

Compton Analysis Progress

for the d_2^n analysis meeting

Diana Parno

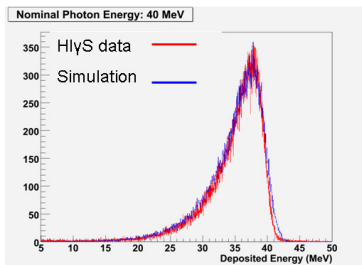
Carnegie Mellon University

September 1, 2009

- 1 Compton Photon Detector Resolution
- 2 Left/Right Disagreement in d_2^n Compton Data
- 3 What's Next?

Tests with “Monochromatic” Beam

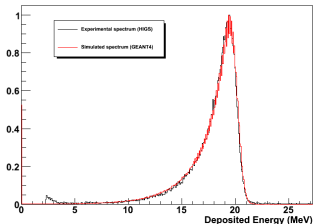
- As I showed last time, we’ve made great progress using GEANT4 simulations to help understand our data
- We went to HI γ S last October to test our photon detector with a “monochromatic” photon beam
- Agreement of our data with simulation seemed limited only by our knowledge of the HI γ S beam characteristics



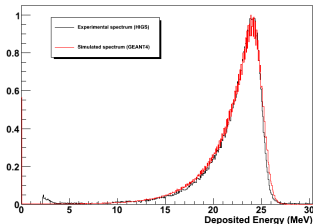
New Simulations, with H γ S Accelerator Data

In early August, H γ S sent us the beam energy spreads computed by accelerator scientists. We updated our simulations.

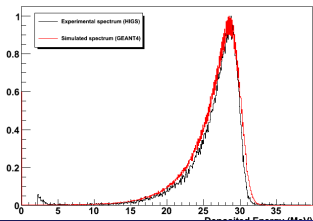
Comparison of HIGS spectrum to simulation: 20 MeV



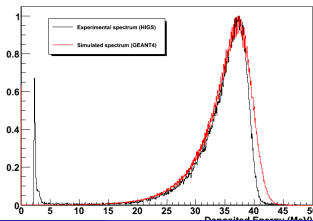
Comparison of HIGS spectrum to simulation: 25 MeV



Comparison of HIGS spectrum to simulation: 30 MeV



Comparison of HIGS spectrum to simulation: 40 MeV



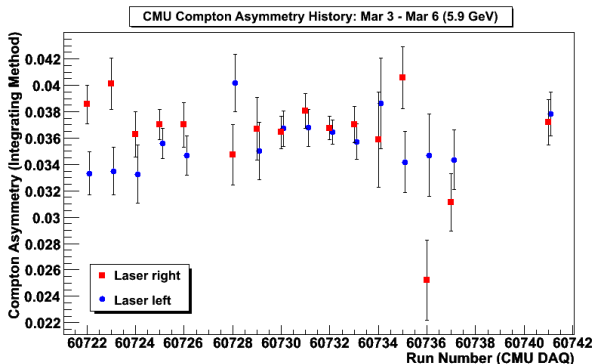
Remaining Discrepancies

- The agreement looks great at low energies (20 MeV) – but gets steadily worse at higher energies
- We approximated energy spread as a Gaussian (good to first order)
 - Awaiting data from $\text{HI}\gamma\text{S}$ as to true shape
 - Could Gaussian approximation get worse at higher energies?
- $\text{HI}\gamma\text{S}$ scientists are taking a closer look

Bottom line: We've made progress toward understanding the detector resolution, but we aren't there yet!

Disagreement between Left/Right Polarization States

- The Compton asymmetry should have the same magnitude whether it is measured with a left-circularly polarized laser or a right-circularly polarized laser
- However, when we examine the CMU Compton asymmetry history over the span of a few days, we find that they do not always agree



Stretching the Accumulator Window (1)

- Our low-energy noise means we only want to accumulate signal in a **window** between two thresholds
- But our FADC firmware provides two window accumulators:
 - Ordinary window: takes signal falling between thresholds
 - Stretched window: includes more of the pulse (not just the “tip” of the iceberg)

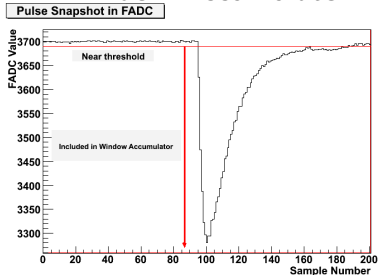
Window Accumulator

Stretched Window Accumulator

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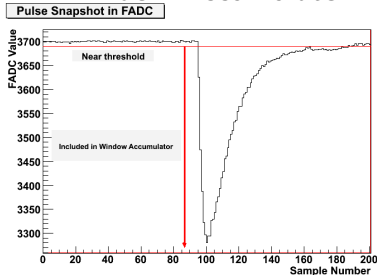


Stretched Window Accumulator

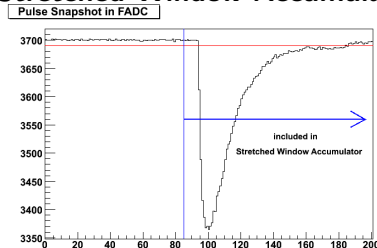
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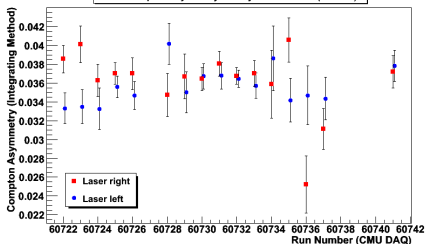


Stretching the Accumulator Window(2)

- Using the stretched-window accumulator avoids some systematic error from excluding parts of the pulses
- It also partially addresses the left/right discrepancy problem:

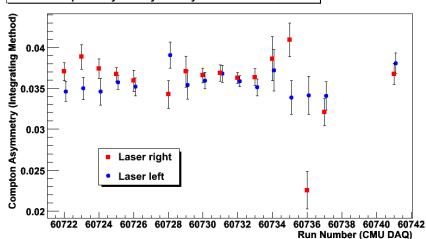
Ordinary Window

CMU Compton Asymmetry History: Mar 3 - Mar 6 (5.9 GeV)



Stretched Window

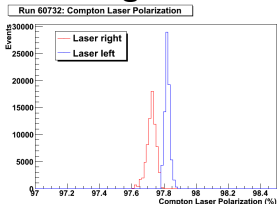
Compton Asymmetry History from CMU DAQ



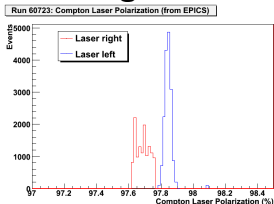
Extent of Laser Polarization

- Why do we expect the Compton asymmetry to be the same for L/R laser states?
 - $A_{Compton} \propto P_e$ – and P_e doesn't change
 - But the relationship is actually more complicated: $A_{Compton} \propto P_\gamma P_e$
- Does the extent of the laser polarization P_γ change significantly between L/R?

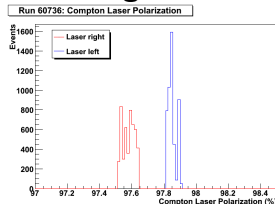
Run 60732: No Disagreement



Run 60723: Mild Disagreement



Run 60736: Large Disagreement

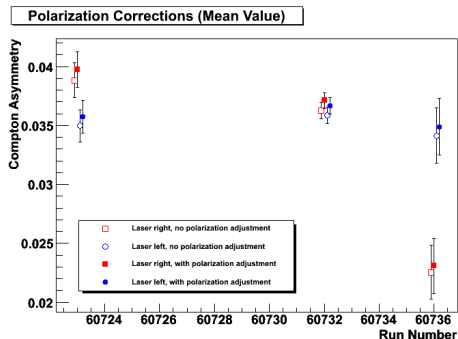


Effect of Polarization Extent

- The behavior of the polarization is suggestive – but is it enough?
- Try for a quick adjustment: $A_{Compton} \rightarrow A_{Compton} / \langle P_\gamma \rangle$

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- Doesn't do much to improve agreement!
 - Is this adjustment algorithm incorrect?
 - Could apply correction every EPICS update (~ 1.5 seconds)
 - Is the polarization behavior a red herring?

What's Next?

- HAPPE_x-III Commissioning in Hall A
 - Requires high-precision Compton photon polarimetry to run
 - New and improved hardware and software
 - Was my priority for last ~ 1.5 weeks
 - Still a priority item now that I'm back in Pittsburgh
 - May be able to answer a few d_2^n questions along the way:
 - Systematic errors that would also affect d_2^n data
- BB optics