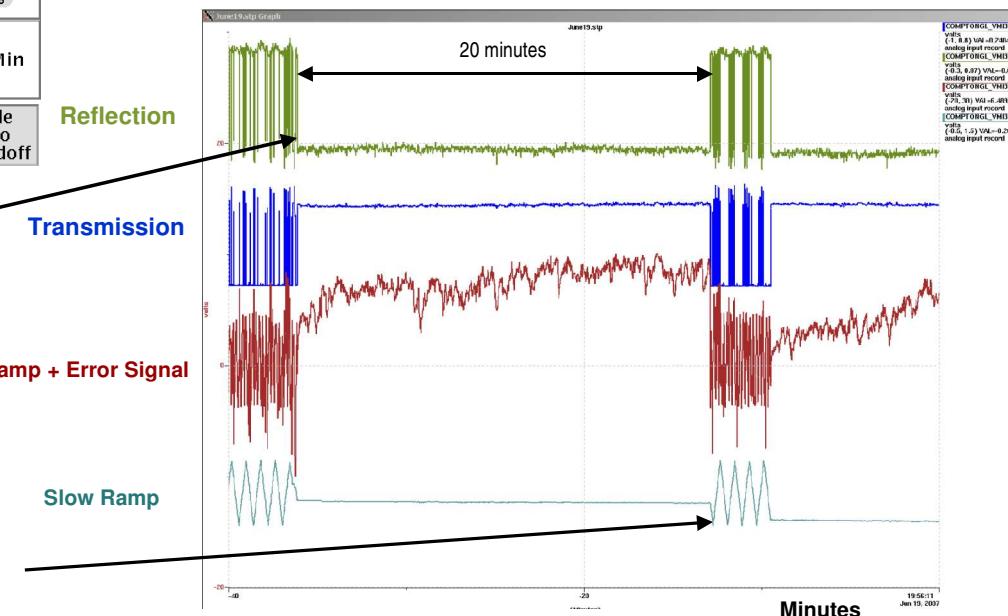
10-sec Scope Trace



Locking@low finesse

- On-demand lock with homemade Cavlock
- Stable and reliable Lock for hours
- Production version being implemented (Fernando Barbosa)

40-min Strip Chart



PPLN Doubler

- **Passive SHG with periodically poled (PP) Lithium Niobate (LN)**

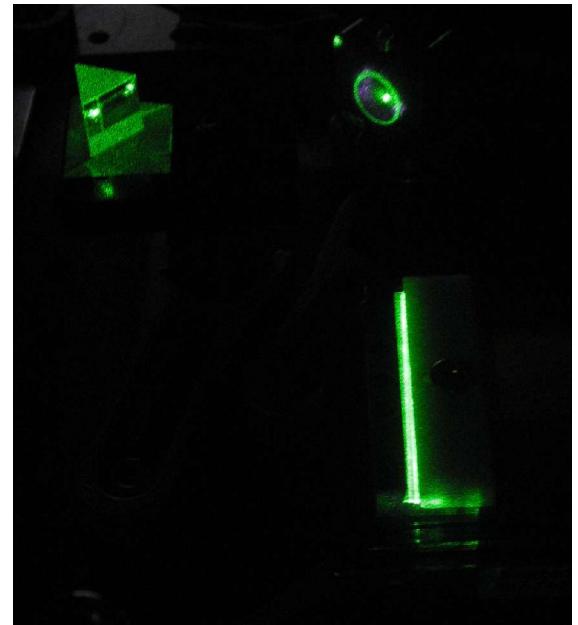
- Use the Lightwave Nd:YAG laser as 1064 nm pump
- Double frequency with Quasi-phase matching of pole period
- LN is more efficient than KTP used in the Prometheus laser

- **PPLN double progress**

- QPM is sensitive to temperature
- Homemade TEC based stabilization with < 10 mK temperature long term stability
- Better than 20 mK temp uniformity along a 50 mm crystal
- Better mode matching of beam waist and better alignment
 - Net result:
We have achieved 17%/W conversion efficiency.
Far better than published results!

- **PPLN preserves the IR laser's linewidth, feedback abilities**

- We can use existing laser control system
- We can use existing locking electronics
- Remaining technical issues:
 - Coupling free space laser to a fiber
 - Coupling to a 10W Ytterbium Fiber Amplifier
 - Mitigating with high power damage, safety issues



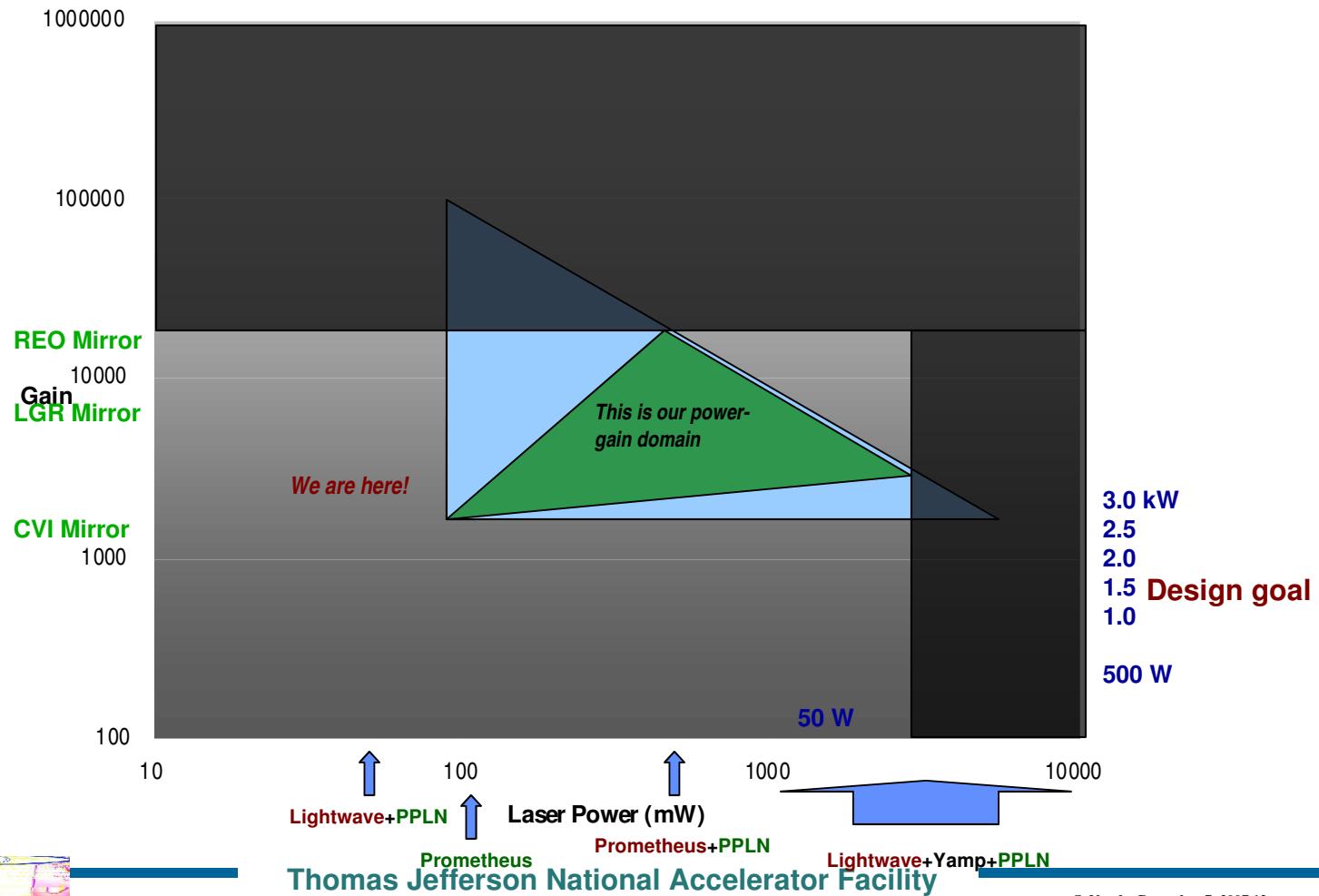
INTRACAVITY POWER: *The challenge*

$P_{cav} = \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot g \cdot P_{laser}$ where α = Optics transport efficiency (~72%)

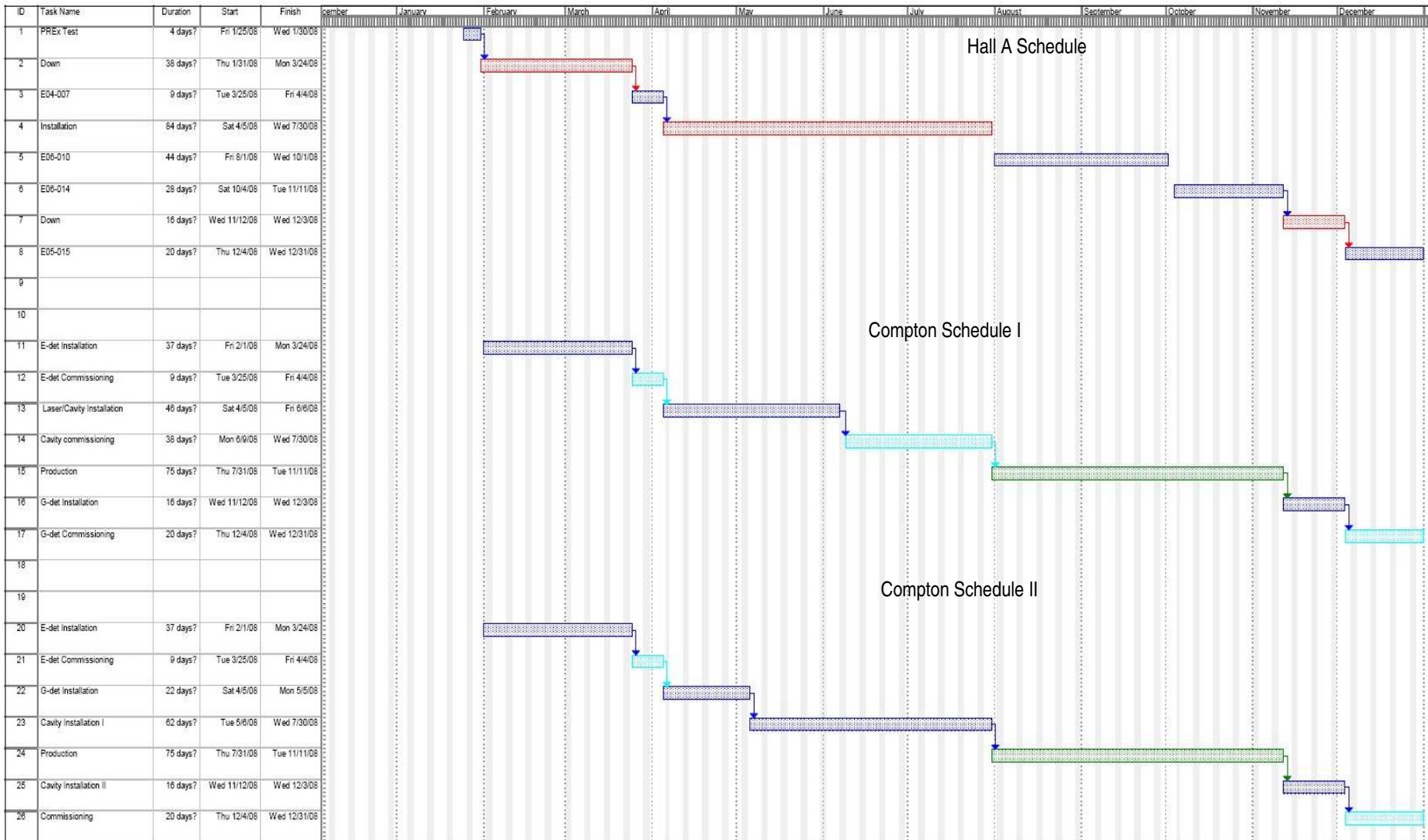
β = Cavity Coupling efficiency (~25%)

g = Cavity gain

Cavity Power Balance



Schedule



Summary

- **Electron detector ready for Feb 08 Installation**
- **Photon detector ahead of schedule, will be ready for Summer 08 installation**
- **Green FP Cavity facing technical challenges e.g. locking, power gain**
- **Progress with Green FP cavity**
 - Robust locking at low finesse has been achieved
 - Lock feedback loop tune in progress at medium finesse,
 - short locks achieved
 - High finesse setup to follow
- **PPLN doubler is a success story! Likely candidate with Y fiber Amp for our production solution**

Funds are adequate. Project is manpower Limited!
In search of an expert on laser/photonics instrumentation...

