

LHRS Analysis for d_2^n : PID Analysis

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Outline

- 1 Definition of Cuts
- 2 Electron Detection in the LHRS
 - Gas Čerenkov
 - Pion Rejector
- 3 Pion Rejection in the LHRS
 - Gas Čerenkov
 - Pion Rejector
- 4 $\frac{E}{p} \rightarrow \frac{E}{p}(p)$
- 5 Summary

Definition of Cuts

- Cuts used (*to be used on all histos displayed in talk*):

one track:

L.tr.n==1

trigger cuts:

(DL.edtpl==0)&&((DL.evtypebits&(1<<3))==1<<3))

cuts on target y:

(abs(L.tr.tg_y)<0.04)

VDC cuts:

(L.vdc.u1.nclust==1)&&(L.vdc.v1.nclust==1)

(L.vdc.u2.nclust==1)&&(L.vdc.v2.nclust==1)

cuts on acceptance:

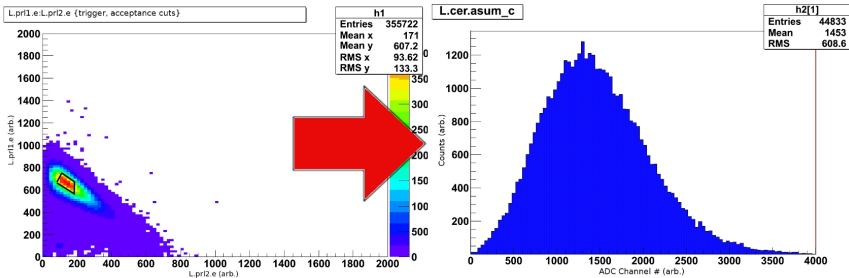
(abs(L.tr.tg_dp)<0.035)

(abs(L.tr.tg_th)<0.05)&&(abs(L.tr.tg_ph)<0.03)

Gas Čerenkov: *Electron Detection (1)*

Method

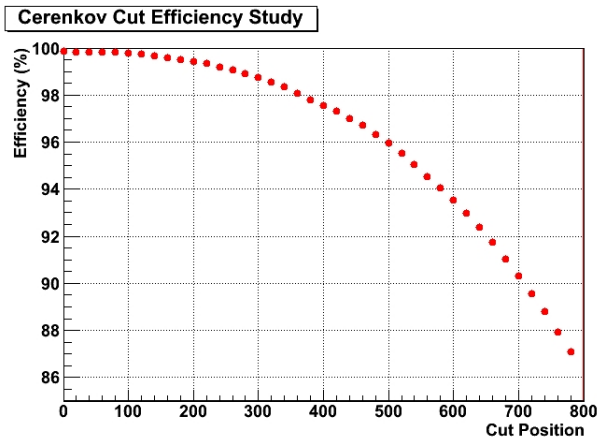
- Use ^3He elastic runs 1229, 1230
- Quick review of the method:



Gas Čerenkov: Electron Detection (2)

Čerenkov Cut Efficiency

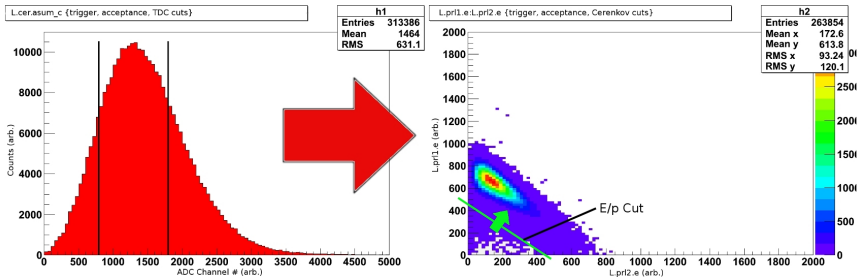
- Added a few more cut positions from last time:



Pion Rejector: Electron Detection (1)

Method

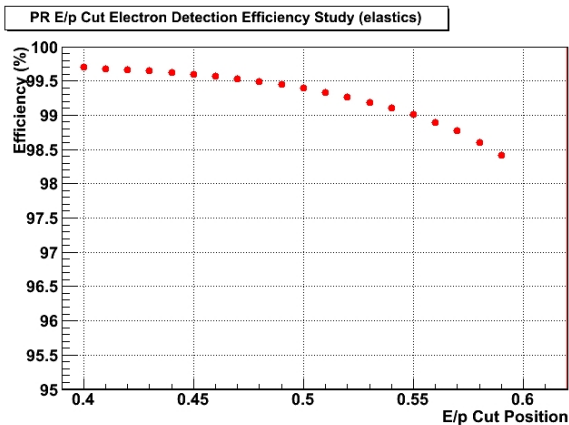
- Use ^3He elastic runs 1229, 1230
- Use E/p cut to count electrons in 2D shower plot
 - Maybe we should add PRL1 cut?
- Quick review of the method:



Pion Rejector: Electron Detection (2)

E/p Cut Efficiency

- Changing E/p cut position:



Gas Čerenkov: Pion Rejection (1)

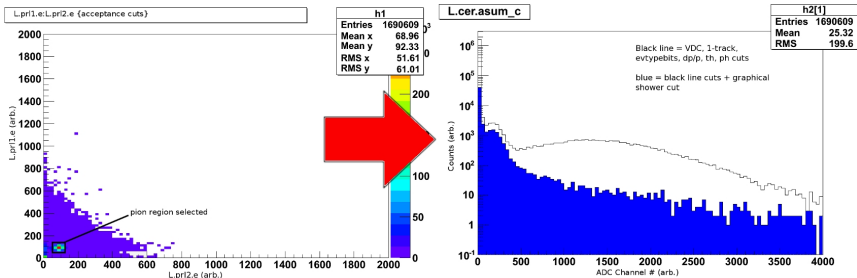
Method

- We select the **pion** region in the 2D shower plot (N_{sh}), and see how many show up in the Čerenkov (N_{cer})
- The ratio of $r = N_{\text{cer}}/N_{\text{sh}}$ is the percentage of pions that trigger the Čerenkov
 - So, $1/r$ is our **pion rejection factor**
- We may also calculate the **pion rejection efficiency** as:

$$\epsilon_{\pi\text{-rej.}} = 1 - r$$

Gas Čerenkov: Pion Rejection (2)

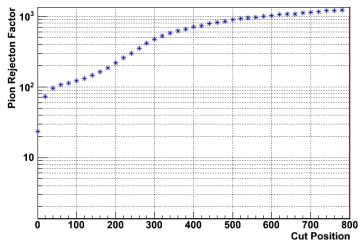
Method: Selection of Pions and Resulting Čerenkov



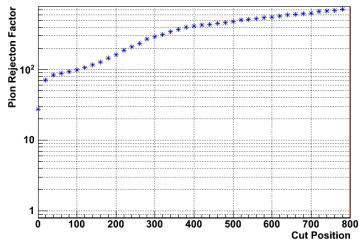
Gas Čerenkov: Pion Rejection (3)

Rejection Factor due to Čerenkov Cut: Results

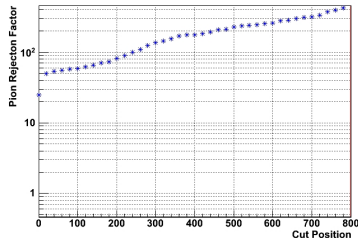
Pion Rejection Factor (Čerenkov) Study ($p = 0.6$ GeV, 4-pass)



Pion Rejection Factor (Čerenkov) Study ($p = 1.20$ GeV, 5-pass)



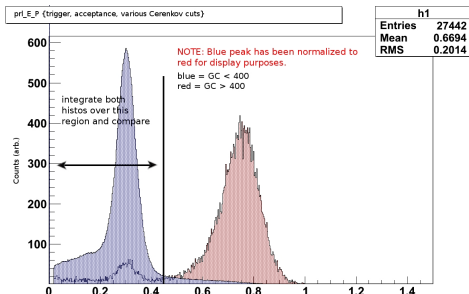
Pion Rejection Factor (Čerenkov) Study ($p = 1.70$ GeV, 5-pass)



Pion Rejector: Pion Rejection (1)

Method: Rejection Factor for $E/p + \check{\text{Cerenkov}} \text{ Cut}$

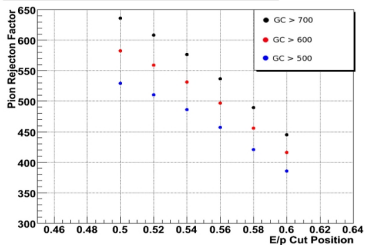
- We choose a cut position in the Čerenkov, and see how many events pass the cut in the E/p histo
- Compare this to the number of events in E/p with 'inverse' Čerenkov cut ($GC < X$)
- Count events over a specified region in $E/p - (0, 0.5)$ for instance:



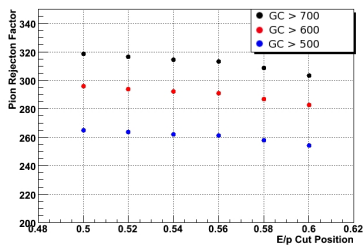
Pion Rejection: Pion Rejection (2)

Rejection Factor for $E/p + \checkmark$ Čerenkov Cut: Results

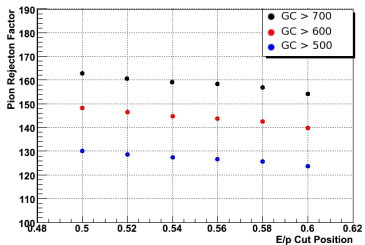
Pion Rejection Factor Study (PR, $p = 0.60$ GeV, 4-pass)



Pion Rejection Factor Study (PR, $p = 1.20$ GeV, 5-pass)



Pion Rejection Factor Study (PR, $p = 1.70$ GeV, 5-pass)



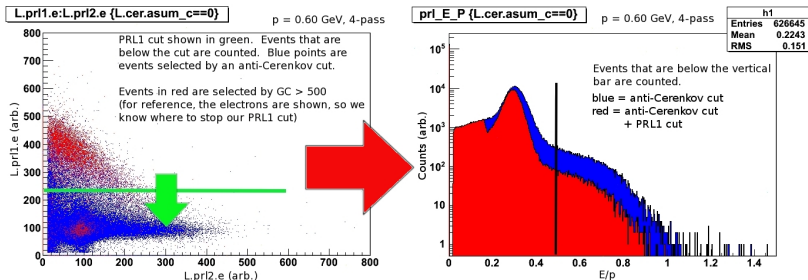
Pion Rejector: Pion Rejection (3)

Method: Rejection Factor for $E/p + \text{PRL1 Cut}$

- Similar to process for utilizing the Čerenkov cut with the E/p cut
- Plot E/p subject to an **anti-Čerenkov cut** (`L.cer.asum_c==0`) to tag pions (N_i)
- Compare this with E/p subject to anti-Čerenkov and PRL1 cut (`L.prl1.e < X`) (N_f)
- Integrate over region below some E/p value (as before). Then, we have: $r = N_f/N_i \Rightarrow$ percentage of pions detected by $E/p + \text{PRL1 cut}$
 - Effectively shows the amount of pions **rejected** when considering `L.prl1.e > X_i, prl_E.P > X_j`

Pion Rejector: Pion Rejection (4)

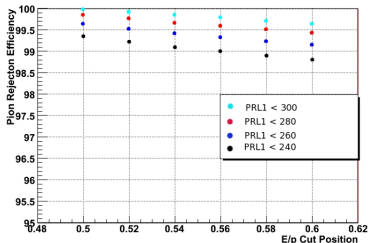
Method: Rejection Factor for $E/p + PRL1$ Cut



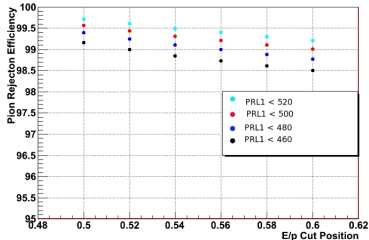
Pion Rejector: Pion Rejection (4)

Rejection Factor for E/p + PRL1 Cut: Results

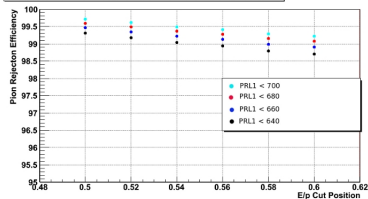
PR PRL1+E/p Cut Pion Rejection Efficiency Study ($p = 0.60$ GeV, 4-pass)



PR PRL1+E/p Cut Pion Rejection Efficiency Study ($p = 1.20$ GeV, 5-pass)



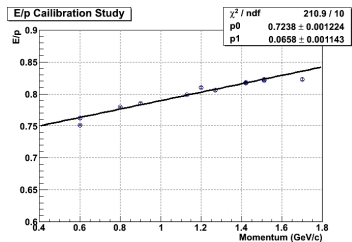
PR PRL1+E/p Cut Pion Rejection Efficiency Study ($p = 1.70$ GeV, 5-pass)



Momentum Dependence of E/p vs. p Plot

- There is a significant momentum dependence to the E/p vs. p plot
 - Pion peak positions are all calibrated to 100 channels in PRL1&2 ADC – consistent for all kinematics
 - Talked to Huan – maybe an issue with the calculation of p_0 /optics problem?

Useful paper on how the spectrometer momentum is calculated:
<http://hallaweb.jlab.org/publications/Technotes/files/2001/01-049.pdf>



Summary

- Elastic (e^- detection) efficiencies look good ($> 99\%$)
- Gas Čerenkov:
 - Pion rejection factors on the order of 10^2 , 10^3
($\sim 99\%$ rejection efficiency)
- Pion Rejector:
 - Most (if not all) pion rejection efficiencies across all kinematics for various $E/p+\text{Cer}$, $E/p+\text{PRL1}$ cut combinations $> 99\%$
 - E/p momentum dependence is strange – not terribly sure where to go on this besides the paper I mentioned

What's Next?

- PID:
 - Continue calculating pion rejection factors for all other kinematics
 - Figure out what to do about electron efficiencies
- Calibrations:
 - Investigate E/p momentum dependence further
- d_2^n Status Report:
 - I'm roughly halfway done – now need to do sections on LHRS, BB, Compton analysis
 - **Send me plot(s) and brief description(s) as soon as you can!**
 - I would like to have a first (finished) draft out to you for comments by early December