Contents

PC[.]

Management Card Wizard 1

Introduction	 	 	1
Using the Management Card Wizard.	 	 	5
File Transfers 10			

Introduction	0
Upgrading Firmware	1
Verifying Upgrades and Updates	21

Updating Configuration Settings 22

Using the APC Security Wizard 24

Overview	. 24
Create a Root Certificate & Server Certificates	. 28
Create a Server Certificate and Signing Request	. 33
Create an SSH Host Key	. 37

Introduction

Overview

The APC Management Card Wizard is a Microsoft[®] Windows[®] application that pre-configures and reconfigures single or multiple embedded management cards of APC devices.



The Wizard works locally through the serial port of your computer or remotely over your TCP/IP network. Using the Wizard to configure embedded management cards of your Metered or Switched Rack PDU, you can do the following:

- Automatically discover unconfigured Rack PDUs remotely or locally
- Initially configure multiple Rack PDUs
- Reconfigure multiple Rack PDUs after they are deployed



Not all features in the user interface of the Management Card Wizard are supported for Rack PDUs. Use only the features documented in this addendum.

System requirements

The Wizard runs on Windows[®] 98, Windows NT[®], Windows 2000, Windows 2003, and Windows XP Intel-based workstations.



The Management Card Wizard uses FTP to transfer files. If you are using Secure CoPy (SCP) and have disabled the FTP server, you must temporarily enable it to use the Wizard to configure settings or upgrade firmware of a Rack PDU.

Configuring Rack PDU settings

Using the Wizard, you can configure basic settings locally or remotely for the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs. The Wizard cannot configure the following settings for the Metered or Switched Rack PDU:

- Event action settings
- Email settings
- DNS settings

Installing the Wizard

If autorun is enabled on your CD-ROM drive, the installation program will start automatically when the CD is inserted. Otherwise, run the **setup.exe** installation program found in the Wizard directory and follow the on-screen instructions. During installation, a shortcut link is created in the **Start** menu. Use this link to launch the Wizard application.

Online Help

To access the Wizard's online help, click **Help** at the lower left on the Wizard screen.



The Wizard is used with many APC devices, and some features described in the online help are not available with Rack PDUs.

Quick configuration of the required settings

You can configure the required TCP/IP settings quickly using the Wizard.



See Configuring the required TCP/IP settings.

Initially configuring embedded management cards of Rack PDUs

To configure Metered or Switched Rack PDUs initially, use the Wizard to configure the settings of each embedded management card locally.



See Pre-configuring the Rack PDU.

Reconfiguring multiple Metered or Switched Rack PDUs

To reconfigure multiple Metered or Switched Rack PDUs:

- 1. Deploy your Rack PDUs without any pre-configuration.
- 2. Configure the TCP/IP settings of each Rack PDU remotely through auto-discovery of its embedded management card.



See Configuring the required TCP/IP settings.



The Metered or Switched Rack PDUs can also use a DHCP server to assign the TCP/IP settings. See the Boot Mode description in the Rack PDU *User's Guide* (**usrguide.pdf**) on the Installation CD.

3. Reconfigure other settings of the embedded management cards of Rack PDUs remotely.

_	

See Reconfiguring deployed Rack PDUs. **To perform** this procedure, the FTP server must be enabled.

Using the Management Card Wizard

Configuring the required TCP/IP settings

To configure the Metered or Switched Rack PDU's required TCP/IP settings remotely:

- 1. Contact your network administrator to obtain valid TCP/IP settings.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, launch the Wizard application. The Wizard automatically detects any unconfigured Metered or Switched Rack PDUs.
- 3. Select the **Express (Recommended**) option from the "Installation Options" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 4. Select the **Remotely (over the Network)** option from the "Express Configuration" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 5. When the Wizard prompts you for the TCP/IP settings, configure the settings (System IP, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway addresses).
- 6. Select the **Start a Web browser when finished** option to connect over the Web to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU. This launches the default Web browser. Click **Finish** and wait for a few seconds to let the embedded management card restart, which will not interrupt power to attached equipment.
- 7. After you enter the correct, IP-formatted information, click **Finish** to transmit the TCP/IP settings. The Wizard checks to see if the System IP address you entered is in use on the network. If it is discovered as an IP address in use, enter a valid IP address, click **Finish**, and follow the on-screen instructions.

Pre-configuring the Rack PDU

To pre-configure the embedded management card of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU:

- Use the link in the Start menu to launch the Wizard application, then click Next > on the opening screen.
- 2. Select the **Custom (Advanced)** option from the "Installation Options" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 3. Select the **Define a New Configuration File (Typical)** option from the "Custom Installation" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 4. Configure your network settings. At a minimum, you must configure the TCP/IP settings (**System IP**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Default Gateway** addresses). As long as the Rack PDU's TCP/IP settings are configured before deployment, the Rack PDU can be reconfigured remotely at a later time.



If you intend to use the Wizard to reconfigure Rack PDUs, do not disable **FTP Server Access**.

- 5. Click **Next** > as many times as needed to cycle through the Rack PDU's settings. Bypass any setting that you do not want to configure.
- 6. Stop at the "Customize the settings that will be transmitted to the Management Card" screen. Choose to transmit the TCP/IP settings (System IP, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway addresses, and BOOTP) and any additional options you want to configure, then click Next >.
- 7. Verify the selections you have made on the "Configuration Summary" screen. You can save or print the settings. If you save the settings, you can load them into the Wizard at a later time. Click Next >.
- 8. Select the Locally (via serial port) option from the "Transmit Current Settings" screen, and then click Next >.

ack pdus 1

- 9. Follow the on-screen instructions.
 - a. Click **Apply** to transmit the new settings to the embedded management card of the Rack PDU. You will be prompted when the transmission is complete or if there was a communications failure.
 - b. To define the TCP/IP settings for the next embedded management card that you want to configure, click **Rewind** on the "Transmit Settings Locally" screen.

Reconfiguring deployed Rack PDUs

To perform this procedure, the FTP server must be enabled.

- Use the link in the Start menu to launch the Wizard application, and then click Next > on the opening screen.
- 2. Select the **Custom (Advanced)** option from the "Installation Options" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 3. Select the **Define a New Configuration File (Typical)** option from the "Custom Installation" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 4. Click **Next** > as many times as needed to cycle through the Rack PDU's settings. Bypass any setting that you do not want to configure.



Because the Wizard uses FTP to reconfigure Rack PDUs, do not disable **FTP Server Access**.

5. Stop at the "Customize the settings that will be transmitted to the Management Card" screen, and choose the settings to transmit to the Rack PDUs. (Choose only settings that are generic across multiple Rack PDUs.) Then click Next >.



Deselect the TCP/IP settings (System IP, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway addresses, and BOOTP) and FTP Server Access settings so that they will not overwrite these settings when you transfer the new settings. 6. On the "Configuration Summary" screen, verify the selections you made.

Be sure that you select only settings that you want to reconfigure so that you do not accidentally overwrite settings of the deployed Metered or Switched Rack PDU . All settings that have **YES** in the **Send** column of the "Configuration Summary" screen will be transmitted.

Click the appropriate buttons to save and print the summary. If you save the settings, you can load them into the Wizard later. Click **Next >**.

- 7. Select the **Remotely (over network via FTP Server)** option from the "Transmit Current Settings" screen, and then click **Next** >.
- 8. On the "Remote File Transfer" screen, add the IP addresses of the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs that you want to reconfigure. If the deployed Metered or Switched Rack PDUs have different settings for the Administrator User Name, Password, and FTP Server Port, change the values reflected in the Wizard. If you have a saved list of Metered or Switched Rack PDU IP addresses, you can load them by clicking Load.... Click Next > to continue.
- 9. Click **Apply** in the "Remote File Transfer via FTP" screen to transmit the new settings to all of the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs specified in the preceding step. After you transmit the settings to all of the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs, a transmission log is available. To save, print, or clear the log, click the appropriate button.

Overview

The Metered or Switched Rack PDU automatically recognizes binary firmware files. Each of these files contains a header and one or more Cyclical Redundancy Checks (CRCs) to ensure that the data contained in the file is not corrupted before or during the transfer operation.

When new firmware is transmitted to the Rack PDU, the program code is updated and new features become available.

This chapter describes how to transfer firmware files to Metered or Switched Rack PDUs.



To transfer a firmware file to a Rack PDU, see Upgrading Firmware.

Note To verify a file transfer, see Verifying Upgrades and Updates.

Upgrading Firmware

Firmware defined

Broadly defined, firmware is highly specialized, reliable software that resides on a memory chip within a computer or computer-related device.

The firmware allows the embedded management card to manage the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.

Benefits of upgrading firmware

Upgrading the firmware on the Metered or Switched Rack PDU has the following benefits:

- New firmware has the latest bug fixes and performance improvements.
- New features become available for immediate use.
- Keeping the firmware versions consistent across your network ensures that all Metered or Switched Rack PDUs support the same features in the same manner.

Obtain the latest firmware version

To determine if updated firmware is available to download, go to the "Software Downloads" page, **www.apc.com/tools/download**, on the APC Web site.

The firmware upgrade consists of the two modules: An APC Operating System (AOS) module and an application module.



See Firmware files (Metered or Switched Rack PDU).



You cannot upgrade the AOS firmware module of any APC device directly from firmware version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later. The upgrade attempt will fail.

To upgrade the AOS firmware module of an APC device from version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later, first upgrade the module to firmware version 2.0.1. Then upgrade it again, this time from version 2.0.1 to the 2.x.x version you want.

If your APC device is running version 2.0.1 of the AOS firmware module already, you may upgrade directly to version 2.1.0 or a later version.

Firmware files (Metered or Switched Rack PDU)

The APC Operating System (AOS) and application module files used with the Metered or Switched Rack PDU share the same basic format:

apc_hw0x_type_version.bin

- apc: Indicates that this is an APC file.
- hw0x: Identifies the version of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU that will run this binary file.
- type: Identifies whether the file is for the APC Operating System (AOS) or the application module (APP) for an embedded management card that connects to the network through the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.
- version: The version number of the application file. For example, a code of 220 would indicate version 2.2.0.
- bin: Indicates that this is a binary file.



For the most recent versions of the AOS and application modules for the Rack PDU, go to the "Software Downloads" page, **www.apc.com/tools/download**, on the APC Web site.

Firmware file transfer methods

You can use FTP to upgrade the firmware of one or more Metered or Switched Rack PDUs over the network.

You can use XMODEM to upgrade the firmware for a Rack PDU that is not on the network.

When you use FTP or XMODEM to upgrade the firmware for a Rack PDU, the APC Operating System (AOS) module must be transferred to the Rack PDU before you transfer the application module.



For more information about the firmware modules, see Firmware files (Metered or Switched Rack PDU).

Use FTP or SCP to upgrade one Rack PDU

For you to be able to use FTP to upgrade a single Metered or Switched Rack PDU over the network:

- The Metered or Switched Rack PDU must be connected to the network.
- The FTP server must be enabled at the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.
- The Metered or Switched Rack PDU must have its TCP/IP settings (System IP, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway addresses) configured.

To use FTP to upgrade the Rack PDU:

1. Open an MS-DOS command prompt window on a computer that is connected to the network. Go to the directory that contains the firmware upgrade files, and list the files. (For the directory C:\apc, the commands would be those shown in **bold**:

C:\>cd\apc C:\apc>dir

Files listed for a Metered or Switched Rack PDU, for example, might be the following:

- apc_hw02_aos_225.bin
- apc_hw02_app_220.bin



You cannot upgrade the AOS firmware module of any APC device directly from firmware version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later. The upgrade attempt will fail.

To upgrade the AOS firmware module of an APC device from version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later, first upgrade the module to firmware version 2.0.1. Then upgrade it again, this time from version 2.0.1 to the 2.x.x version you want.

If your APC device is running version 2.0.1 of the AOS firmware module already, you may upgrade directly to version 2.1.0 or a later version.

- 2. Open an FTP client session:
 - C:\apc>ftp
- 3. Type open and the Metered or Switched Rack PDU's IP address, and press ENTER. If the **Port** setting for **FTP Server** in the **Network** menu has changed from its default value of **21**, you must use the non-default value in the FTP command.
 - a. For some FTP clients, use a colon to add the port number to the end of the IP address.
 - b. For Windows FTP clients, separate the port number from the IP address by a space. For example, if the Rack PDU's FTP Server Port setting has been changed from its default of 21, such as to 21000, you would use the following command for a Windows FTP client transferring a file to a Rack PDU with an IP address of 150.250.6.10.

ftp> open 150.250.6.10 21000

- Log on using the Administrator user name and password. (apc is the default for both.)
 - 5. Upgrade the AOS. For example:

```
ftp> bin
ftp> put apc_hw02_aos_225.bin
```

- 6. When FTP confirms the transfer, type **quit** to close the session.
- 7. Wait 20 seconds, and then repeat step 2 through step 6 for the application module. In step 6, use the application module file instead of the AOS module.



To use Secure CoPy (SCP) to upgrade the firmware for one Rack PDU:

1. Identify and locate the firmware modules described in the preceding instructions for FTP.



You cannot upgrade the AOS firmware module of any APC device directly from firmware version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later. The upgrade attempt will fail.

To upgrade the AOS firmware module of an APC device from version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later, first upgrade the module to firmware version 2.0.1. Then upgrade it again, this time from version 2.0.1 to the 2.x.x version you want.

If your APC device is running version 2.0.1 of the AOS firmware module already, you may upgrade directly to version 2.1.0 or a later version.

- 2. Use an SCP command line to transfer the AOS firmware module to the Rack PDU. The following example assumes a Rack PDU IP address of 158.205.6.185, and an AOS module of apc_hw02_aos_225.bin.) scp apc hw02 aos 225.bin apc@158.205.6.185;apc hw02 aos 225.bin
- 3. Use a similar SCP command line, with the name of the application module instead of the AOS module, to transfer the application module to the Rack PDU.



rack pdus

•

met



Use FTP or SCP to upgrade multiple Rack PDUs

To upgrade multiple Metered or Switched Rack PDUs using an FTP client or using SCP, write a script which automatically performs the procedure. For FTP, use the steps in Use FTP or SCP to upgrade one Rack PDU.

Use XMODEM to upgrade one Rack PDU



You cannot upgrade the AOS firmware module of any APC device directly from firmware version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later. The upgrade attempt will fail.

To upgrade the AOS firmware module of an APC device from version 1.x.x to 2.1.0 or later, first upgrade the module to firmware version 2.0.1. Then upgrade it again, this time from version 2.0.1 to the 2.x.x version you want.

If your APC device is running version 2.0.1 of the AOS firmware module already, you may upgrade directly to version 2.1.0 or a later version.

To use XMODEM to upgrade the firmware for a single Metered or Switched Rack PDU that is not on the network:

- 1. Select a serial port at the local computer and disable any service which uses that port.
- 2. Connect the smart-signaling cable that came with the Rack PDU to the selected port and to the serial port at the Rack PDU.
- 3. Run a terminal program (such as HyperTerminal), and configure the selected port for 9600 bps, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, and no flow control, and save the changes.
- 4. Press ENTER to display the **User Name** prompt.
- 5. Enter your Administrator user name and password. The default for

rack pdus

both is apc.

- 6. Start an XMODEM transfer:
 - a. Select option 3—System
 - b. Select option 4—File Transfer
 - c. Select option 2—XMODEM
 - d. Type Yes at the prompt to continue with the transfer.
- 7. Select the appropriate baud rate. A higher baud rate causes faster firmware upgrades. Also, change the terminal program's baud rate to match the one you selected, and press ENTER.
- 8. From the terminal program's menu, select the binary AOS file to transfer via XMODEM-CRC. After the XMODEM transfer is complete, set the baud rate to 9600. The Rack PDU will automatically restart.
- Repeat step 3 through step 8 to install the application module. In step 8, substitute the application module file name for the AOS module file name.



For information about the format used for application modules, see Firmware files (Metered or Switched Rack PDU).

Verifying Upgrades and Updates

Overview

To verify that the firmware upgrade was successful, see the Last Transfer Result message, available through the FTP Server option of the Network menu (in the control console only), or use an SNMP GET to the mfiletransferStatusLastTransferResult OID.

Last Transfer Result codes

Code	Description
Successful	The file transfer was successful.
Result not available	There are no recorded file transfers.
Failure unknown	The last file transfer failed for an unknown reason.
Server inaccessible	The TFTP or FTP server could not be found on the network.
Server access denied	The TFTP or FTP server denied access.
File not found	The TFTP or FTP server could not locate the requested file.
File type unknown	The file was downloaded but the contents were not recognized.
File corrupt	The file was downloaded but at least one CRC was bad.

You can also verify the versions of the upgraded APC Operating System (AOS) and application modules by using the **About System** option in the **System** menu of the control console or in the **Help** menu of the Web interface, or by using an SNMP GET to the MIB II **sysDescr** OID.



Updating Configuration Settings

Methods

The Metered or Switched Rack PDU stores its configuration settings internally. These include TCP/IP, TFTP, FTP, SSL, SCP, Web, Device Manager, password, and system settings.

To edit or update the configuration settings for the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, use Telnet, the Web interface, SNMP, or the Wizard.

Using Telnet or Web interfaces

Log on to either the Web interface or the control console of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU through Telnet. Any setting that can be edited can be changed in these interfaces.

Using SNMP

Use SNMP to perform SETs. However, when you use SNMP, only settings which have OIDs in the MIB defined as read-write can be edited.

Using the Wizard (summary)



For a detailed description of how to update the configuration settings of one or more Metered or Switched Rack PDUs, see Reconfiguring deployed Rack PDUs. The following summary does not include many of the available options.

To update the configuration settings for one or more Metered or Switched Rack PDUs using the Wizard:

1. Install (if necessary) and run the Wizard (included on the APC Utility CD that came with your Rack PDU).



- 2. If you have a saved .ini file, load it and change any settings as needed. You can also create and save new settings.
- 3. Click Finish.
- 4. Select the settings you want to transmit to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, and then click Next >.
- 5. You can view, print, and save your new settings. When finished, click Next >.
- 6. Choose the Network (via FTP) option, and then click Next >.
- 7. If you have saved a list of Metered or Switched Rack PDU IP addresses, load that list now. If you do not have a saved list, enter the IP addresses of the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs that you want to receive the configuration settings. Enter the FTP Server Port and Administrator user name and password of the Metered or Switched Rack PDUs to which you are transmitting the settings.
- 8. Save the new IP address list, and then click Next >.
- 9. Click Apply to transmit the configuration settings to all of the specified Metered or Switched Rack PDUs. You can save, print, or clear the window containing the download results.



To verify the update, see Verifying Upgrades and Updates.



Using the APC Security Wizard

Overview

Authentication

Authentication verifies the identity of a user or a network device (such as an APC Metered or Switched Rack PDU). Passwords typically identify computer users. However, for transactions or communications requiring more stringent security methods on the Internet, the Metered or Switched Rack PDU supports more secure methods of authentication.

- Secure Socket Layer (SSL), used for secure Web access, uses digital certificates for authentication. A digital *CA root* certificate is issued by a Certificate Authority (CA) as part of a public key infrastructure, and its digital signature must match the digital signature on a server certificate on the Rack PDU.
- Secure SHell (SSH), used for remote terminal access to the Rack PDU's control console, uses a public *host key* for authentication rather than a digital certificate.



How certificates are used. Most Web browsers, including all browsers supported by the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, contain a set of CA root certificates from all of the commercial Certificate Authorities.

Authentication of the server (in this case, the Rack PDU) occurs each time a connection is made from the browser to the server. The browser checks to be sure that the server's certificate is signed by a Certificate Authority known to the browser. For this authentication to occur:

- Each Metered or Switched Rack PDU with SSL enabled must have a server certificate on the Rack PDU itself.
- Any browser that is used to access the Rack PDU's Web interface must contain the CA root certificate that signed the server certificate.

If authentication fails, the browser prompts you on whether to continue despite the fact that it cannot authenticate the server.

If your network does not require the authentication provided by digital certificates, you can use the default certificate that the Rack PDU generates automatically. The default certificate's digital signature will not be recognized by browsers, but a default certificate enables you to use SSL for the encryption of transmitted user names, passwords, and data. (If you use the default certificate, the browser prompts you to agree to unauthenticated access before it logs you on to the Web interface of the Rack PDU.)

How SSH host keys are used. An SSH *host key* authenticates the identity of the server (the Metered or Switched Rack PDU) each time an SSH client contacts the Rack PDU. Each Metered or Switched Rack PDU with SSH enabled must have an SSH host key on the Rack PDU itself.

Files you create for SSL and SSH security

Use the APC Security Wizard to create the following components of an SSL and SSH security system:

- The server certificate for the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, if you want the benefits of authentication that such a certificate provides.You can create either of the following types of server certificate:
 - A server certificate signed by a custom CA root certificate also created with the APC Security Wizard. Use this method if your company or agency does not have its own Certificate Authority and you do not want to use an external Certificate Authority to sign the server certificate.
 - A server certificate signed by an external Certificate Authority. This Certificate Authority can be one that is managed by your own company or agency or can be one of the commercial Certificate Authorities whose CA root certificates are distributed as part of a browser's software.
- A certificate signing request containing all the information required for a server certificate except the digital signature. You need this request if you are using an external Certificate Authority.
- A CA root certificate.
- An SSH host key that your SSH client program uses to authenticate the Rack PDU when you log on to the control console interface.



All public keys for SSL certificates and all host keys for SSH that are created with the APC Security Wizard are 1024-bit RSA keys. If you do not create and use SSL server certificates and SSH host keys with the APC Security Wizard, the Rack PDU generates 768-bit RSA keys. rack pdus 70 1 Ĕ

Only APC server management and key management products can use server certificates, host keys, and CA root certificates created by the APC Security Wizard. These files will not work with products such as OpenSSL[®] and Microsoft IIS.

Create a Root Certificate & Server Certificates

Summary

Use this procedure if your company or agency does not have its own Certificate Authority and you do not want to use a commercial Certificate Authority to sign your server certificates.



The public RSA key that is part of a certificate generated by the APC Security Wizard is 1024 bits. (The default key generated by the Rack PDU, if you do not use the Wizard, is 768 bits.)

- Create a CA root certificate that will be used to sign all server certificates to be used with Metered or Switched Rack PDUs. During this task, two files are created.
 - The file with the .p15 extension is an encrypted file which contains the Certificate Authority's private key and public root certificate. This file signs the server certificates.
 - The file with the .crt extension, which contains only the Certificate Authority's public root certificate. You load this file into each Web browser that will be used to access the Metered or Switched Rack PDU so that the browser can validate the server certificate of the Rack PDU.
- Create a server certificate, which is stored in a file with a .**p15** extension. During this task, you are prompted for the CA root certificate that signs the server certificate.
- Load the server certificate onto the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.
- For each Metered or Switched Rack PDU that requires a server certificate, repeat the tasks that create and load the server certificate.

The procedure

Create the CA root certificate. Perform these steps. (Click **Next** to move from screen to screen.)

- 1. If the APC Security Wizard is not already installed on your computer, install it by running the installation program **APC Security Wizard.exe** from the APC *Utility* CD that came with your Rack PDU.
- 2. On the Windows Start menu, select Programs, then APC Security Wizard, to start the Wizard program.
- 3. On the screen labeled "Step 1," select CA Root Certificate as the type of file to create.
- 4. Enter a name for the file that will contain the Certificate Authority's public root certificate and private key. The file name must have a .p15 extension. By default, the file will be created in the installation folder C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.
- 5. On the screen labeled "Step 2," provide the information to configure the CA root certificate. The **Country** and **Common Name** fields are required; the other fields are optional. For the **Common Name** field, enter an identifying name of your company or agency; use only alphanumeric characters, with no spaces.



By default, a CA root certificate is valid for 10 years from the current date and time, but you can edit the Validity Period Start and Validity Period End fields.

6. On the next screen, review the summary of the certificate. Scroll downward to view the certificate's unique serial number and fingerprints. To make any changes to the information you provided, click **Back**, and revise the information.





Note

The certificate's subject information and the certificate's issuer information should be identical.

- 7. The last screen verifies that the certificate has been created and instructs you on the next tasks.
 - This screen displays the location and name of the .p15 file that you will use to sign the server certificates.
 - This screen also displays the location and name of the .crt file, which is the CA root certificate that you will load into the browser of each user who needs to access the Rack PDU.

Load the CA root certificate to your browser. Load the .crt file to the browser of each user who needs to access the Rack PDU.



See the help system of the browser for information on how to load the .crt file into the browser's certificate store (cache). Following is see also a summary of the procedure for Microsoft Internet Explorer.

- 1. Select **Tools**, then **Internet Options** from the menu bar.
- 2. On the **Content** tab in the **Internet Options** dialog box, click Certificates and then Import.
- 3. The Certificate Import Wizard will guide you through the rest of the procedure. The file type to select is X.509, and the CA Public Root Certificate is the .crt file created in the procedure Create a Root Certificate & Server Certificates.

Create an SSL Server User Certificate. Perform these steps. (Click **Next** to move from screen to screen.)

- 1. On the Windows **Start** menu, select **Programs**, then **APC Security Wizard**, to start the Wizard program.
- 2. On the screen labeled Step 1, select **SSL Server Certificate** as the type of file to create.
- 3. Enter a name for the file that will contain the server certificate and the private key. The file name must have a .p15 extension. By default, the file will be created in the installation folder C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.
- 4. Click the **Browse** button, and select the CA root certificate created in the procedure Create a Root Certificate & Server Certificates. The CA Root Certificate is used to sign the Server User Certificate being generated.
- 5. On the screen labeled Step 2, provide the information to configure the server certificate. The **Country** and **Common Name** fields are required; the other fields are optional. For the **Common Name** field, enter the IP address or DNS name of the server (Metered or Switched Rack PDU). Because the configuration information is part of the signature, it cannot be exactly the same as the information you provided when creating the CA root certificate; the information you provide in some of the fields must be different.



By default, a server certificate is valid for 10 years from the current date and time, but you can edit the Validity Period Start and Validity Period End fields.

6. On the next screen, review the summary of the certificate. Scroll downward to view the certificate's unique serial number and fingerprints. To make any changes to the information you provided, click **Back**, and revise the information.



The information for every certificate must be unique. The configuration of a server certificate cannot be the same as the configuration of the CA root certificate. (The expiration date is not considered part of the unique configuration; some other configuration information must also differ.)

7. The last screen verifies that the certificate has been created and instructs you on the next task, to load the server certificate to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU. It displays the location and name of the Server Certificate, which has a .p15 file extension and contains the Rack PDU private key and public root certificate.

Load the server certificate to the Rack PDU. Perform these steps:

- 1. On the **Network** menu of the Web interface of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, select the **Web/SSL** option.
- In the SSL/TLS Server Certificate section of the page, browse to the server certificate, the .p15 file you created in the procedure Create a Root Certificate & Server Certificates. (The default is C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.)



Alternatively, you can use FTP or Secure CoPy (SCP) to transfer the server certificate to the Rack PDU. If you use FTP or SCP for the transfer, you must specify the correct location, **\sec**, on the Rack PDU. For SCP, the command to transfer a certificate named **cert.p15** to a Rack PDU with an IP address of 156.205.6.185 would be:

scp cert.p15 apc@156.205.6.185:\sec\cert.p15

Create a Server Certificate and Signing Request

Summary

Use this procedure if your company or agency has its own Certificate Authority or if you plan to use a commercial Certificate Authority to sign your server certificates.

- Create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR). The CSR contains all the information for a server certificate except the digital signature. This process creates two output files:
 - The file with the .p15 extension contains the Metered or Switched Rack PDU's private key.
 - The file with the .csr extension contains the certificate signing request, which you send to an external Certificate Authority.
- When you receive the signed certificate from the Certificate Authority, import that certificate. Importing the certificate combines the **.p15** file containing the private key and the file containing the signed certificate from the external Certificate Authority. The output file is a new encrypted server certificate file with a **.p15** extension.
- Load the server certificate onto the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.
- For each Metered or Switched Rack PDU that requires a server certificate, repeat the tasks that create and load the server certificate.

The procedure

Create the Certificate Signing Request (CSR). Perform these steps. (Click Next to move from screen to screen.)

1. If the APC Security Wizard is not already installed on your computer, install it by running the installation program **APC Security Wizard.exe** from the APC *Utility* CD that came with your Rack PDU.





- 3. On the screen labeled "Step 1," select **Certificate Request** as the type of file to create.
- 4. Enter a name for the file that will contain the Metered or Switched Rack PDU's private key. The file name must have a .p15 extension. By default, the file will be created in the installation folder C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.
- 5. On the screen labeled Step 2, provide the information to configure the certificate signing request (CSR) with the information that you want the signed server certificate to contain. The Country and Common Name fields are required; the other fields are optional. For the Common Name field, enter the IP Address or DNS name of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU.



By default, a server certificate is valid for 10 years from the current date and time, but you can edit the **Validity Period Start** and **Validity Period End** fields.

6. On the next screen, review the summary of the certificate. Scroll downward to view the certificate's unique serial number and fingerprints. To make any changes to the information you provided, click **Back**, and revise the information.



The certificate's subject information and the certificate's issuer information should be identical.

7. The last screen verifies that the certificate signing request has been created and displays the location and name of the file, which has a **.csr** extension.

8. Send the certificate signing request to an external Certificate Authority, either a commercial Certificate Authority or, if applicable, a Certificate Authority managed by your own company or agency.



See the instructions provided by the Certificate Authority regarding the signing and issuing of server certificates.

Import the signed certificate. When the external Certificate Authority returns the signed certificate, perform these steps to import the certificate. This procedure combines the signed certificate and the private key into an SSL server certificate that you then upload to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU. (Click **Next** to move from screen to screen.)

- 1. On the Windows **Start** menu, select **Programs**, then **APC Security Wizard**, to start the Wizard program.
- 2. On the screen labeled Step 1, select Import Signed Certificate.
- 3. Browse to and select the signed server certificate that you received from the external Certificate Authority. The file has a **.cer** or **.crt** extension.
- 4. Browse to and select the file you created in step 4 of the task, Create the Certificate Signing Request (CSR). This file has a .p15 extension, contains the Metered or Switched Rack PDU's private key, and, by default, is located in the installation folder C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.
- 5. Specify a name for the output file that will be the signed server certificate that you upload to the Rack PDU. The file must have a .p15 extension.
- 6. Click **Next** to generate the server certificate. The certificate's **Issuer Information** on the summary screen confirms that the external Certificate Authority signed the certificate.

7. The last screen verifies that the certificate has been created and instructs you on the next task, to load the server certificate to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU. It displays the location and name of the server certificate, which has a .p15 file extension and contains the Rack PDU's private key and the public key obtained from the .cer or .crt file.

Load the server certificate to the Rack PDU. Perform these steps:

- 1. On the **Network** menu of the Web interface of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, select the **Web/SSL** option.
- In the SSL/TLS Server Certificate section of the page, browse to the server certificate, the .p15 file you created in the procedure Import the signed certificate. (The default location is C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.)



Alternatively, you can use FTP or Secure CoPy (SCP) to transfer the server certificate to the Rack PDU. If you use FTP or SCP for the transfer, you must specify the correct location, **\sec**, on the Rack PDU. For SCP, the command to transfer a certificate named **cert.p15** to a Rack PDU with an IP address of 156.205.6.185 would be:

scp cert.p15 apc@156.205.6.185:\sec\cert.p15

Create an SSH Host Key

Summary

This procedure is optional. If you select SSH encryption, but do not create a host key, the Metered or Switched Rack PDU generates a 768-bit RSA key when it reboots. Host keys for SSH that are created with the APC Security Wizard are 1024-bit RSA keys.

- Use the APC Security Wizard to create a host key, which is encrypted and stored in a file with .p15 extension.
- Load the host key onto the Rack PDU.

The procedure

Create the host key. Perform these steps. (Click Next to move from screen to screen.)

- 1. If the APC Security Wizard is not already installed on your computer, install it by running the installation program **APC Security Wizard.exe** from the APC *Utility* CD that came with your Rack PDU.
- 2. On the Windows **Start** menu, select **Programs**, then **APC Security Wizard**, to start the Wizard program.
- 3. On the screen labeled Step 1, select **SSH Server Host Key** as the type of file to create.
- 4. Enter a name for the file that will contain the host key. The file name must have a .p15 extension. By default, the file will be created in the installation folder C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.
- 5. Click Next to generate the Host Key
- 6. The summary screen displays the SSH version 1 and version 2 fingerprints, which are unique for each host key and identify the host key. After you load the host key onto the Rack PDU, you can verify that

the correct host key was uploaded by verifying that the fingerprints displayed here match the SSH fingerprints on the Rack PDU, as displayed by your SSH client program.

7. The last screen verifies that the host key has been created and instructs you on the next task, to load the host key to the Metered or Switched Rack PDU. It displays the location and name of the host key, which has a .p15 file extension.

Load the host key to the Rack PDU. Perform these steps:

- 1. On the **Network** menu of the Web interface of the Metered or Switched Rack PDU, select the **Telnet/SSH** option.
- In the SSH User Host Key File section of the page, browse to the host key, the .p15 file you created in the procedure Create the host key. (The default location is C:\Program Files\American Power Conversion\APC Security Wizard.)
- 3. On the **SSH Host Key Fingerprint** section of the page, note the fingerprint for the version (or versions) of SSH you are using. Then log on to the Rack PDU through your SSH client program, and verify that the correct host key was uploaded by verifying that these fingerprints match the fingerprints that the client program displays.



Alternatively, you can use FTP or Secure CoPy (SCP) to transfer the host key file to the Rack PDU. If you use FTP or SCP for the transfer, you must specify the correct location, **\sec**, on the Rack PDU. For SCP, the command to transfer a host key named **hostkey.p15** to a Rack PDU with an IP address of 156.205.6.185 would be:

scp cert.p15 apc@156.205.6.185:\sec\hostkey.p15



APC Worldwide Customer Support

Customer support for this or any other APC product is available at no charge in any of the following ways:

- Visit the APC Web site to access documents in the APC Knowledge Base and to submit customer support requests.
 - www.apc.com (Corporate Headquarters)

Connect to localized APC Web sites for specific countries, each of which provides customer support information.

– www.apc.com/support/

Global support searching APC Knowledge Base and using e-support.

- Contact an APC Customer Support center by telephone or e-mail.
 - Regional centers:

Direct InfraStruXure Customer Support Line	(1)(877)537-0607 (toll free)
APC headquarters U.S., Canada	(1)(800)800-4272 (toll free)
Latin America	(1)(401)789-5735 (USA)
Europe, Middle East, Africa	(353)(91)702000 (Ireland)
Japan	(0) 35434-2021
Australia, New Zealand, South Pacific area	(61) (2) 9955 9366 (Australia)

 Local, country-specific centers: go to www.apc.com/support/ contact for contact information.

Contact the APC representative or other distributor from whom you purchased your APC product for information on how to obtain local customer support.



Copyright

Entire contents copyright © 2004 American Power Conversion. All rights reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part without permission is prohibited. APC, the APC logo, and InfraStruXure are trademarks of American Power Conversion Corporation and may be registered in some jurisdictions. All other trademarks, product names, and corporate names are the property of their respective owners and are used for informational purposes only.

990-1748

01/2004

