# LHRS Analysis for $d_2^n$ Radiative Corrections Update: Where Are We?

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Radiative Corrections: Current State RADCOR: Fortran Code C++ Code

Summary

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## **Outline**

### Radiative Corrections: Current State RADCOR: Fortran Code C++ Code

Summary



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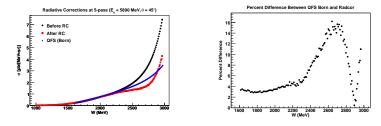
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## **RADCOR:** Fortran Code (1)

**Main Problem** 

Problem: Unfolded results from RADCOR do not agree with the Born cross section found in QFS at our kinematics (on the order of ~ 20%):



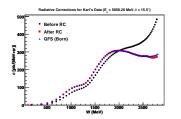
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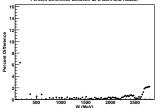
## **RADCOR:** Fortran Code (2)

#### **Main Problem**

### But it works for E94-010 kinematics:







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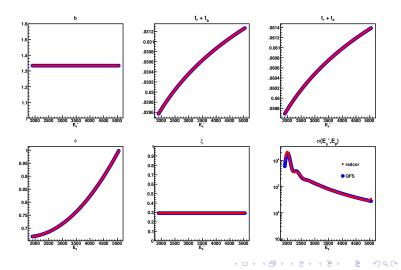
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### **RADCOR: Fortran Code (3)**

E94-010: E<sub>s</sub> Integrand Decomposition

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$$E_s = 5058$$
 MeV,  $E_p = 1858$  MeV:



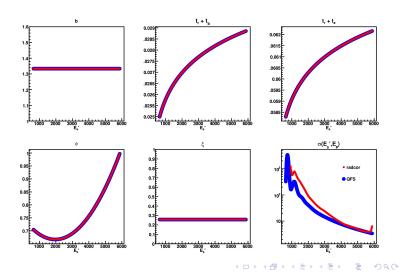
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### **RADCOR: Fortran Code (4)**

E06-014: E<sub>s</sub> Integrand Decomposition

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$$E_s = 5890$$
 MeV,  $E_p = 600$  MeV:



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## **RADCOR: Fortran Code (5)**

### Discussion

- Differences between the two (input) data sets:
  - **1.** Scattering angle: E94-010 =  $15.5^{\circ}$ ; E06-014 =  $45^{\circ}$
  - 2. QFS free parameters were different for E94-010 and E06-014 (see table)
  - 3. The QFS model for E06-014 was optimized to fit E94-010, E01-012 and E06-014 data
- Even with optimized parameters for Karl's kinematics, the agreement between QFS Born and the unfolded  $\sigma$  from RADCOR differ by  $< \sim 4\%$

Free Parameters for the QFS Model			
Exp	$p_F$ (MeV)	$\epsilon$ (MeV)	$\epsilon_{\Delta}$ (MeV)
E94-010	220	10	-10
E06-014	130	10	15

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## C++ Code (1)

Details

- Currently developing C++-based radiative correction code (almost complete)
- Classes:
  - **1.** Spectrum: Holds  $\sigma(E_p)$  for a given  $E_s$  and  $\theta$ . Data members include  $\sigma_{Mott}$ ,  $\nu$ , y and W
  - **2.** RadCor: Calculates all pertinent quantities (integrals, etc.) for a given  $E_s$  and  $E_p$
  - Interpolation: Interpolates cross section data for RadCor
  - **4.** Target: Stores target nucleus info (Z,A), (full) thicknesses  $(t_b,t_a)$
  - **5.** Parameters: Stores miscellaneous parameters from the input file
  - 6. FileManager: Handles input and output of data
  - 7. Utilities: Miscellaneous functions that are useful (copying vectors, spectra, etc.)

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## C++ Code (2)

### To Do List

- Full implemenation of code is complete
  - Memory leaks have been completely flushed out (thanks to Valgrind)
  - $E_s$  integrand decomposition shows consistency with both QFS and radcor for the variables  $b, t_r, t_a, t_b, \phi$  and  $\xi$
- Remaining things to do and issues to fix:
  - Check efficiency of code (it takes ~ 30 mins to run one iteration on 5 spectra)
  - Implement a convergence check (was not actually present in RADCOR)
  - Double check interpolation method cross sections differ from RADCOR
  - Additional interpolation methods
  - Check code against Mo & Tsai, Stein, E94-010 and E01-012 data

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## Summary

- The problem in RADCOR seems to lie in the cross section interpolation function
- Almost finished development of C++-based code, some things remain to implement

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## What's Next?

- Radiative Corrections
  - Look to improve the interpolation function in RADCOR
  - Continue development of C++ code

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