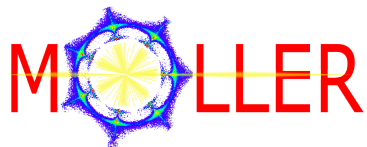


Tracking and Pion Detectors

David Armstrong, William & Mary

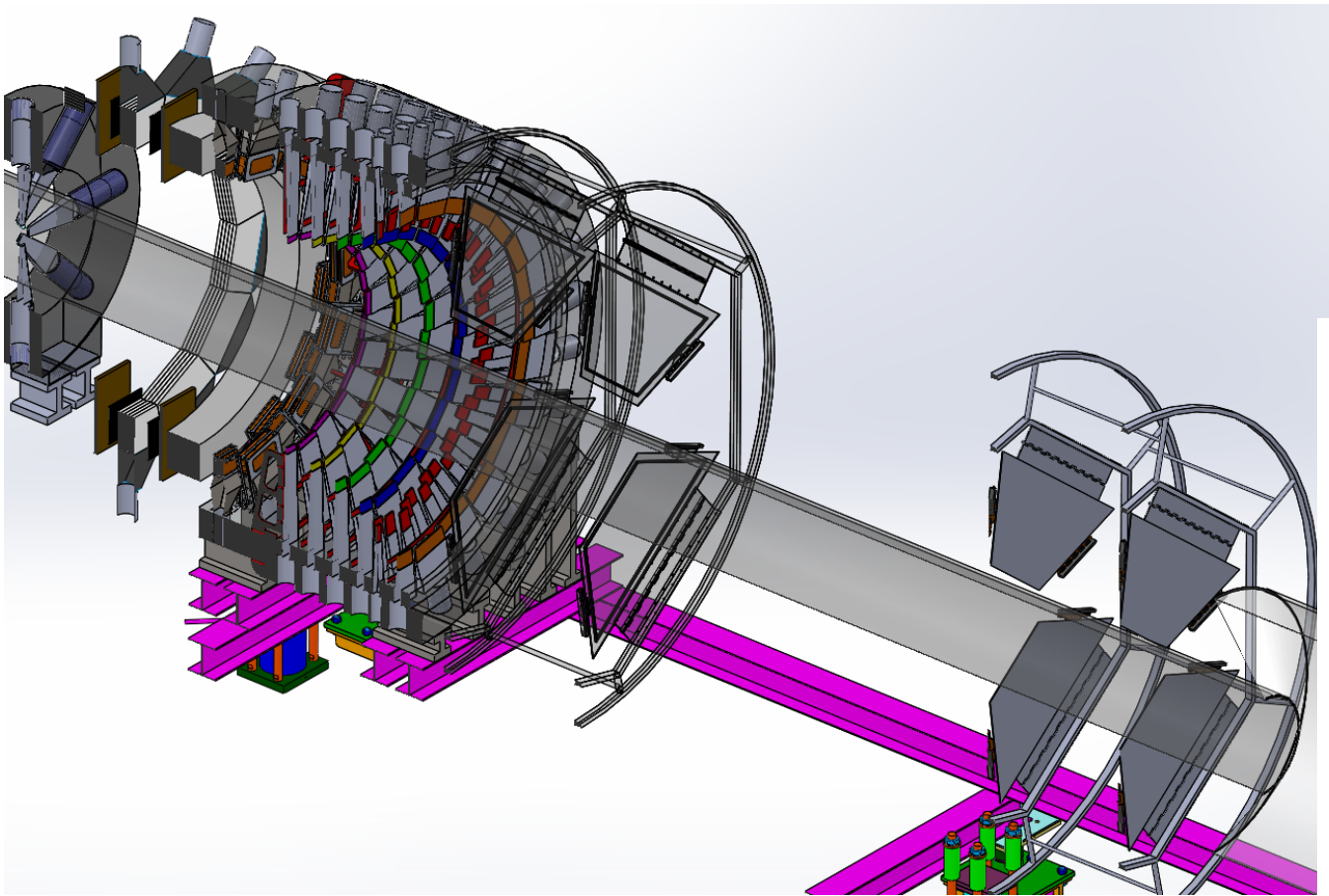
MOLLER Director's Review December 15, 2016

Breakout Session I:
Detectors

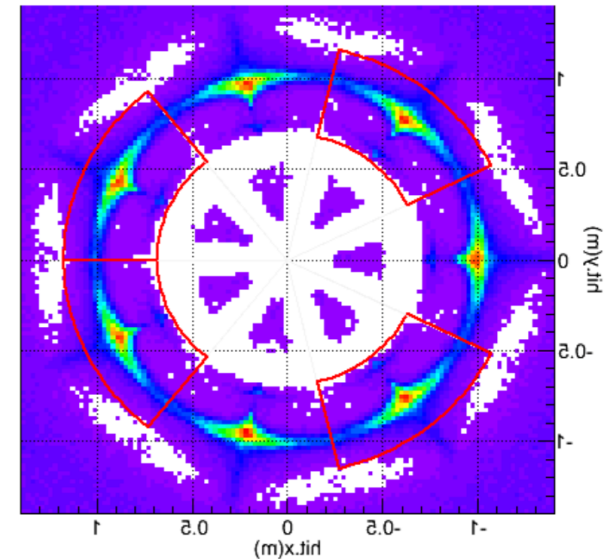


Tracking Hardware

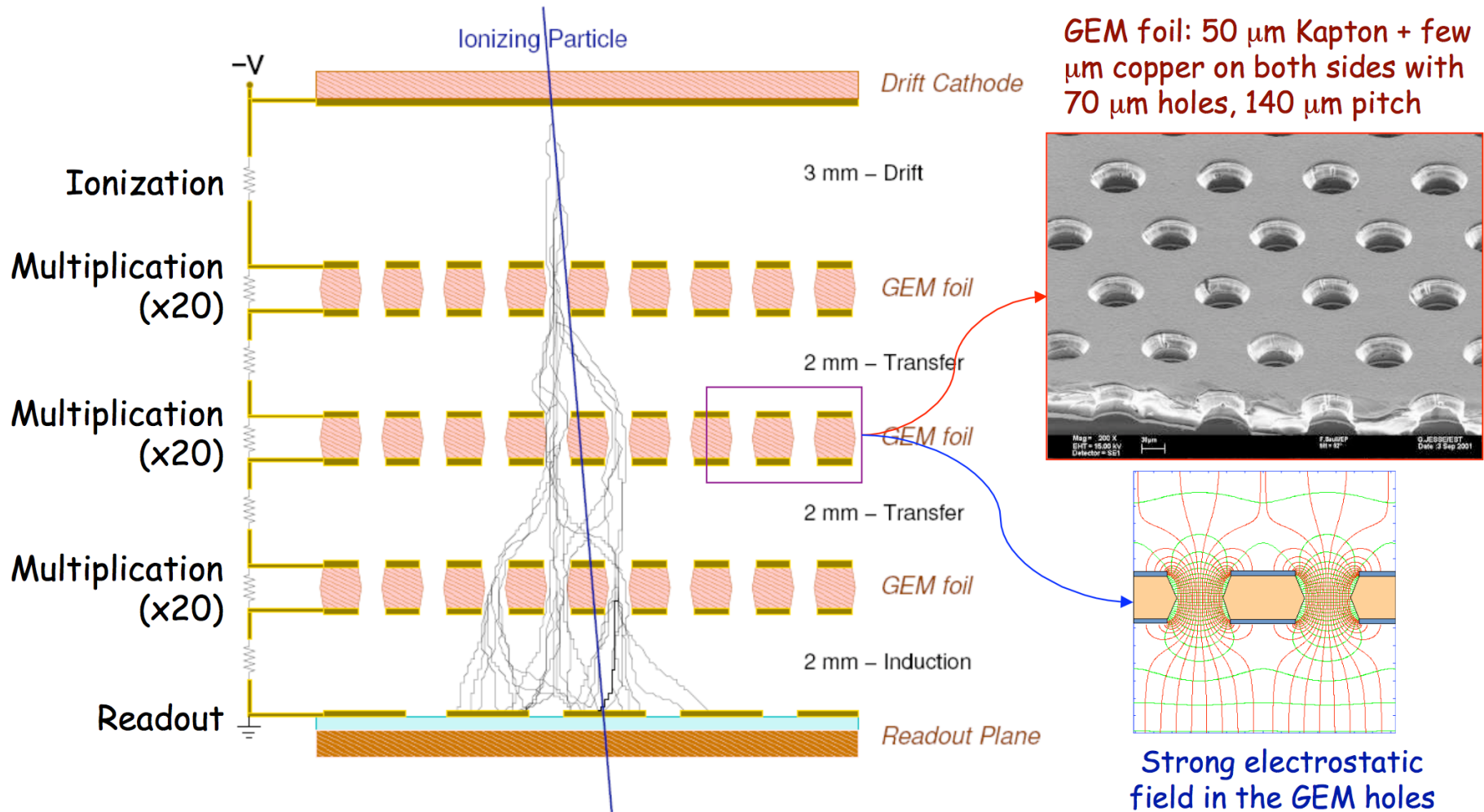
- Four layers of GEM chambers, upstream of quartz detectors, covering 4 septants
- Rotatable to allow redundant coverage of all septants, full acceptance
- Operated at low (~ 100 pA) beam currents
- Scintillator triggered



Desired septant coverage



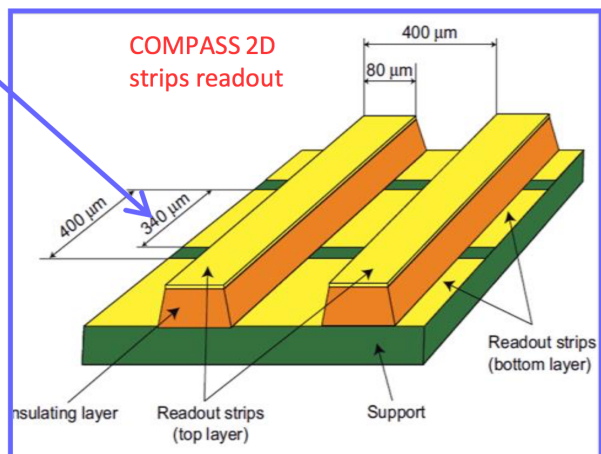
GEM Detectors



Recent technology: F. Sauli, Nucl. Instrum. Methods A386(1997)531

“Triple GEM” : Low mass, high rate capability, excellent position resolution

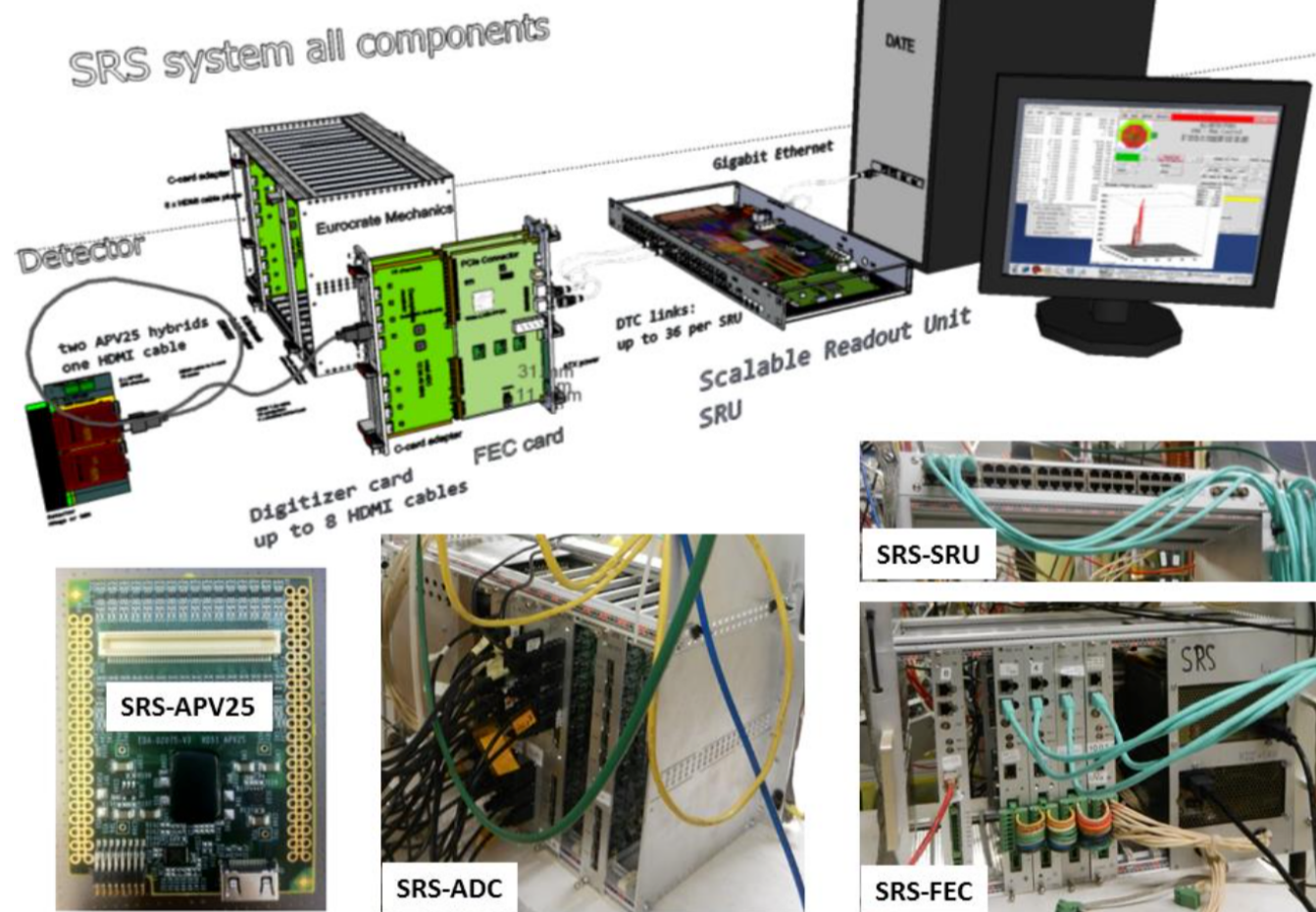
GEM Readout



- RD-51 Scalable Readout System (INFN)
 - commercial system
- APV25-S1 chip: developed for LHC

128 to 1 multiplexed

Choose 1 mm pitch;
Charge center of gravity gives $\sigma_x < 100 \mu\text{m}$



UVirginia GEM Lab

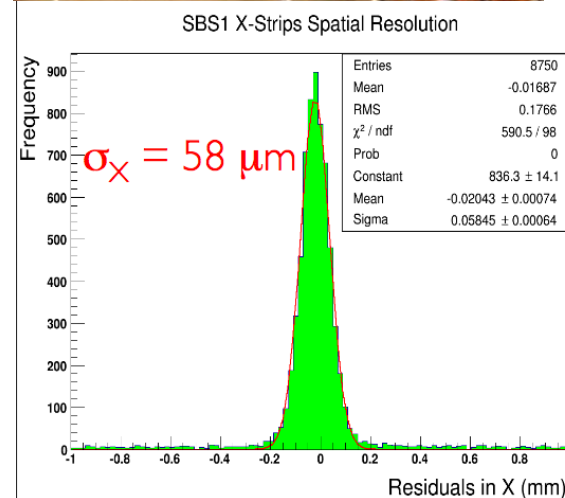
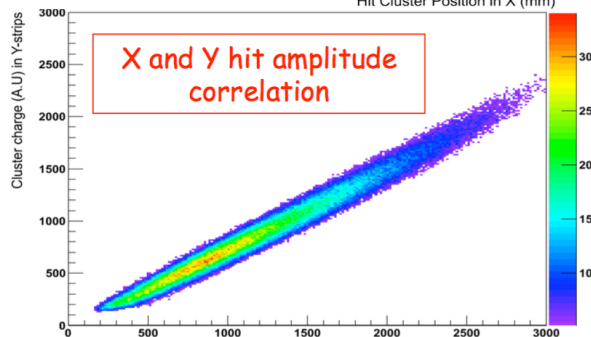
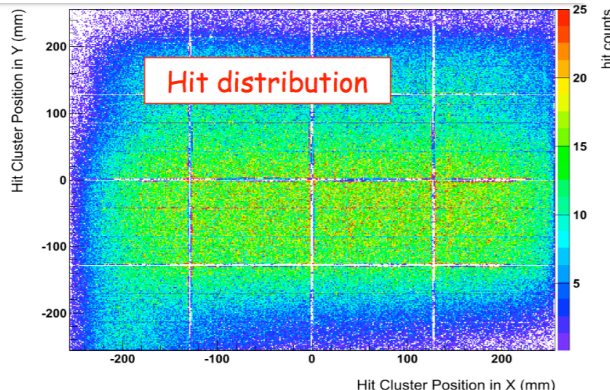
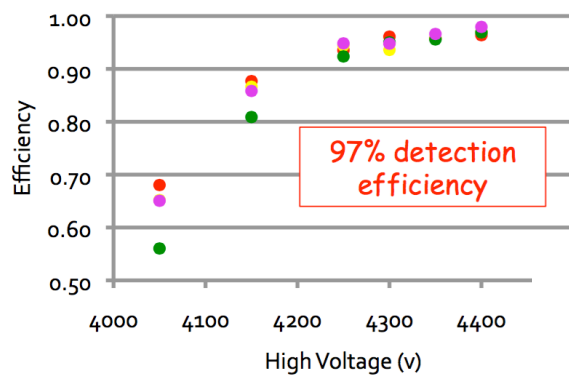
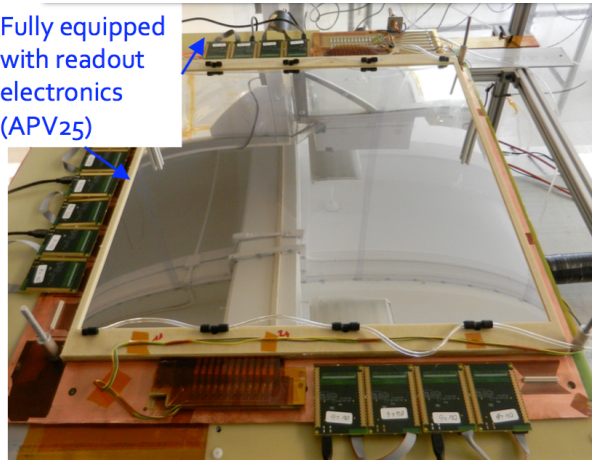
N. Liyanage *et al.*

- World's largest-area (1.2 m²) for PRad experiment →

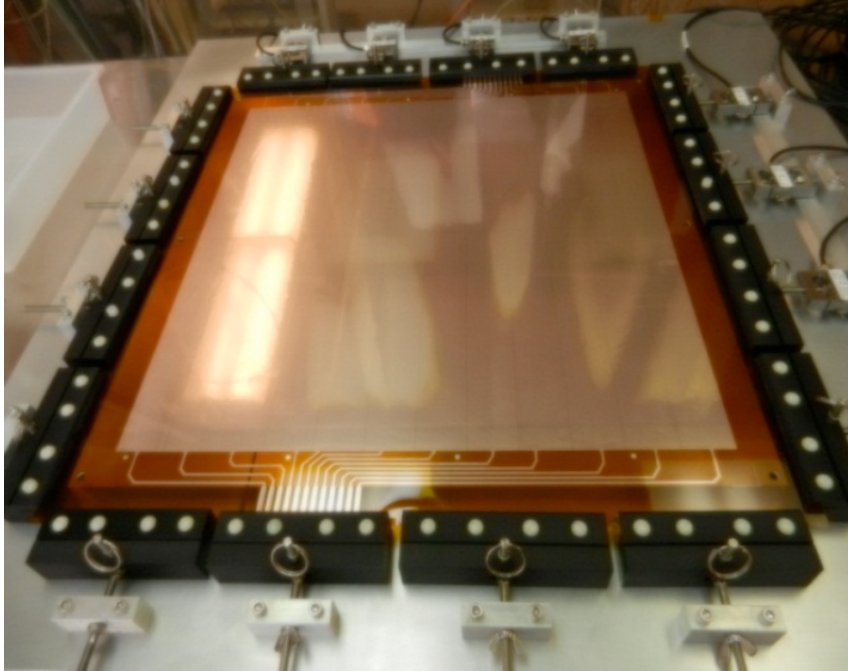
- 45 large-area GEMs for SBS project

[36 built so far, all 36 operational]

Fully equipped
with readout
electronics
(APV25)



GEM Detectors



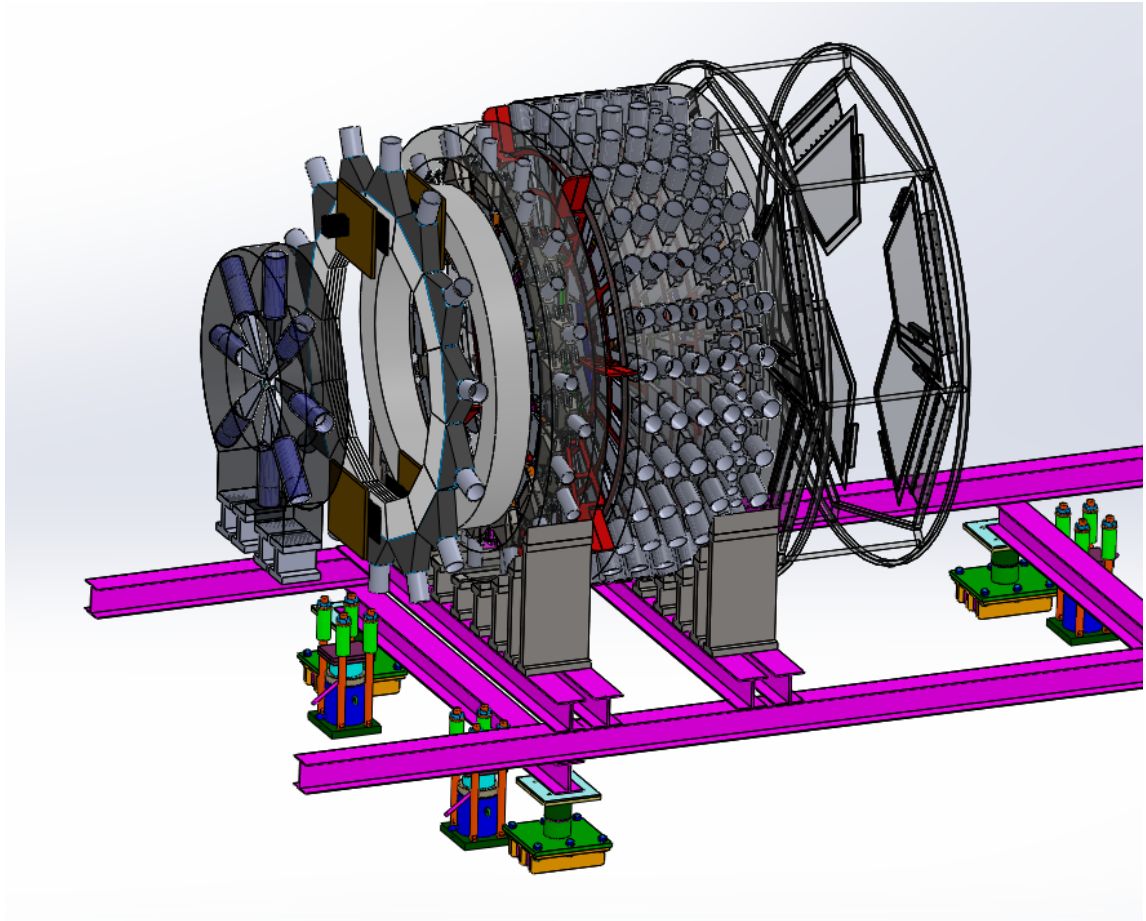
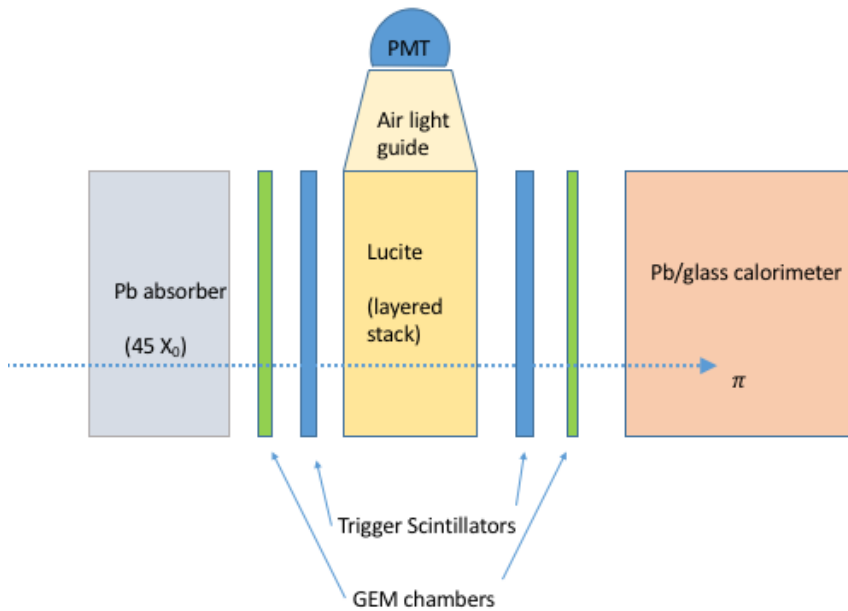
1 mm pitch: 36,000 readout channels.
Trapezoid shape

Conservative assumption of $500\ \mu\text{m}$ resolution meets tracking requirements.

GEM chambers will be rotated 90° (parallel to beam axis) to be out of acceptance during main measurement – support/rotation to be designed.

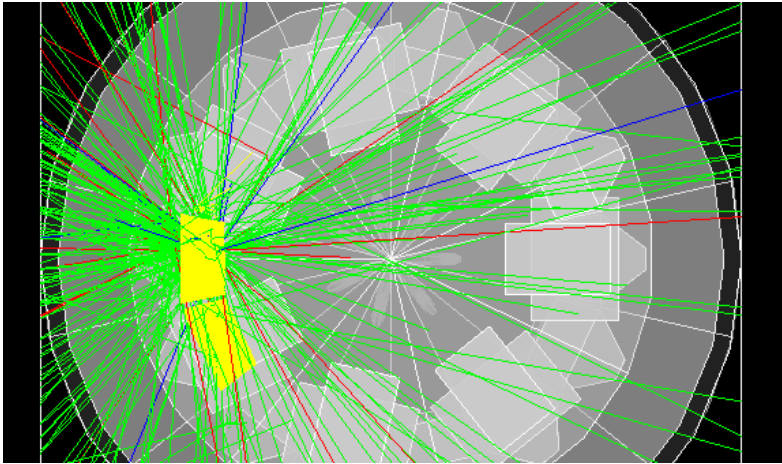
	z(m)	Inner rad(m)	Outer rad(m)	$\pm\phi(\text{deg})$	Area (m^2)
GEM #1	22.64	0.45	0.88	31.1	0.31
GEM #2	23.64	0.49	0.93	30.5	0.33
GEM #3	27.00	0.61	1.11	29.4	0.44
GEM #4	28.00	0.65	1.17	29.4	0.49

Pion Detectors

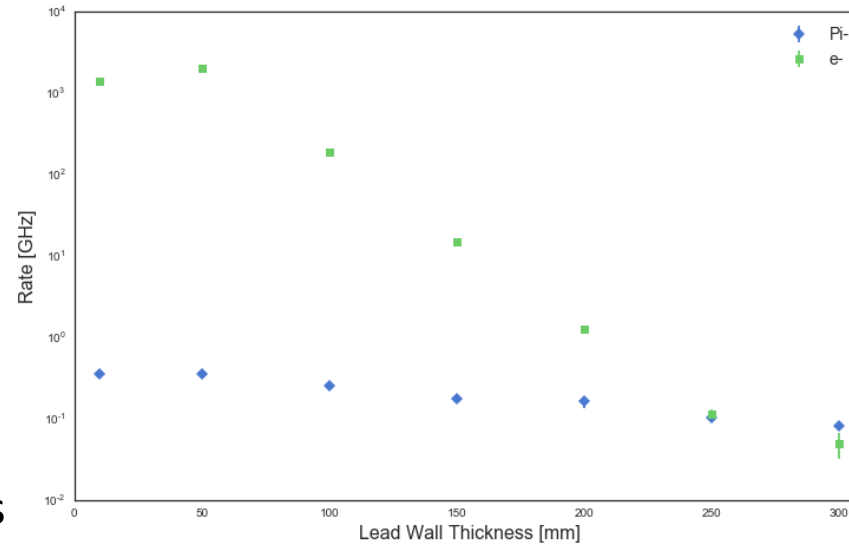


- 14 Lucite Cerenkov detectors:
14 cm thick, read out by 5" PMTs
Full azimuth, fixed locations, for A_π measurement
cover Ring 5 ("Moller ring") only
- GEANT4-based optical design begun;
initial estimate: 40 pe's/track
- Supplemented in 2 sectors by GEM/scintillator/calorimeter system for R_π measurement; connect tracks to MIP signal in ShowerMax detector

Pion Detectors



GEANT 4 simulations



- Pion flux: ~ 10 MHz/sector
- Lucite sufficiently rad-hard (HAPPEX-I experience)
- $\delta A_\pi = 0.34$ ppm/day $\rightarrow$ 100 ppb (20% relative) in 10 days
(detector resolution $\sigma = 30\%$)

Cost and Schedule

WBS	Dictionary	Estimate (k\$)
1	The MOLLER project	
1.4	Tracking subsystem	1040
1.4.1	Gas electron multiplier (GEM) detectors	712
1.4.2	Trigger scintillators	53
1.4.3	Pion detector	146
1.4.4	Tracking electronics	54
1.4.5	Pre-amps/discriminators	75

1.4.1 GEMs:

20 modules + 4 spares @ \$11,000/module	\$264 k
FE & readout electronics 36,000 channels @ \$4/channel	\$144 k
Technical Manpower (24 FTE months)	\$180 k
Design, Tooling, Prototyping	<u>\$124 k</u>
[based on UVa actual costs for SBS GEMs]	\$712 k

1.4.3 Pion Detector system

PMTs and bases (14)	\$91 k
Lucite, machining	\$8 k
Light guides, enclosure	\$15 k
Pb-glass calorimeters	<u>\$33 k</u>
	\$146 k

Cost and Schedule

WBS	Dictionary	Estimate (k\$)
1	The MOLLER project	
1.4	Tracking subsystem	1040
1.4.1	Gas electron multiplier (GEM) detectors	712
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1.4.4	Tracking electronics	54
1.4.5	Pre-amps/discriminators	75

1.4.4 Tracking electronics

Event-mode readout for Quartz main detectors during Tracking
CAEN V792AC (11 modules) & VME crate \$54 k

1.4.5 Pre-amps/Discriminators

Event-mode readout for Quartz main detectors during Tracking
330 channels: Phillips 779 and 707 modules \$75 k

GEM rotator, Pb absorber, HV, cabling: costed in WBS 1.5

Tracking & Pion Detectors Summary

1) GEM-based Tracking System

- build on expertise developed (U. Virginia) for SBS, PRad, SoLID
- need to design support/rotation system

2) Pion Detector System

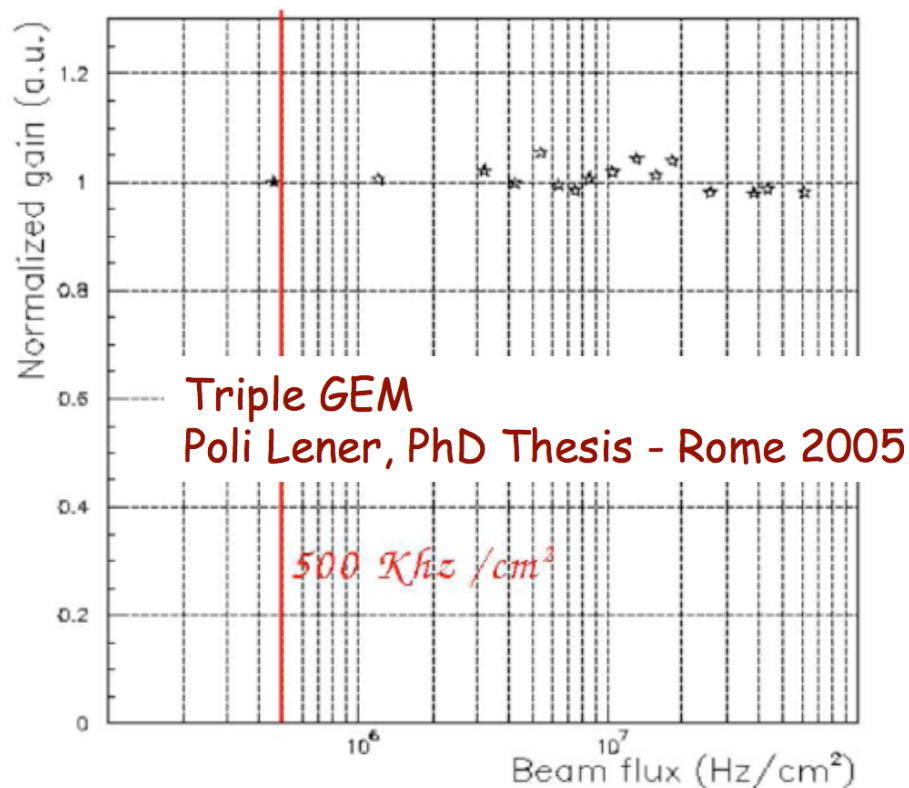
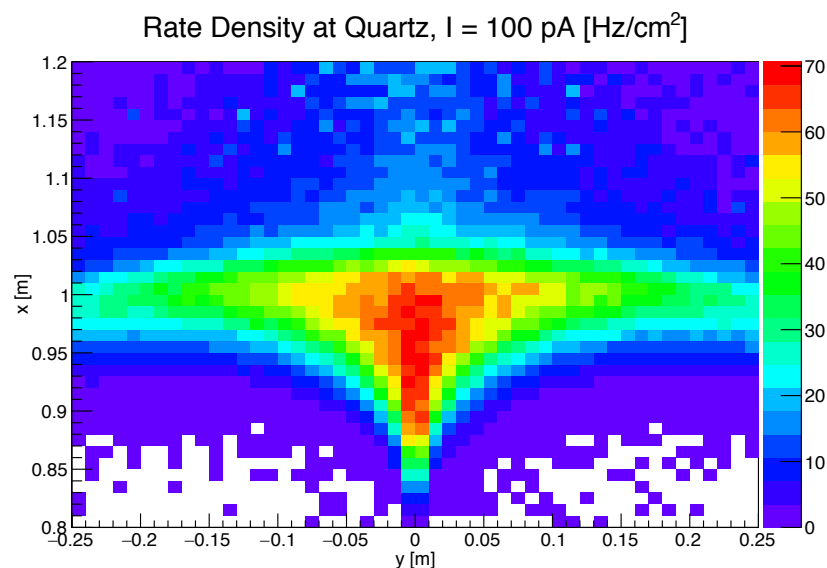
- Lucite Cerenkov detector: detailed optical design begun
- in-beam prototype tests (eg. SLAC 10 GeV beam) proposed

Backup

GEM – Rate Capability

High Rate capability

- Multiplication stages shielded from each other: much reduced feed back
- Slow moving positive ions localized to holes, away from the induction region
- Most of the created electrons contribute to signal: operate at low gains

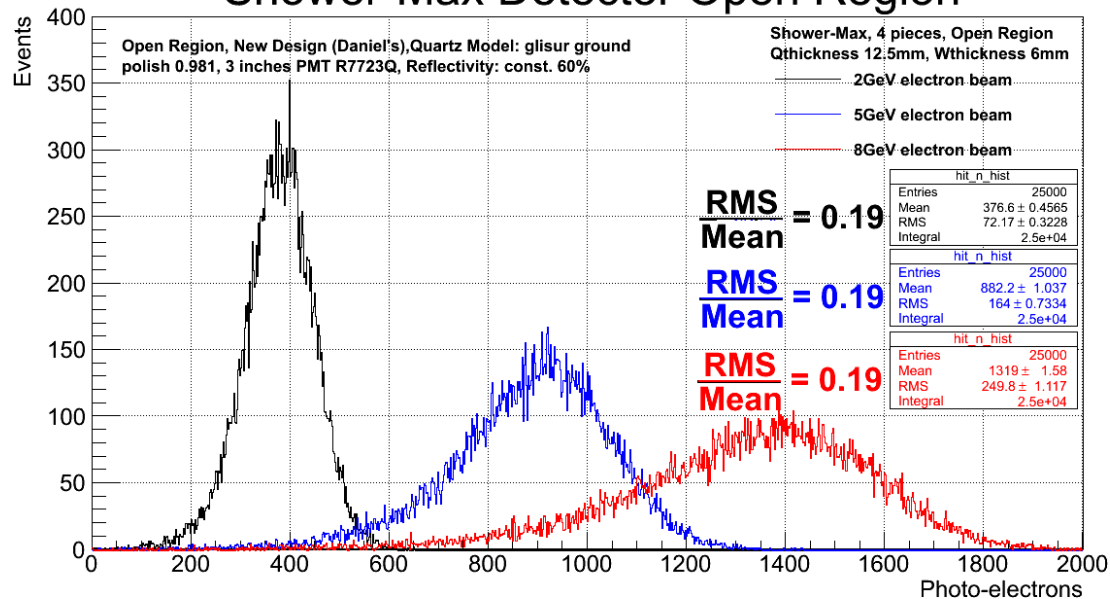


GEMs can operate up to $> 10 \text{ MHz}/\text{cm}^2$

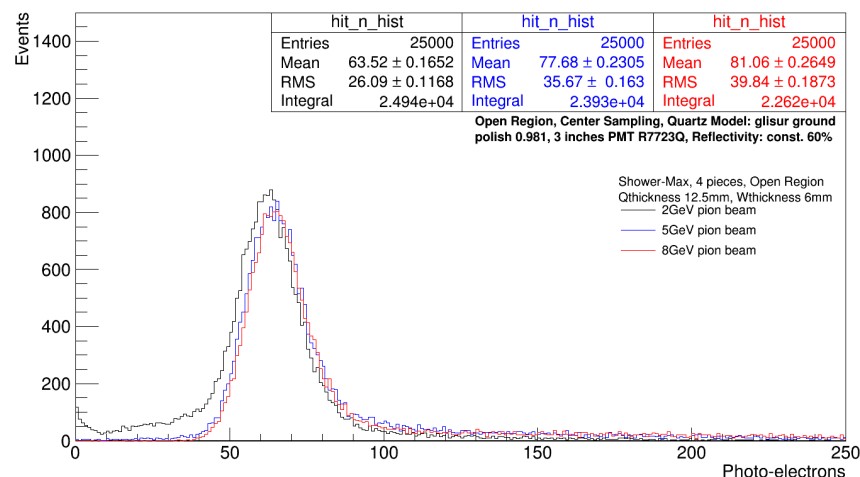
Max rate for Moller Tracking:
 $200 \text{ Hz}/\text{cm}^2$

Pion Identification in ShowerMax

Photo-Electron Distribution Shower-Max Detector Open Region



Showermax Photo-Electron Distribution (open)



ShowerMax detector: clear e/pi discrimination – use in software coincidence with pion detector system

electrons

Ability to link track seen in pion detector GEMs to ShowerMax limited by mult. scatt. in Pb absorber (50 mrad for 2 GeV π)

pions