

## HP 75000 SERIES C

# Eight-Channel Straight-Through Signal Conditioning Plug-on HP E1413/E1313 Option 11

User's Manual

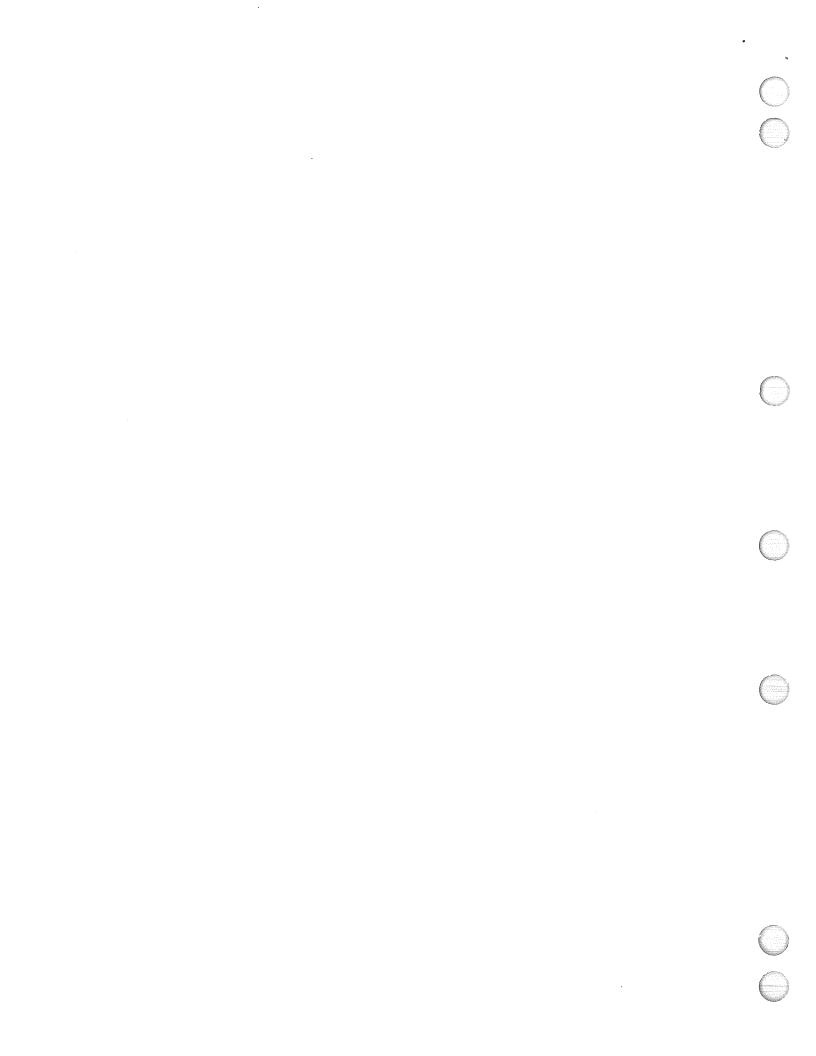
Enclosed is the User's Manual for the HP E1413/E1313 Option 11 Signal Conditioning Plug-on. Insert this manual in your HP E1413/E1313 manual behind the "Signal Conditioning Plug-ons" divider.



Copyright © Hewlett-Packard Company, 1993, 1994



E1413-9007



# HP E1413/E1313 Option 11 Eight-Channel Straight-Through Signal Conditioning Plug-on

## Introduction

The HP E1413/E1313 Option 11 is the most basic Signal Conditioning Plug-on. The Option 11 provides 8 hard wired paths that do not modify the input signal at all. The Option 11 SCP provides input over-voltage detection and open transducer detection on each channel.

### **About this Manual**

This manual shows you how to control the Signal Conditioning Plug-on (SCP) using SCPI commands as well as Register-Based commands, and explains the capabilities of this SCP. The contents of this manual are:

•	Installation	1
•	Identifying the Plug-on	1
•	Programming With SCPI Commands	2
•	Programming With Register Commands	4
•	Specifications	6

### Installation

Installation for this Plug-on is common to several others and is covered in Chapters 1 and 2 of your HP E1413/E1313 manual.

## Identifying the Plug-on

You'll find the HP part number on the connector side of the SCP to the left of the serial number bar code. For the HP E1413/E1313 Option 11, the part number is: E1413-63511

## **Programming With SCPI Commands**

The SCPI commands shown here are covered in Chapters 3 and 5 of your HP E1413/E1313 manual. This section will relate those commands to the parameter values which are specific to this Plug-on.

# Checking the ID of the SCP

To verify the SCP type(s) installed on the HP E1413/E1313 use the SYSTem:CTYPe? (@<channel>) command.

• The *channel* parameter specifies a single channel in the channel range covered by the SCP of interest. The first channel number for each of the eight SCP positions are; 0,8,16,24,32,40,48, and 56.

The value returned for the Option 11 SCP is: HEWLETT-PACKARD,E1413 Opt 11 8-Channel Straight-Through SCP,0,0

To determine the type of SCP installed on channels 0 through 7 send

SYST:CTYP? (@100) enter statement here

query SCP type @ ch 0 enter response string

## Querying the Filter Cutoff Frequency

While the Option 11 does not provide any filtering, the cutoff frequency can be queried. Response to this query will always be 0 (zero). To query any channel for its cutoff frequency use the INPut:FILTer[:LPASs]:FREQuency? (@<channel>) command. The INP:FILT:FREQ? command returns the numeric cutoff value currently set for the channel specified.

• The channel parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the cutoff frequency of channel 6 send

INP:FILT:FREQ? (@106) enter statement here

query channel 6

# Querying the Filter State

While the Option 11 does not provide any filtering, the state of the filter can be queried. Response to this query will always be 0 (zero). To query any channel to determine if it is enabled or disabled use the INPut:FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe]? (@<channel>) command. The INP:FILT? command returns a 0 if the channel is OFF or a 1 if the channel is ON.

• The *channel* parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the filter state of channel 2 send

INP:FILT? (@102) enter statement here

query channel 2

# Querying the Channel Gain

While the Option 11 does not provide amplifiers, the channel gain can be queried. Response to this query will always be 1. To query any channel to determine its gain setting use the INPut:GAIN? (@<channel>) command. The INP:GAIN? command returns the current gain value for the specified channel.

• The channel parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the gain setting of channel 8 send

INP:GAIN? (@108) enter statement here

query channel 8

### Detecting Open Transducers

This SCP provides a method to detect open transducers. When Open Transducer Detect (OTD) is enabled, the SCP injects a small current into the HIGH and LOW input of each channel. The polarity of the current pulls the HIGH inputs toward +17 volts and the LOW inputs towards -17 volts. If a transducer is open, measuring that channel will return an over-voltage condition. OTD is available on a per SCP basic. all eight channels of an SCP are enabled or disabled together. See Figure 1 for a simplified schematic diagram of the OTD circuit.

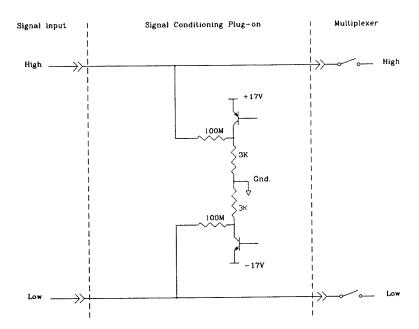


Figure 1 Open Transducer Detect Circuit

#### NOTE

When OTD is enabled, the inputs have up to  $0.2\mu A$  injected into them. If this current will adversely affect your measurement, but you still want to check for open transducers, you can enable OTD, make a single scan, check the CVT for bad measurements, then disable OTD and make your regular measurement scans. The specifications apply only when OTD is off.

To enable or disable Open Transducer Detection, use the DIAGnostic:OTDetect <*enable*>, (@<*ch list*>) command.

- The enable parameter can specify ON or OFF
- An SCP is addressed when the ch\_list parameter specifies a channel number contained on the SCP. The first channel on each SCP is:

   0, 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, and 56

To enable Open Transducer Detection on all channels on SCPs 1 and 3:

DIAG:OTD ON, (@100,116)

0 is on SCP 1 and 16 is on SCP3

To disable Open Transducer Detection on all channels on SCPs 1 and 3:

DIAG:OTD OFF, (@100,116)

## **Register Based Programming**

The register-based commands shown here are covered in Appendix D of the HP E1413/E1313 manual. You should read that section first to become familiar with accessing registers and executing Register-Based Commands. This section will relate those commands to the parameter values which are specific to this Plug-on.

When Register Programming an SCP most communication is through the Signal Conditioning Bus. For that you will use the Register Commands:

SCBWRITE < regaddr> < regvalue> and SCBREAD? < regaddr>

### HP E1413/E1313 Option 11 Register Map

Read (returned value)	Write( < regvalue>)	SCP Register	<regaddr> Value</regaddr>
SCP ID (2020 <sub>16</sub> )		Whole SCP Reg 0	00ppp000000 <sub>2</sub>

ppp=Plug-on ccc=SCP channe

In addition you will access bits in the Card Control register to control Open Transducer Detection.

## **Checking ID of SCP**

To query an SCP for its ID value, write the following value to Parameter Register 1:

 $(SCP number) \times 4016$ 

Then write the opcode for SCBREAD? (0800<sub>16</sub>) to the Command Register. The ID value will be written to the Query Response Register.

# Detecting Open Transducers

Open Transducer Detection (OTD) is controlled by bits in the Card Control Register. For more information on OTD see Figure 1.

#### **Card Control Register**

#### (Base + 12<sub>16</sub>)

15	14	14-13	12	11	10-8	7-0
PSI Pwr Reset	FIFO Mode	unused	FIFO Clear	VPPEN	A24 Window	Open Transducer Detect

Writing a one (1) to a bit enables open transducer detect on that signal conditioning module. Writing a zero (0) to a bit disables open transducer detect. See following table.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
SCP 7	SCP 6	SCP 5	SCP 4	SCP 3	SCP 2	SCP 1	SCP 0

## **Specifications**

These specifications for the HP E1413/E1313 Option 11 reflect the combined performance of the HP E1413/E1313 and the Option 11 Signal Conditioning Plug-on. These specifications are not to be added to those presented in the HP E1413/E1313 User's Manual.

### **General Specifications**

Measurement ranges							
DC Volts	(Opt 11) ±62.	5mV to ±16V	Full Scale				
Temperature	Thermocouples200 to +1700 °C Thermistors - (Opt 15 required) -80 to +160 °C RTD's - (Opt 15 required) -200 to +850 °C						
Resistance	(Opt 15 with o	opt 11) 512 ol	hms to 131 K	ohms FS			
Strain	25,000 μe or	limit of linear	range of strai	n gage			
Maximum input voltage (Normal mode plus common mode)	Operating: < ±16 V peak Damage level: > ±42 V peak						
Maximum common mode voltage	Operating: < ±16 V peak Damage level: > ±42 V peak						
Common mode rejection			0 to 60H	z -105dB			
Input impedance		gre	ater than 100	Mohm differe	ntial		
Maximum tare cal offset	(M:	aximum tare (	offset depend	s on A/D rang	e and SCP ga	ain)	
	A/D range ±V F.Scale	16	4	1	0.25	0.0625	
	Max Offset	3.2213	.82101	.23061	.07581	.03792	

## Measurement accuracy DC Volts

(90 days) 23°C  $\pm$ 1°C (with \*CAL? done after 1 hr warm up and CAL:ZERO? within 5 min.). If autoranging is ON, add  $\pm$ .02% FS to accuracy specifications. For E1313, multiply Noise Spec. by 1.4.

A/D range	Linearity	Offset Error	Noise	Noise*
±V F.Scale	% of reading		3 sigma	3 sigma
.0625	0.01%	5.3 μV	18 μV	8 μV
.25	0.01%	10.3 μV	45 μV	24 μV
1	0.01%	31 μV	110 μV	90 μV
4	0.01%	122 μV	450 μV	366 μV
16	0.01%	488 μV	1.8 mV	1.5 mV

<sup>\* [</sup>SENSe:]FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe] ON (max scan rate - 100 rdgs/sec/channel)

Temperature Coefficients: Gain - 10ppm/°C. Offset - (0 - 40°C) .14μV/°C, (40 - 55°C) .8μV+.38μV/°C

#### Measurement accuracy Temperature

(90 days) 23°C  $\pm$ 1°C (with \*CAL? done after 1 hr warm up and CAL:ZERO? within 5 min.). If autoranging is ON, add  $\pm$ .02% FS to accuracy specifications.

(simplified specifications, see temperature accuracy graphs in HP E1413/E1313 manual for details) The temperature accuracy specifications include instrument and firmware linearization errors. The linearization algorithm used is based on the IPTS-68(78) standard transducer curves. Add your transducer accuracy to determine total measurement error.

#### **Thermocouples**

Type E	A/D Filter	-200 to 0 °C	0 to 200 °C	200 to 400 °C	400 to 800 °C
	OFF	2.25°C	0.37°C	0.27°C	0.25°C
	ON*	1.65°C	0.22°C	0.15°C	0.15°C
Type EEXtended	A/D Filter	-200 to 0 °C	0 to 200 °C	200 to 800 °C	800 to 1000 °C
	OFF	13.3°C	0.70°C	0.30°C	0.60°C
	ON*	12.7°C	0.40°C	0.20°C	0.30°C
Type J	A/D Filter	-200 to 0 °C	0 to 200 °C	200 to 600 °C	600 to 775 °C
	OFF	2.10°C	0.45°C	0.35°C	0.35°C
	ON*	1.75°C	0.25°C	0.20°C	0.20°C
Туре К	A/D Filter	-200 to 0 °C	0 to 400 °C	400 to 800 °C	800 to 1400°C
	OFF	3.50°C	0.60°C	0.50°C	0.60°C
	ON*	3.10°C	0.30°C	0.25°C	0.35°C
Type R	A/D Filter	0 to 100 °C	100 to 200 °C	200 to 600 °C	600 to 1000 °C
	OFF	4.25°C	2.75°C	2.25°C	1.70°C
	ON*	2.60°C	1.65°C	1.20°C	0.90°C

<sup>\* [</sup>SENSe:]FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe] ON (max scan rate - 100 rdgs/sec/channel)

Measurement accuracy Temperature (cont.)	(simplified spe HP E1413/E13	cifications, see te 113 manual for de	mperature accui tails)	racy graphs in	
Thermocouples (cont.)					
Type S	A/D Filter	0 to 100 °C	100 to 200 °C	200 to 800 °C	800 to 1750 °C
	OFF ON*	5.50°C 4.00°C	3.50°C 2.30°C	2.50°C 1.50°C	1.80°C 0.90°C
Type T	A/D Filter	-200 to -100°C	-100 to 0 °C	0 to 200 °C	200 to 400 °C
	OFF ON*	2.38°C 1.78°C	0.80°C 0.50°C	0.55°C 0.30°C	0.38°C 0.20°C
5KΩ Reference Thermistor		1	•	,	,
	A/D Filter	-10 to 65 °C	65 to 85 °C	•	
	OFF ON*	0.012°C 0.0095°C	0.016°C 0.0100°C		
100 $\Omega$ Reference RTD					
	A/D Filter	-125 to 75°C			
	OFF ON*	0.40°C 0.21°C			
<b>100</b> Ω <b>RTD</b>		`			
_	A/D Filter	-200 to 75 °C	75 to 300 °C	300 to 600 °C	600 to 970 °C
	OFF ON*	0.12°C 0.07°C	0.28°C 0.18°C	0.35°C 0.25°C	0.45°C 0.36°C
2252 $\Omega$ Thermistor					
	A/D Filter	0 to 30 °C	30 to 70 °C	70 to 80 °C	80 to 100 °C
	OFF ON*	0.012°C 0.010°C	0.013°C 0.012°C	0.012°C 0.008°C	0.019°C 0.013°C
<b>5</b> Κ $\Omega$ Thermistor					_
<del></del>	A/D Filter	0 to 30 °C	30 to 70 °C	70 to 85 °C	
	OFF ON*	0.014°C 0.011°C	0.020°C 0.014°C	0.028°C 0.019°C	
10KΩ Thermistor			,		
-	A/D Filter	0 to 30 °C	30 to 60 °C	60 to 90 °C	90 to 115 °C
	OFF ON*	0.015°C 0.013°C	0.020°C 0.014°C	0.023°C 0.017°C	0.035°C 0.023°C