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**SHARP**

SPEC. No. ED-98004

ISSUE

January 12, 1998

PAGE

10 Pages

ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS  
GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

REPRESENTATIVE DIVISION

**SPECIFICATION**

OPTO-ELECTRONIC DEVICES DIV.

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

PHOTOCOUPLER

Business dealing name

MODEL No.

PC814

PC814X

PC814X1

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2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets, as well as the precautions mentioned below. Sharp assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets, and the precautions mentioned below.

## (Precautions)

- (1) This product is designed for use in the following application areas ;

- OA equipment • Audio visual equipment • Home appliances
- Telecommunication equipment (Terminal) • Measuring equipment
- Tooling machines • Computers

If the use of the product in the above application areas is for equipment listed in paragraphs (2) or (3), please be sure to observe the precautions given in those respective paragraphs.

- (2) Appropriate measures, such as fail-safe design and redundant design considering the safety design of the overall system and equipment, should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when this product is used for equipment which demands high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;

- Transportation control and safety equipment (aircraft, train, automobile etc.)
- Traffic signals • Gas leakage sensor breakers • Rescue and security equipment
- Other safety equipment

- (3) Please do not use this product for equipment which require extremely high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;

- Space equipment • Telecommunication equipment (for trunk lines)
- Nuclear power control equipment • Medical equipment

- (4) Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative if there are any questions regarding interpretation of the above three paragraphs.

3. Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative for any questions about this product.

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE  
PRESENTED  
BY

J. M

DATE

BY

T. Matsumura,  
Department General Manager of  
Engineering Dept..II  
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**REFERENCE****1. Application**

This specification applies to the outline and characteristics of photocoupler Model No. PC814.

**2. Outline**

Refer to the attached drawing No. CY8543K02.

**3. Ratings and characteristics**

Refer to the attached sheet, page 4 to 6.

**4. Reliability**

Refer to the attached sheet, page 7.

**5. Incoming inspection**

Refer to the attached sheet, page 8.

**6. Supplement****6.1 Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.**

- (1) Short between anode and cathode on the primary side, and between collector and emitter on the secondary side.
- (2) The dielectric withstand tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The wave form of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.  
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage be measured in insulation oil.)

**6.2 Collector current ( $I_c$ ) Delivery rank table**

("○" mark indicates business dealing name of ordered product)

Ordered product	Business dealing name	Rank mark	$I_c$ (mA)
	PC814X	A or no mark	0.2 to 3.0
	PC814X1	A	0.5 to 1.5

Test conditions
$I_F = \pm 1 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$
$T_a = 25^\circ \text{C}$

**REFERENCE**

6.3 This Model is approved by UL.

Approved Model No. : PC814

UL file No. : E64380

6.4 This photocoupler is designed for AC input..

6.5 This product is not designed against irradiation.

This product is assembled with electrical input and output.

This product incorporates non-coherent light emitting diode.

6.6 ODS materials

This device • component shall not contain the following materials.  
Also, the following materials shall not be used in the production process  
for this device • component.

Materials for ODS : CFC<sub>s</sub>, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride,  
1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

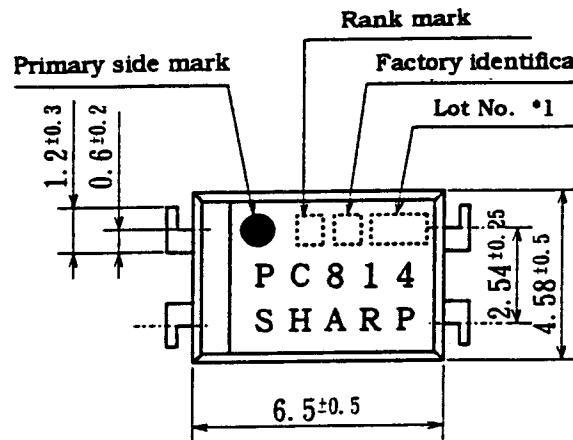
6.7 Brominated flame retardants

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBO<sub>s</sub> and PBB<sub>s</sub> are not used  
in this device at all.

7. Notes

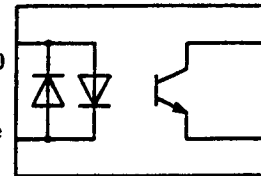
Refer to the attached sheet-1-1,2.

**REFERENCE**



1: Anode  
(Cathode)

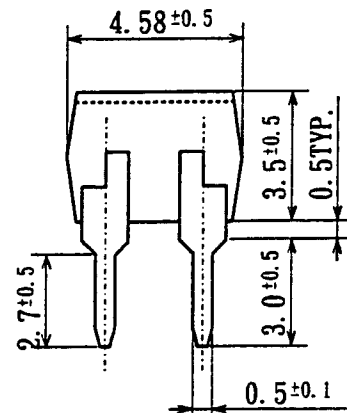
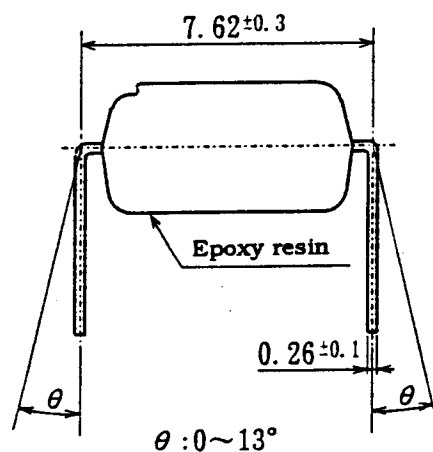
2: Cathode  
(Anode)



4: Collector

3: Emitter

Pin Nos. and internal connection diagram



Product mass : Approx. 0.25g

\*1) 2-digit number shall be marked according to DIN standard.

\*2) Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

UNIT : 1/1 mm	
Name	PC814 Outline Dimensions (Business dealing name : PC814X)
Drawing No.	CY8543K02

REFERENCE

### 3. Ratings and characteristics

#### 3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	*1 Forward current	$I_F$	$\pm 50$	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	$I_{FM}$	$\pm 1$	A
	*1 Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CEO}$	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	$V_{ECO}$	6	V
	Collector current	$I_c$	50	mA
	*1 Collector power dissipation	$P_c$	150	mW
*1 Total power dissipation		$P_{tot}$	200	mW
Operating temperature		$T_{opr}$	-30 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature		$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
*3 Isolation voltage		$V_{iso}$	5	kVrms
*4 Soldering temperature		$T_{sol}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

\*1 The derating factors of absolute maximum ratings due to ambient temperature are shown in Fig. 1 to 4.

\*2 Pulse width  $\leq 100 \mu\text{s}$ , Duty ratio : 0.001 (Refer to Fig. 5)

\*3 AC for 1 min, 40 to 60%RH

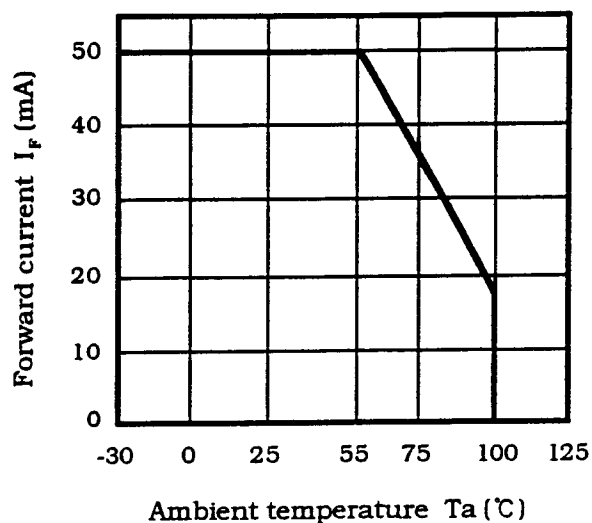
\*4 For 10 s

## 3.2 Electro-optical characteristics

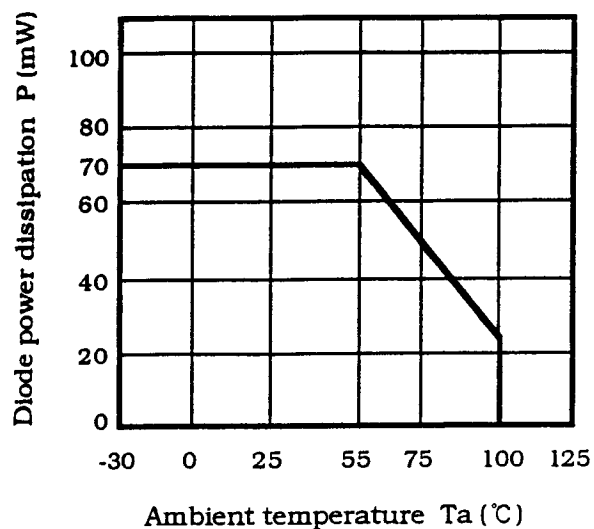
Ta=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}$	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage	$V_{FM}$	$I_{FM} = \pm 0.5\text{A}$	-	-	3.0	V
	Terminal capacitance	$C_t$	$V=0, f=1\text{kHz}$	-	50	250	pF
Output	Dark current	$I_{CEO}$	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_F=0$	-	-	100	nA
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C=0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F=0$	35	-	-	V
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	$BV_{ECO}$	$I_E=10\text{ }\mu\text{A}, I_F=0$	6	-	-	V
Transfer characteristics	Collector current	$I_C$	$I_F = \pm 1\text{mA}$ $V_{CE}=5\text{V}$	0.2	-	3.0	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}$ $I_C=1\text{mA}$	-	0.1	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance	$R_{iso}$	DC500V 40 to 60%RH	$5 \times 10^{10}$	$10^{11}$	-	$\Omega$
	Floating capacitance	$C_f$	$V=0, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency	$f_c$	$V_{CE}=5\text{V}, I_C=2\text{mA}$ $R_L=100\text{ }\Omega, -3\text{dB}$	15	80	-	kHz
	Response time (Rise)	$t_r$	$V_{CE}=2\text{V}$ $I_C=2\text{mA}$ $R_L=100\text{ }\Omega$	-	4	18	$\mu\text{s}$
	Response time (Fall)	$t_f$		-	3	18	$\mu\text{s}$

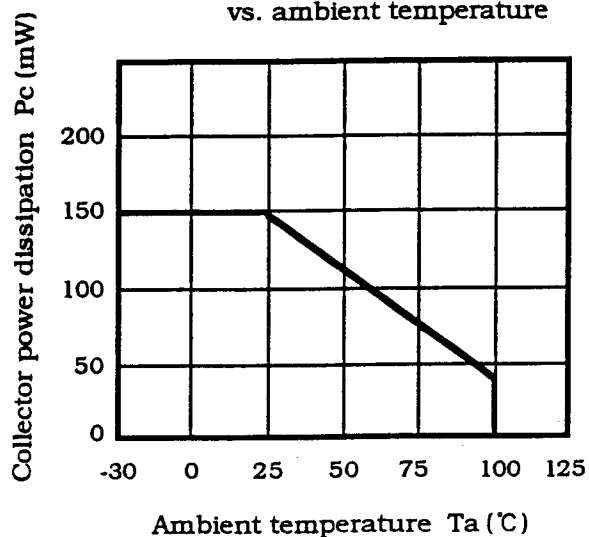
(Fig. 1) Forward current vs. ambient temperature



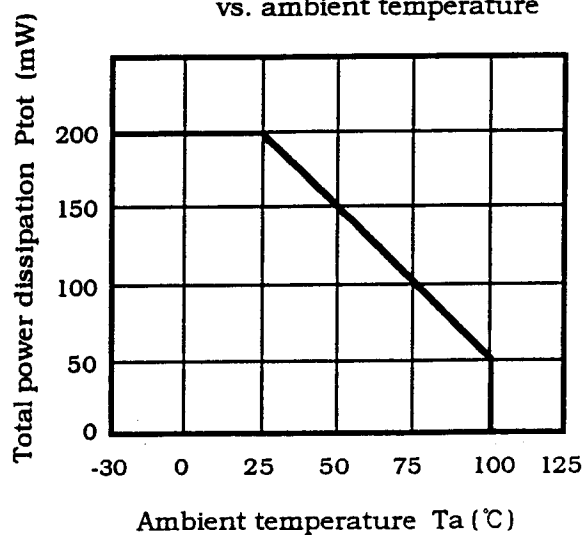
(Fig. 2) Diode power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



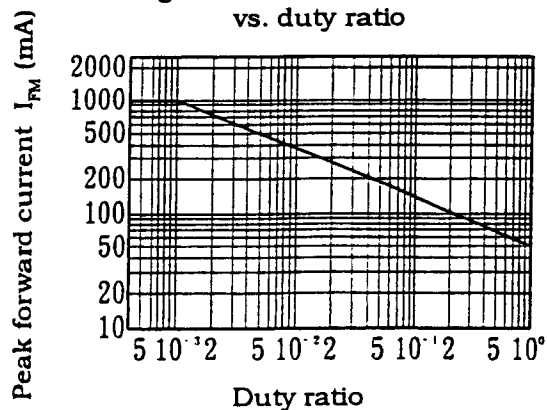
(Fig. 3) Collector power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



(Fig. 4) Total power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



(Fig. 5) Peak forward current vs. duty ratio



Pulse width  $\leq 100 \mu s$   
 $T_a = 25^\circ C$

REFERENCE

## 4. Reliability

The reliability of products shall satisfy items listed below.

Confidence level : 90%

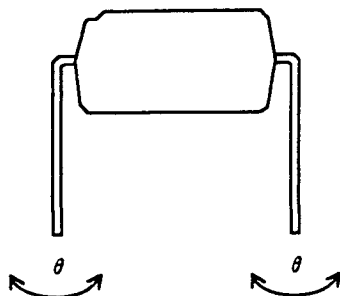
LTPD : 10%/20%

Test Items	Test Conditions *1	Failure Judgement Criteria	Samples (n)
			Defective(C)
Solderability *2	230°C, 5 s	—	n=11, C=0
Soldering heat	260°C, 10 s	$V_F > U \times 1.2$ $I_{CEO} > U \times 2$ $I_C < L \times 0.7$ $V_{CE(sat)} > U \times 1.2$  U : Upper specification limit  L : Lower specification limit	n=11, C=0
Terminal strength (Tension)	Weight : 5N 5 s/each terminal		n=11, C=0
Terminal strength (Bending) *3	Weight : 2.5N 2 times/each terminal		n=11, C=0
Mechanical shock	15000m/s <sup>2</sup> , 0.5ms 3 times/ ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction		n=11, C=0
Variable frequency vibration	100 to 2000 to 100Hz/4min 200m/s <sup>2</sup> 4 times/ X, Y, Z direction		n=11, C=0
Temperature cycling	1 cycle -55°C to +125°C (30min) (30min) 20 cycles test		n=22, C=0
High temp. and high humidity storage	+60°C, 90%RH, 1000h		n=22, C=0
High temp. storage	+125°C, 1000h		n=22, C=0
Low temp. storage	-55°C, 1000h		n=22, C=0
Operation life	$I_F = \pm 50\text{mA}$ , $P_{tot} = 200\text{mW}$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 1000h		n=22, C=0

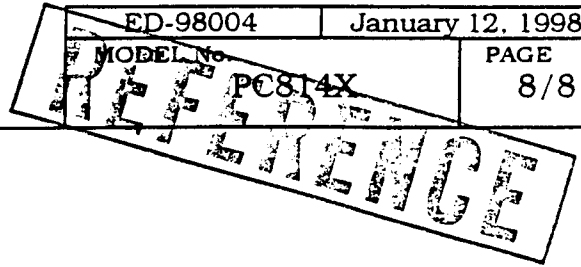
\*1 Test method, conforms to JIS C 7021.

\*2 Solder shall adhere at the area of 95% or more of immersed portion of lead, and pin hole or other holes shall not be concentrated on one portion.

\*3 Terminal bending direction is shown below.







## 5. Incoming inspection

### 5.1 Inspection items

#### (1) Electrical characteristics

$V_F$ ,  $I_{CEO}$ ,  $V_{CE(sat)}$ ,  $I_c$ ,  $R_{iso}$ ,  $V_{iso}$

#### (2) Appearance

### 5.2 Sampling method and Inspection level

A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on ISO 2859 is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)
Major defect	Electrical characteristics Unreadable marking	0.1
Minor defect	Appearance defect except the above mentioned.	0.4

Precautions for Photocouplers

## 1 For cleaning

- (1) Solvent cleaning : Solvent temperature 45°C or less  
Immersion for 3 min or less
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning : The effect to device by ultrasonic cleaning differs  
by cleaning bath size, ultrasonic power  
output, cleaning time, PWB size or device mounting  
condition etc. Please test it in actual using condition  
and confirm that doesn't occur any defect before starting  
the ultrasonic cleaning.

- (3) Applicable solvent : Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, Isopropyl alcohol

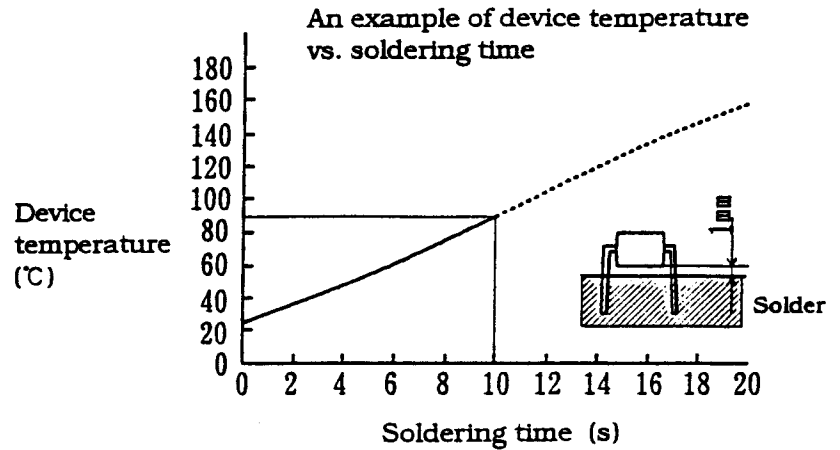
In case when the other solvent is used, there are cases that  
the packaging resin is eroded. Please use the other solvent  
after thorough confirmation is performed in actual using condition.

2. The LED used in the Photocoupler generally decreases the light emission power  
by operation. In case of long operation time, please design the circuit with considering  
the degradation of the light emission power of the LED. (50%/5years)

**REFERENCE**

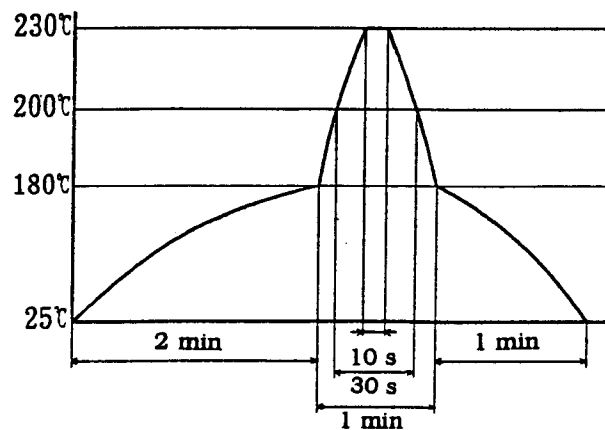
### 3. Precautions for Soldering Photocouplers

- (1) In case of soldering  
to lead  
260°C 10 s or less



- (2) If solder reflow :

It is recommended that only one soldering be done at the temperature and the time within the temperature profile as shown in the figure before.



- (3) Other precautions

An infrared lamp used to heat up for soldering may cause a localized temperature rise in the resin. So keep the package temperature within that specified in Item (2). Also avoid immersing the resin part in the solder.

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