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Polarized Deep Inelastic Scattering

What is d_2^n ?

The E06-014 Experiment Setup and Kinematics Polarized Electron Beam Polarized ³He Targ Physics Measurements

Preliminary Results Cross Sections Asymmetries Projected Error on d_2^n

Summary

Preliminary Results for a Precision Measurement of the Neutron d_2 : Probing the Lorentz Color Force

D. Flay¹, M. Posik¹, D. Parno^{2,3}

¹Temple University ²CENPA, University of Washington ³Carnegie Mellon University

Hall A Collaboration Meeting, 12/16/11

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Outline

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Setup and Kinematics Polarized Electron Beam Polarized ³He Target Physics Measurements

4 Preliminary Results

Cross Sections Asymmetries Projected Error on d_2^n



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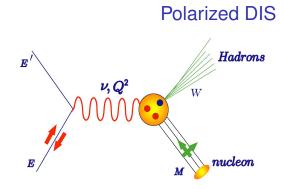
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Summary



- Scatter longitudinally-polarized electrons off of a longitudinally (or transversely) polarized nucleon
- They interact via an exchanged virtual photon
- Probes the spin content of the nucleon
- We measure physics observables like the electron's scattering cross-section and asymmetries

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Summary

What is d_2^n ? The Lorentz Color Force

- A virtual photon probes inside the nucleon and strikes a quark
- The active quark in the interaction feels a force due to the spectator constituents
- dⁿ₂ is a measure of this transverse Lorentz color force (M. Burkardt, hep-ph/0905.4079v1)



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Polarized Deep Inelastic Scattering

What is d_2^n ?

The E06-01 Experiment

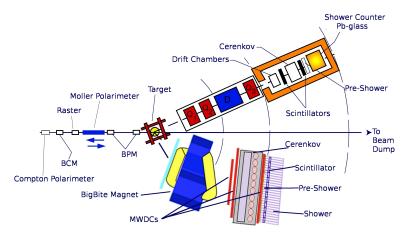
Setup and Kinematics

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The E06-014 Experiment Setup



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What is d_2^n ?

The E06-014 Experiment Setup and Kinematics

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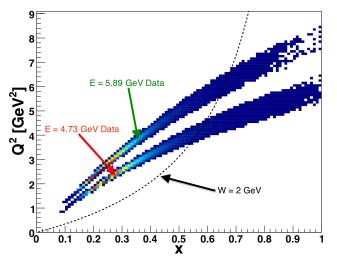
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The E06-014 Experiment

Kinematic Coverage

Kinematic Coverage



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The E06-014 Experiment

Electron Beam Polarization

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- Two methods: Møller and Compton measurements
- Combine both methods to acheive an error of $\sim 1.6\%$

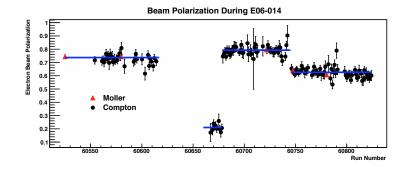


Figure: Compton data analysis by D. Parno. Plot from D. Parno's thesis.

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What is d_2^n ?

The E06-014 Experiment Setup and Kinematics Polarized Electron Beam Polarized ³He Target

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Summary

The E06-014 Experiment

³He Target Polarization

- NMR measurement every four hours (target chamber)
- EPR at every spin rotation (pumping chamber)
 - EPR calibration: achieve an error of $\sim 4.9\%$

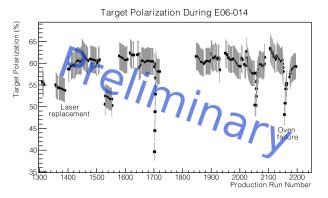


Figure: Target polarization analysis by Y. Zhang.

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Measurements

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The Measurement of d_2^n

 Combine our measured cross-sections and asymmetries:

$$d_{2}^{n} = \int_{0}^{1} dx \frac{MQ^{2}}{4\alpha^{2}} \frac{x^{2}y^{2}}{(1-y)(2-y)} \sigma_{0} \\ \times \left[\left(3 \frac{1+(1-y)\cos\theta}{(1-y)\sin\theta} + \frac{4}{y}\tan(\theta/2) \right) A_{\perp} + \left(\frac{4}{y} - 3 \right) A_{\parallel} \right]$$

$$A_{\parallel} = \frac{\sigma^{\downarrow\uparrow} - \sigma^{\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow}}{\sigma^{\downarrow\uparrow\uparrow} + \sigma^{\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow}} \quad A_{\perp} = \frac{\sigma^{\downarrow\Rightarrow} - \sigma^{\uparrow\Rightarrow}}{\sigma^{\downarrow\Rightarrow} + \sigma^{\uparrow\Rightarrow}} \quad \sigma_0 = \frac{ps \cdot N}{(Q/e)\rho t_{LT}\varepsilon} \frac{1}{w\Delta E'\Delta\Omega\Delta Z}$$

 $\uparrow, \downarrow = e^{-} \text{ beam spin } \quad \Uparrow, \Rightarrow = \text{Target spin}$

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LHRS Analysis (1) E = 4.73 GeV Data: Cross Sections

³He Cross Section (E = 4.73 GeV, θ = 45°)

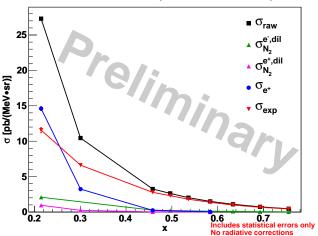


Figure: Cross section analysis by D. Flay.

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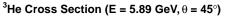
Preliminary Results

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Summary

LHRS Analysis (2) E = 5.89 GeV Data: Cross Sections



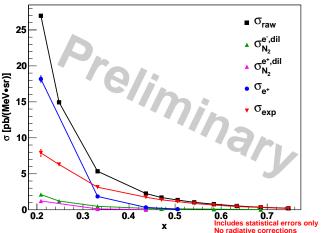


Figure: Cross section analysis by D. Flay.

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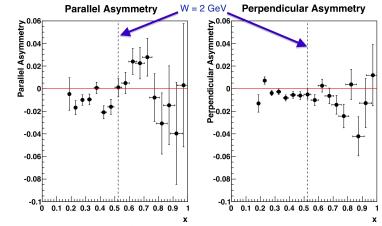
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BigBite Analysis (1) E = 4.73 GeV Data: A_{\parallel} and A_{\perp}



Includes both statistical and systematic errors. No radiative or pair-production corrections.

Figure: Asymmetry analysis by D. Parno and M. Posik. Plots from D. Parno's thesis.

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BigBite Analysis (2) E = 4.73 GeV Data: $A_1^{^{3}\text{He}}$



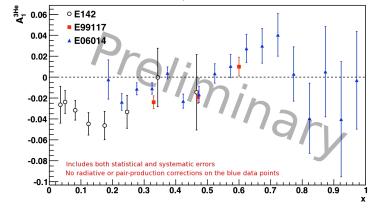


Figure: Asymmetry analysis by D. Parno and M. Posik. Plot from D. Parno's thesis.

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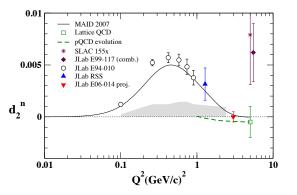
Summary

Projected Error on d_2^n

Comparison to Current Data

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- Projected statistical error: $\sim 5 \times 10^{-4}$
 - Four times better than current world average
 - Direct test of Lattice QCD

Summary

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Summary

• Interested in quark-gluon correlations

- Exploit transverse spin interactions through the g₂ structure function, leading to higher twist effects seen in the matrix element dⁿ₂
- Sheds light upon the Lorentz color force inside the nucleon
- Preliminary results for $A_1^{^{3}\text{He}}$ are in good agreement with the JLab E99-117 result and provides more complete kinematic coverage with more data points and better statistics
- Our calculation of d_2^n will provide a benchmark test for Lattice QCD

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Current and Future Work

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- Radiative corrections to the cross section and asymmetry data, including finishing up the positron dilution calculations
- Computing the asymmetries for the primary (E = 5.89 GeV) data set
- Extracting the asymmetry $A_1^n, d_2^{^{3}\text{He},n}$ and the spin structure functions $g_1^{^{^{3}\text{He},n}}, g_2^{^{^{3}\text{He},n}}$

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Acknowledgements

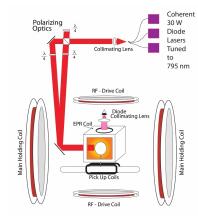
- Thanks to the spokespeople X. Jiang, S. Choi, B. Sawatzky, and Z.-E. Meziani.
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- Thank you to Temple University and Carnegie Mellon University.
- Primary analysis team: B. Sawatzky, D. Parno, D. Flay, M. Posik, Y. Zhang, G. Franklin, Z.-E. Meziani
- This work is supported by: DOE Award from Temple University #DE-FG02-94ER40844.

Backup (1) ³He Target

- Vaporized Rb is optically pumped using circularly polarized light to polarize its electrons
- Through hybrid spin-exchange the Rb electrons transfer their spin to K atoms, then K to ³He nuclei

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Backup (2) Physics Measurements

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Summary

• The spin structure functions:

$$g_{1} = \frac{MQ^{2}}{4\alpha^{2}} \frac{2y}{(1-y)(2-y)} \sigma_{0} \left[A_{\parallel} + \tan(\theta/2) A_{\perp} \right]$$

$$g_{2} = \frac{MQ^{2}}{4\alpha^{2}} \frac{y^{2}}{(1-y)(2-y)} \sigma_{0} \left[-A_{\parallel} + \frac{1+(1-y)\cos\theta}{(1-y)\sin\theta} A_{\perp} \right]$$

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