

# Unpolarized Radiative Corrections Update for $d_2^n$

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# Outline

- 1 Unpolarized Radiative Corrections
  - Handling of the Quasi-Elastic Tail
  - Energy Peaking Approximation
- 2 Summary

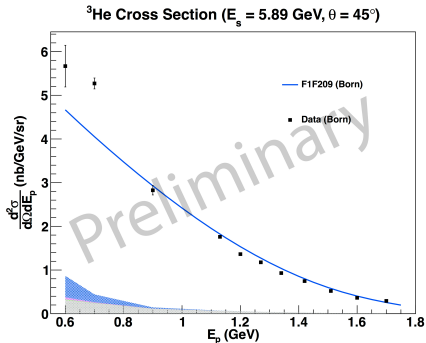
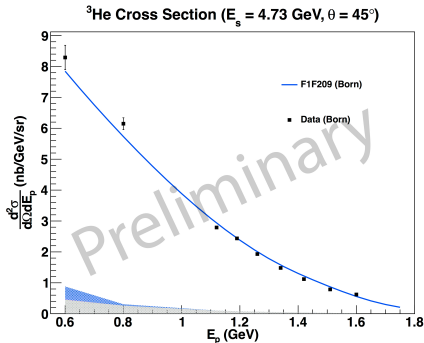
# Handling of the Quasi-Elastic Tail (1)

## Method

- When we apply the radiative corrections to the data, the following procedure has been used:
  - 1 Subtract the elastic tail (if necessary)
  - 2 Subtract the **quasi-elastic** tail
  - 3 Unfold the data using RADCOR (we integrate from the  $\pi$  production threshold)
- In theory, we should be able to do **no QE tail subtraction** and integrate from the QE threshold and obtain the same result

# Handling of the Quasi-Elastic Tail (2)

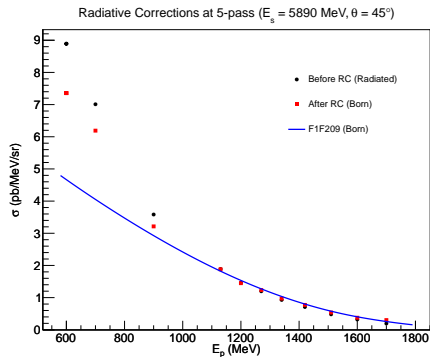
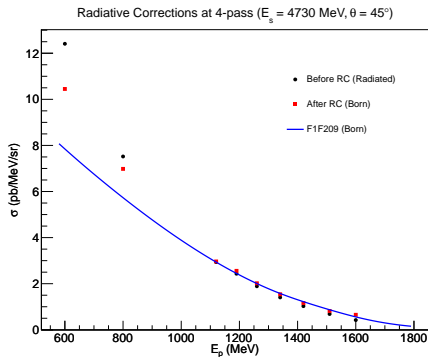
Review of Results from RADCOR:  $E_s = 4.73$  and  $5.89$  GeV data



- Error bars: statistical only
- Error bands:
  - ▶ Grey: cuts, beam charge, target density
  - ▶ Green: Grey +  $\sigma_{N_2}^{e-}$  fit
  - ▶ Magenta: Green +  $\sigma_{N_2}^{e+}$  fit
  - ▶ Blue: Magenta +  $\sigma_{e^+}$  fit
  - ▶ Red: Blue + RCs

# Handling of the Quasi-Elastic Tail (3)

Alternate Method: Integrate from QE Threshold



# Energy Peaking Approximation (1)

## Method

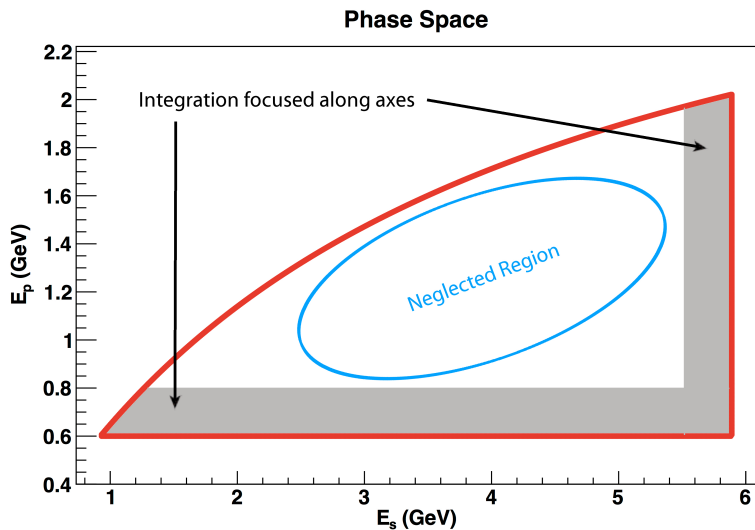
- In RADCOR, the **energy peaking approximation** is utilized, resulting in the calculation of:

$$\sigma_b^i = \frac{1}{C} \left[ \sigma_{\text{rad}} - \int (\dots) \sigma_b^{i-1} dE'_s - \int (\dots) \sigma_b^{i-1} dE'_p \right]$$

- In this approximation, the integration **along the axes** of the  $E_p$  vs.  $E_s$  plot are considered
  - ▶ The neglected 'middle region' is considered to contribute a small amount

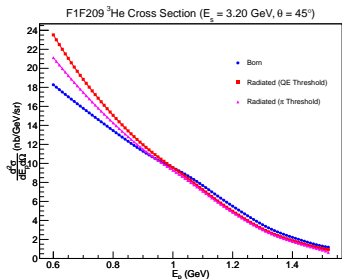
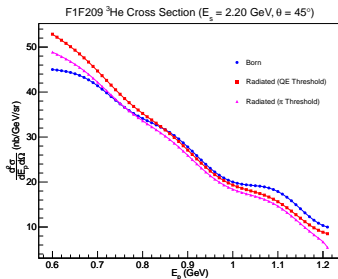
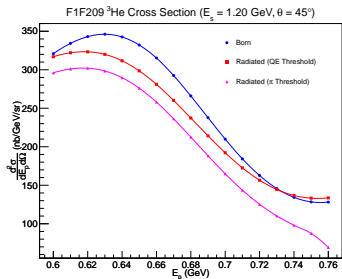
# Energy Peaking Approximation (2)

## Integration Phase Space



# Energy Peaking Approximation (3)

## Example Spectra



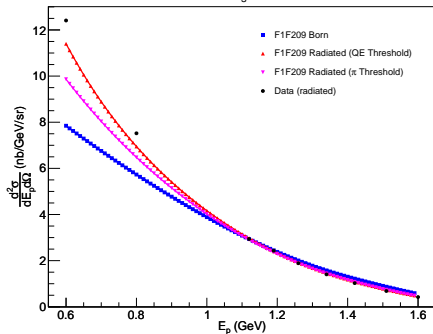
- Towards higher beam energies, the two integration limits start to yield similar results
  - ▶ Still noticeable differences



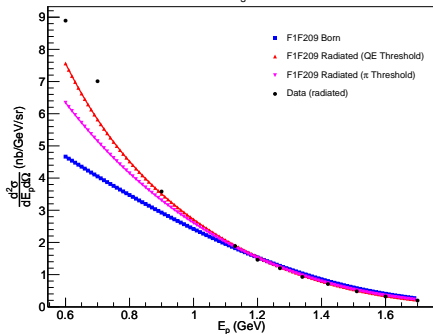
# Energy Peaking Approximation (4)

Example Spectra: Compare to Data

$^3\text{He}$  Cross Section ( $E_s = 4.73 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\theta = 45^\circ$ )



$^3\text{He}$  Cross Section ( $E_s = 5.89 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\theta = 45^\circ$ )



- Radiative Corrections
  - ▶ Unpolarized: The peaking approximation may be an issue for the QE region
  - ▶ Polarized: Still debugging. . .

# What's Next?

- Radiative Corrections

- ▶ Continue development of POLRAD++
  - ★ Debugging, etc.
- ▶ Exact integrals for unpolarized RCs
- ▶ External effects for asymmetries from RADCOR

# Backup

## $^3\text{He}$ Quasi-Elastic Tail

