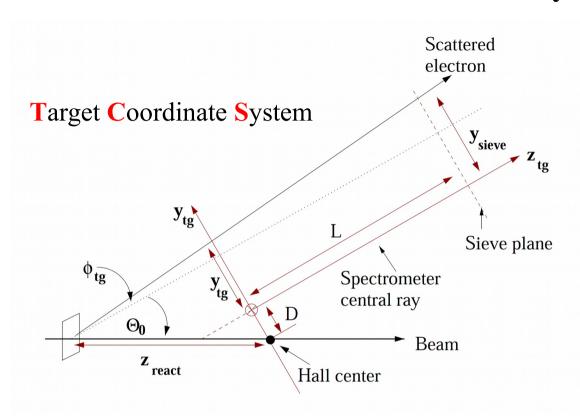
Beam commissioning of the HRS+septa optics and SciFi

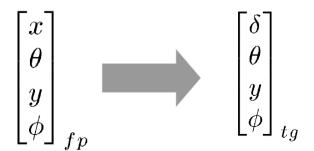
APEX Collaboration meeting July 24 2018

Vardan Khachatryan Cornell University

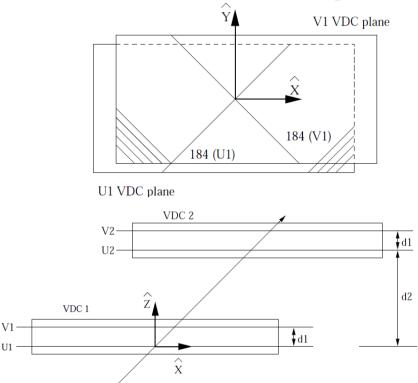
Coordinate Systems



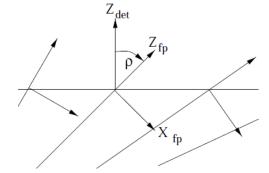
Matrix operations are used to reconstruct track parameters in TCS using FCS coordinates



Detector **C**oordinate **S**ystem



Focal Coordinate System is rotated DCS by angle $\rho(\Delta P/P)$ (angle between local central ray and z angle)



HRS Optics

$$y_{tg} = \sum_{j,k,l} Y_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l},$$

$$\Delta(y) = \sum_{s} \left[\frac{\sum_{j,k,l} Y_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} - y_{tg}^{0}}{\sigma_{y}^{s}} \right]^{2}$$

$$\theta_{tg} = \sum_{j,k,l} T_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l},$$

$$\Delta(\theta) = \sum_{s} \left[\frac{\sum_{j,k,l} T_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} - \theta_{tg}^{0}}{\sigma_{\theta}^{s}} \right]^{2}$$

$$\delta = \sum_{j,k,l} D_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l},$$

$$\Delta(\phi) = \sum_{s} \left[\frac{\sum_{j,k,l} T_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} - \theta_{tg}^{0}}{\sigma_{\theta}^{s}} \right]^{2}$$

$$\Delta(\delta) = \sum_{s} \left[\frac{\sum_{j,k,l} T_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} - \theta_{tg}^{0}}{\sigma_{\theta}^{s}} \right]^{2}$$

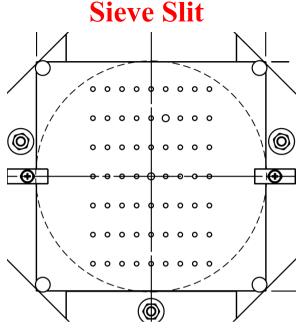
$$\Delta(\delta) = \sum_{s} \left[\frac{\sum_{j,k,l} T_{jkl} \theta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} - \theta_{tg}^{0}}{\sigma_{\theta}^{s}} \right]^{2}$$

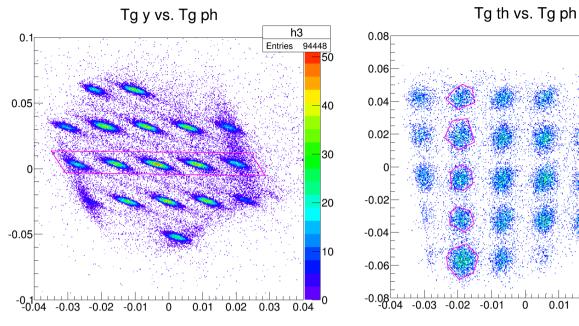
 $Y_{jkl}, T_{jkl}, P_{jkl}$ and D_{jkl} are polynomials in \mathbf{x}_{fp}

$$egin{aligned} Y_{jkl} &= \sum_{i=1}^{m} C_{i}^{Y_{jkl}} x_{fp}^{i} \ & \ y_{tg} &= \sum_{i,k} \sum_{j=1}^{m} C_{i}^{Y_{jkl}} x_{fp}^{i} heta_{fp}^{j} y_{fp}^{k} \phi_{fp}^{l} \end{aligned}$$

Minimization of $\Delta(y)$, $\Delta(\theta)$, $\Delta(\phi)$ and $\Delta(\delta)$ will help to find the $Y_{jkl'}$, $T_{jkl'}$, D_{jkl} elements

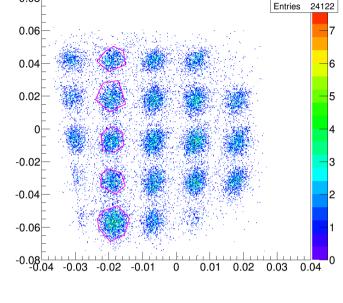
HRS Optics



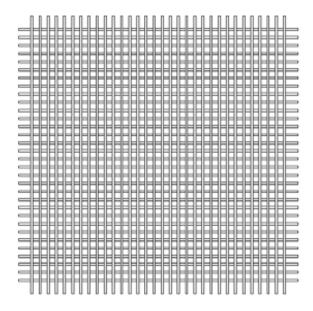


which later are used for the minimization.

With graphical cuts we select events with known target parameters



SciFi



64 scintillation fibers: 32(V) and 32(H) directions Size: $8.8(H) \times 10.3 (V) \text{ cm}^2$

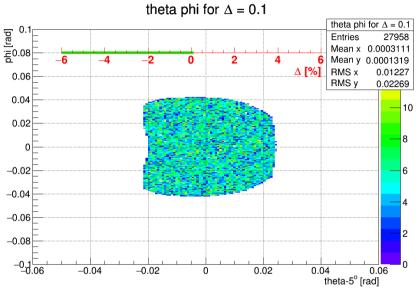
Fiber $\emptyset - 1 \text{ mm}$

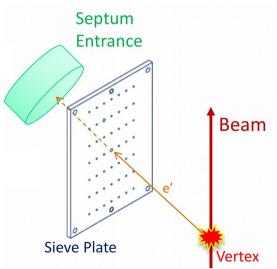
Hall A has an optics calibration code which is written for the Sieve Slit data.

For the SciFi based optics calibration instead of θ [row, column], ϕ [row, column] arrays, we need to use individual coordinates for each track.

APEX optics commissioning plan

APEX acceptance for the central target: (~45 mrad in-plane and 80 mrad out-plane)

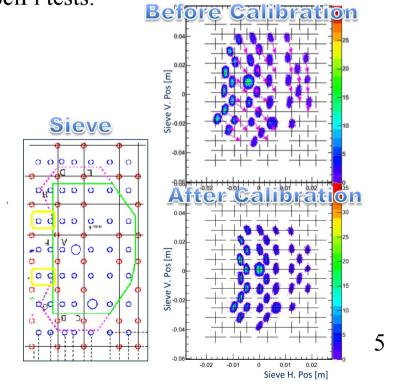




RHRS on negative polarity for the tuning of the optics:

- 1. Septum current/magnetic field optimization will be performed using Sieve Slit data with single foil targets (center, downstream, upstream foils).
- 2. Then will be added more targets and performed preliminary optics calibration.

Meantime the LHRS will be on positive polarity for SciFi tests.



APEX optics commissioning plan

- 3. As soon as the required tests are done and data is taken on RHRS we'll invert the LHRS and RHRS polarities and prepare for the optics calibration data taking:
 - > RHRS on positive polarity for the optics calibration data taking with the SciFi.
 - > LHRS on negative polarity for optics calibration data taking with the Sieve Slit.

Preparation works

Software preparation plans

- > Septa and HRS mis-tuning studies (by Dec-1 2018).
 - Q1 mis-tuning studies using previous experiment data (GmP) and Monte-Carlo simulations;
 - Monte-Carlo studies of the mis-tuned septa;
 - Preparation of an analysis script for quickly identification of mis-tuned subsystems during the commissioning runs.
- Update of the optics calibration package that was used for the 2010 Test Run analysis and perform optics calibration calibration of 2010 data. (by Dec 2018)
- Preparation of a package for the optics calibration with SciFi. (in Jan 2019)