

# Ar ( $e, e'p$ ) Analysis Meeting

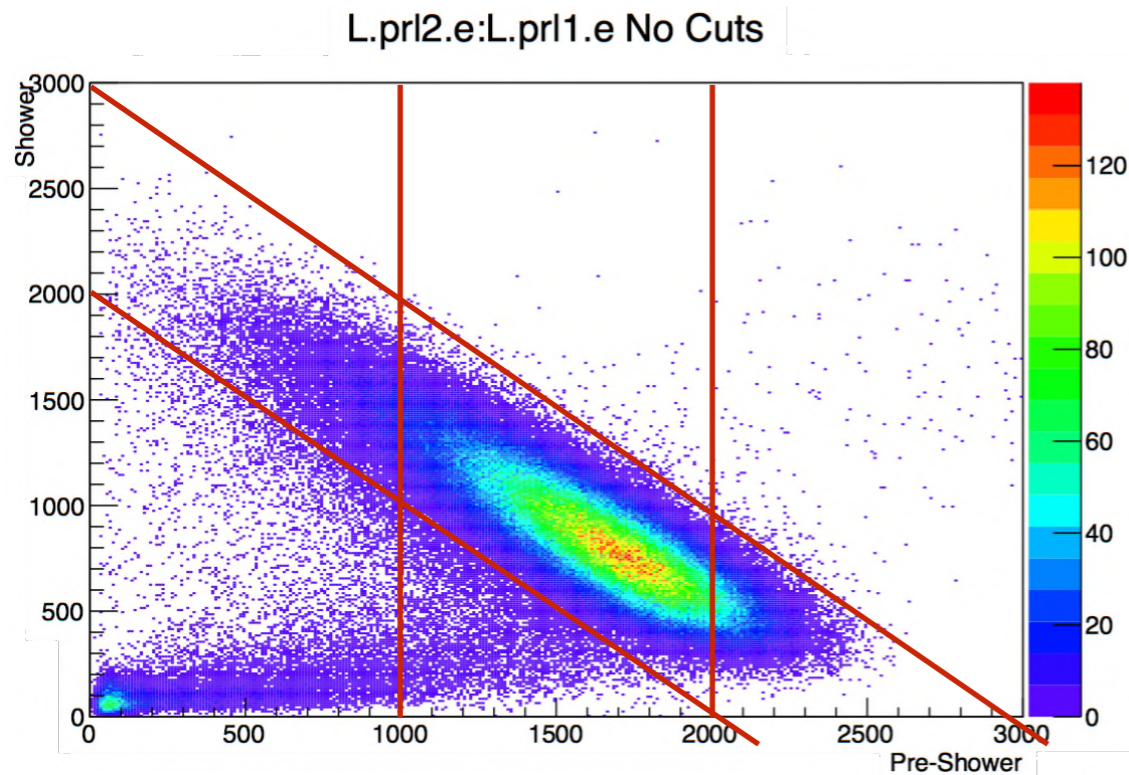
Detector Efficiency Analysis

Results & Questions

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8/10/2017

# Cherenkov Cut Efficiency

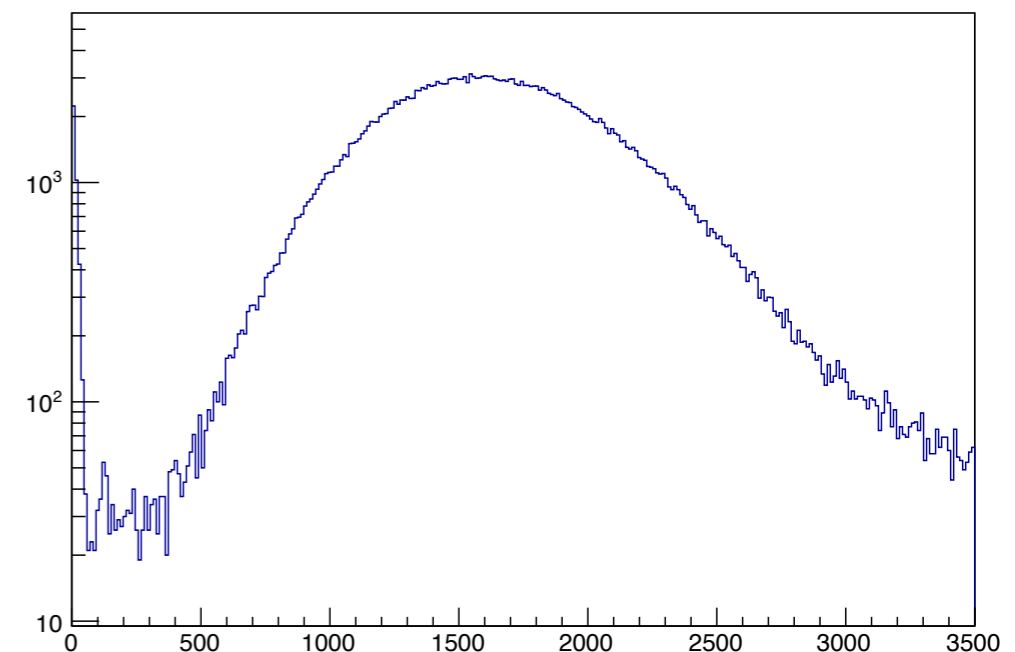


Acceptance Cuts:

- $\text{abs}(L.tr.tg\_th) \leq 0.07$
- $\text{abs}(L.tr.tg\_ph) \leq 0.04$
- $\text{abs}(L.tr.tg\_dp) \leq 0.04$

Tracking Cut:  $L.tr.n==1$

L.cer.asum\_c Plot, Run 731



$N_{e,tot}$  = Number of electrons  
within box

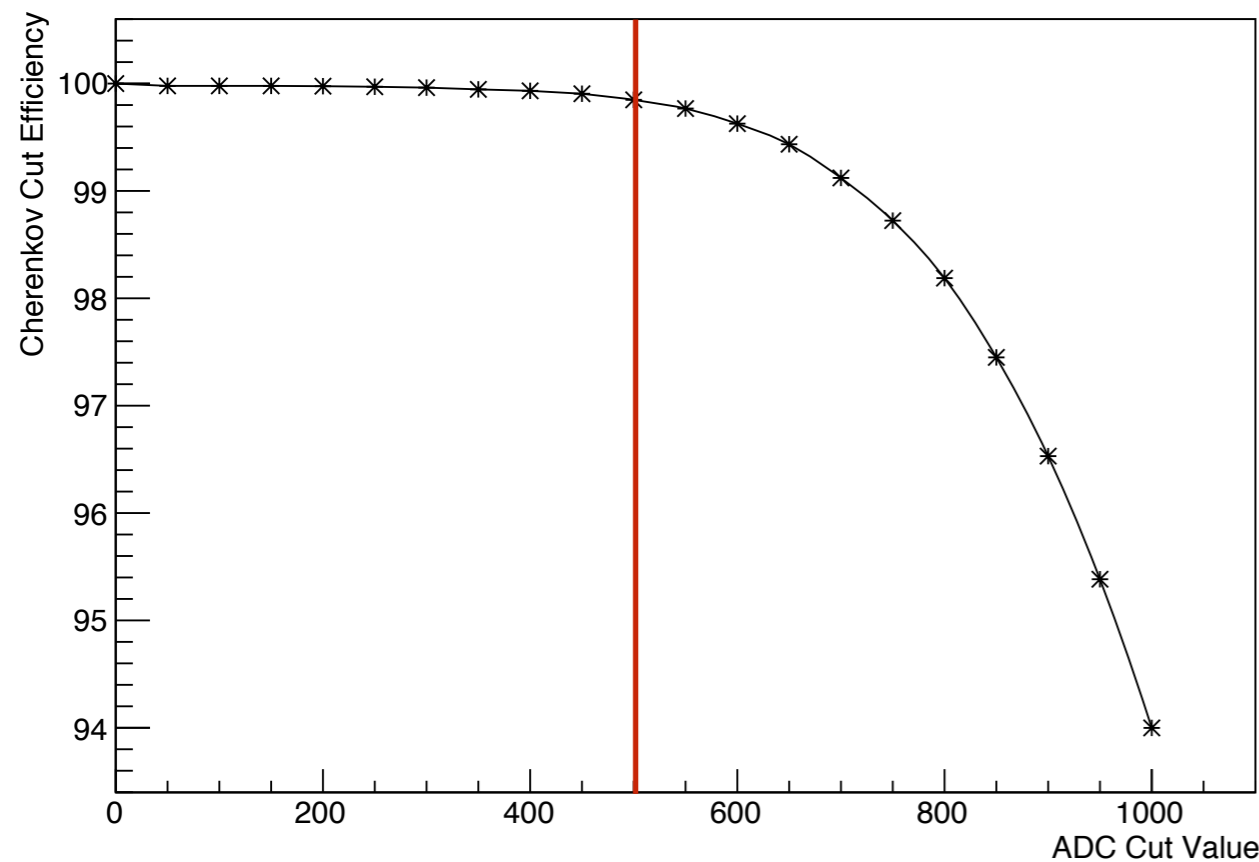
Cherenkov Cut:  $L.cer.asum\_c \geq \#$

$N_{e,cut}$  = Number of electrons that  
survive Cherenkov Cut

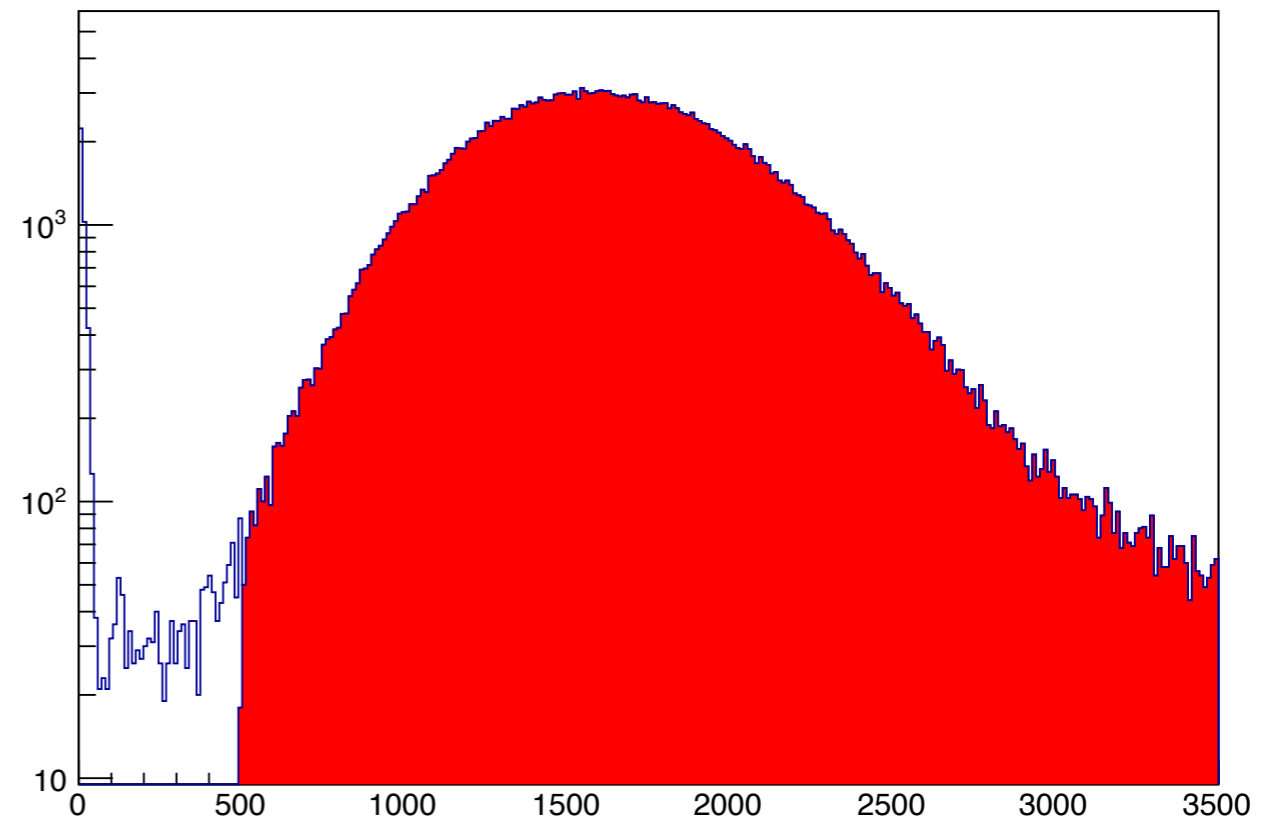
# Cherenkov Cut Efficiency

Electron Retention Efficiency:  $\epsilon_e = \frac{N_{e,cut}}{N_{e,tot}}$

Cherenkov Cut Efficiency VS ADC Cut Value, Run 731



L.cer.asum\_c Plot, Run 731

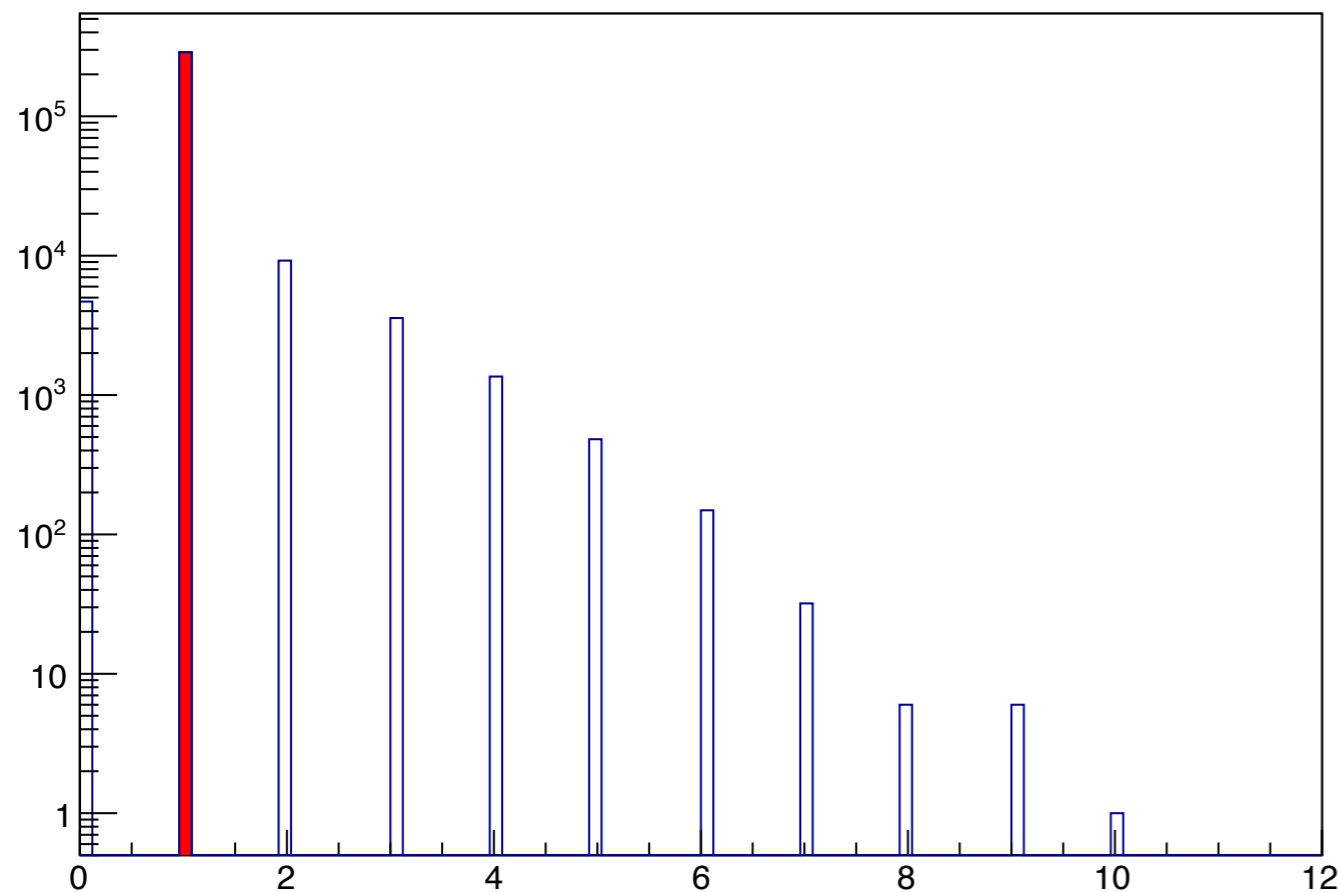


Most effective Cherenkov cut: `L.cer.asum_c >= 500`

$$\implies \epsilon_e = 99.85\%$$

# VDC Tracking Efficiency

L.tr.n Plot, Run 731



Acceptance Cuts:

- `abs(L.tr.tg_th) <= 0.07`
- `abs(L.tr.tg_ph) <= 0.04`
- `abs(L.tr.tg_dp) <= 0.04`

Trigger Cut: T3

Cherenkov Cut:

`L.cer.asum_c >= 500`

Count the total number of events:  $N_{tot}$

Count the number of single-track events:  $N_{st}$

`(L.tr.n==1)`

VDC Tracking Efficiency:

$$\epsilon = \frac{N_{st}}{N_{tot}}$$

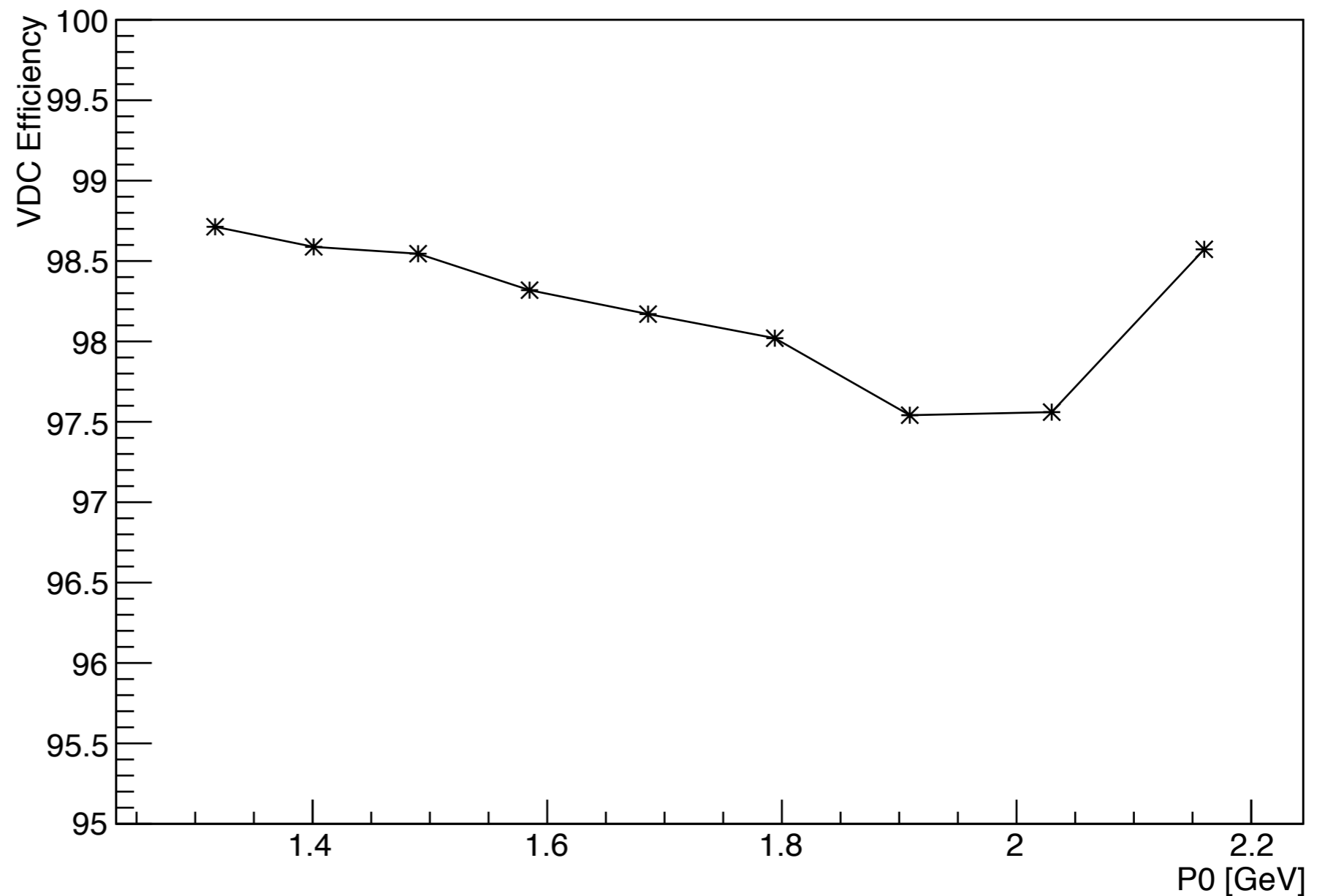
# VDC Tracking Efficiency

$$\epsilon = \frac{N_{st}}{N_{tot}}$$

$\delta$ -scan runs:

Run	P0 [GeV]
730	2.16
731	2.03
739	1.91
740	1.80
747	1.69
748	1.59
755	1.49
756	1.40
763	1.32

Left Arm VDC Tracking Efficiency



# VDC Tracking Efficiency

How to calculate  $N_{st}$  and  $N_{tot}$  ?

Difference between number of events and number of particles?

BaseCut = Acceptance Cuts & Cherenkov Cut & T3 trigger cut

```
ncut: L.tr.n==1
```

```
Ntot = T->Draw("L.tr.n",BaseCut)
```

```
Nst = T->Draw("L.tr.n",BaseCut&&ncut)
```

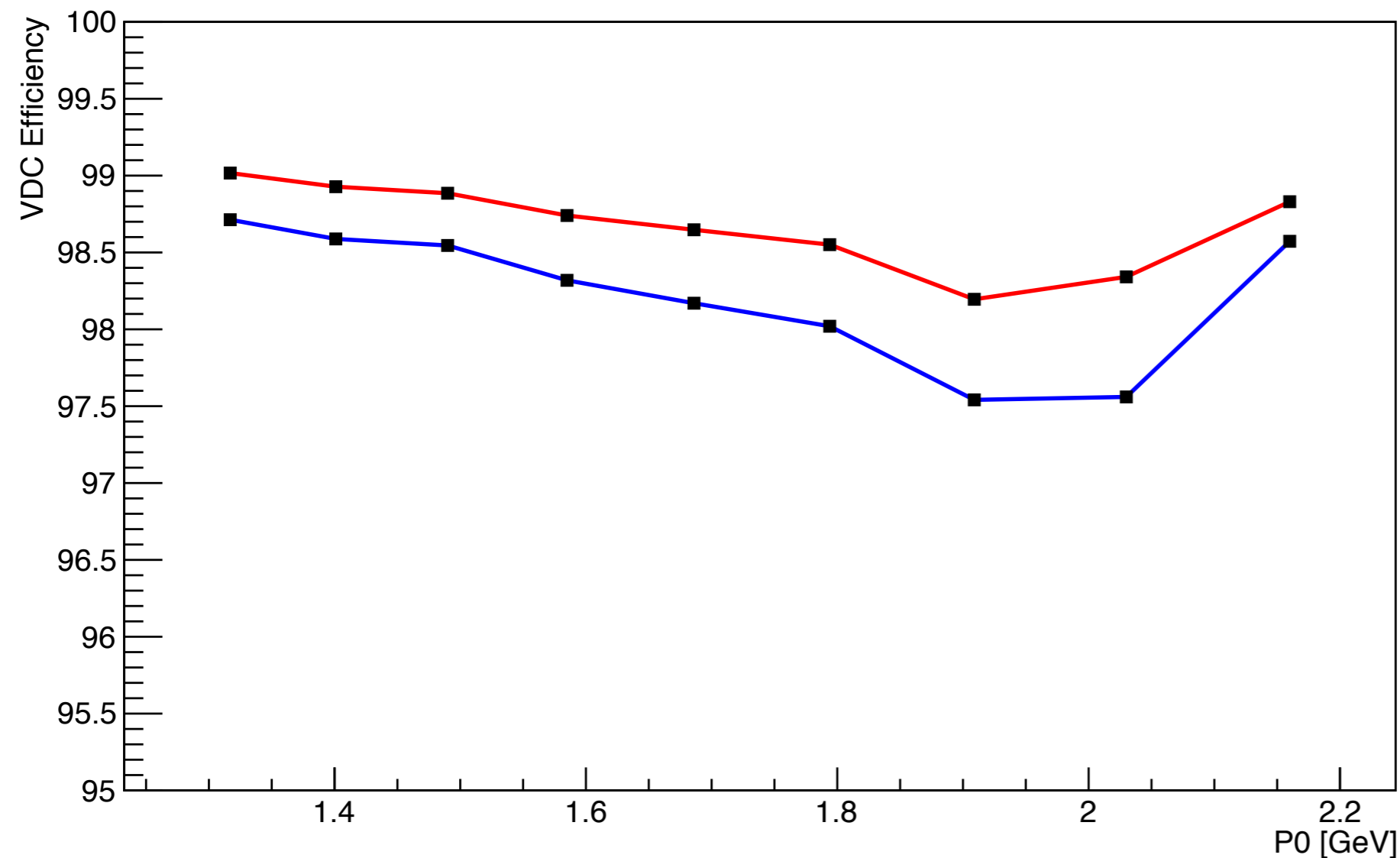
```
Ntot = T->GetEntries(BaseCut)
```

```
Nst = T->GetEntries(BaseCut&&ncut)
```

# VDC Tracking Efficiency

Comparing results from 2 methods:

VDC Tracking Efficiency



Red: GetEntries method  
Blue: Draw method

# Trigger (Scintillator) Efficiency

Main Trigger:  $T3 = (S0 \&\& S2) \&\& (GC \mid \mid PR)$

Efficiency Trigger:  $T5 = (S0 \mid \mid S2) \&\& (GC \mid \mid PR)$

How to define the efficiency?

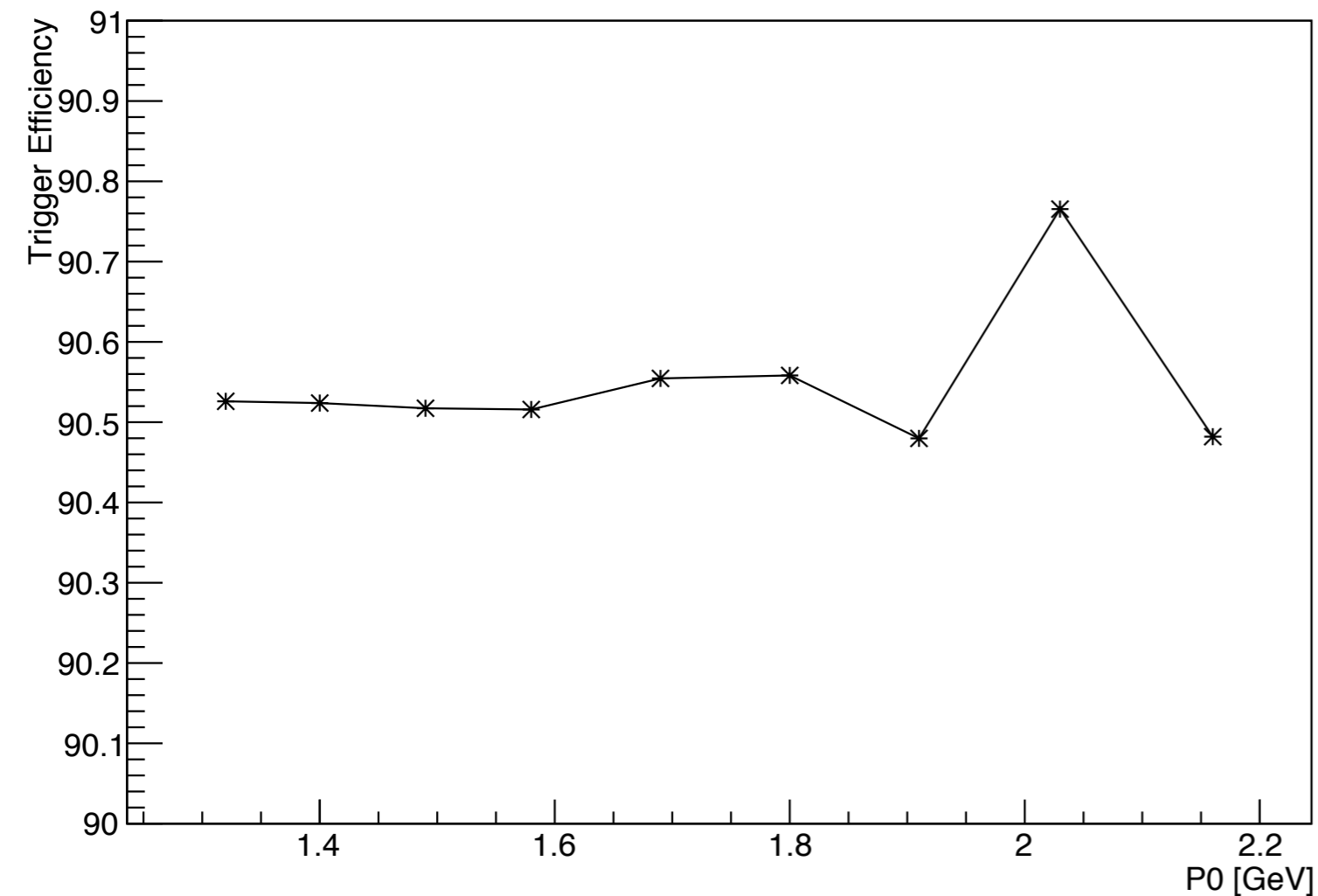
$$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} = \frac{T_{\text{main}}}{T_{\text{main}} + T_{\text{eff}}}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} = \frac{T_{\text{corr}}^3}{T_{\text{corr}}^5} \quad T_{\text{corr}}^i = \frac{T_i p s_i}{1 - DT_i}$$



# Trigger (Scintillator) Efficiency

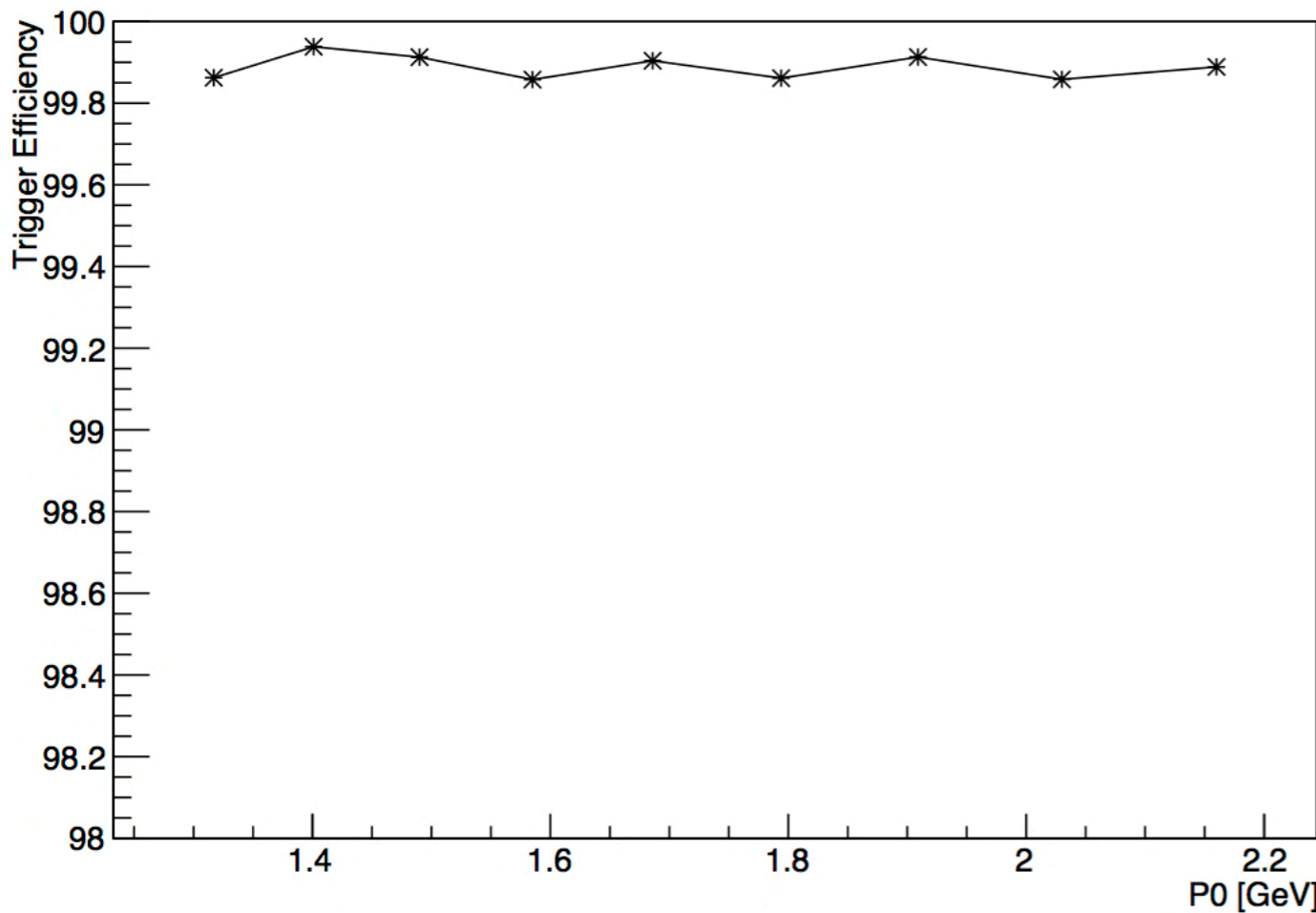
Trigger (Scintillator) Efficiency



$$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} = \frac{T_{\text{main}}}{T_{\text{main}} + T_{\text{eff}}}$$

$T_X$  are the “PRES” pre-scaled trigger totals from the End\_of\_Run reports in Logbook

# Trigger (Scintillator) Efficiency



$$\epsilon_{\text{trig}} = \frac{\text{T->GetEntries}(\text{cut2})}{\text{T->GetEntries}(\text{cut1})}$$

cut1:

- Acceptance Cuts
- Cherenkov Cut
- Tracking Cut
- T5 cut

cut2:

- cut1
- S0 TDC cut
- S2 TDC cut

S0 TDC cut = "L.s0.lt > 100 && L.s0.rt > 100"

S2 TDC cut = (L.s2.lt[0]>100 && L.s2.rt[0]>100) || (L.s2.lt[1]>100 && L.s2.rt[1]>100) || ...

# Calorimeter Calibration Method

Shower Detector

- Pre-Shower
- Shower

VS

Pion Rejector

- L.pr11.e
- L.pr12.e

Chi Squared minimization:

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[ \sum_{j \in M_{ps}^i} C_j (ADC_j^i - Ped_j) + \sum_{k \in M_{sh}^i} C_k (ADC_k^i - Ped_k) - P_{kin}^i \right]^2$$

Using cosmic runs, align minimum ionization peak of each ADC spectrum to common channel number.

$$C_i = \frac{100}{(ADC_i^{muon} - ADC_i^{ped})}$$

$$C_i^{real} = C_i \times \frac{1}{M_{E/p}}$$

