### **BigBite Analysis**

#### 5-Pass S=0 Final Cuts and 5-Pass S=90 Data Quality Corrections

#### Matthew Posik

<sup>1</sup>Temple University Philadelphia, PA 19122

10/06/2011

Matthew Posik (Temple University)

1/17



## 2 S = 90 Data Quality



2/17

# Determining the Pre-Shower Energy Cut

- Look at pion like events in the BB Čerenkov
- Pion like event requires Čerenkov cut:
  - Tracking to Cer mirrors + in TDC timing peak + TDC hit + Cer ADC =0
- Electron like events require:
  - Tracking to Cer mirrors + in TDC timing peak + TDC hit + Cer ADC > 0
- Plot pre-shower energy for pion and electron like events and count ratio of pion to electron like events for various pre-shower energy cuts

A (10) A (10)

### 5 Pass Pre-Shower Cut



0.124 0.122 0.12 0.118 ₽°0.116 0.114 0.112 0.1 0.108 100 150 200 250 300 350 Pre-Shower Energy Cut [MeV]

Pre-Shower Cut Position Determination

Figure: Shows pre-shower energy for pion and electron like events selected from the Čerenkov.

Pre-Shower energy cut of 200 MeV

Figure: Ratio of pion like events to electron like events for various pre-shower energy cuts.

# E/p Calibration

- Diana pointed out that I was using the wrong momentum variable
- I was using the BB.tr.p variable when I should have been using the one from the optics class BB.optics.p\_firstorder
- I am currently redoing the energy calibration using the optics momentum variable.

< 口 > < 同 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < 回 > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ >

# Determining the E/p Cut

- Fit E/p to obtain the mean value and width
- Look at electron and pion like events in the BB Čerenkov
- Plot pre-shower energy for pion and electron like events and count ratio of pion to electron like events for cut widths on E/p
- Currently:

$$\mu_{E/p} = 0.978, \sigma_{E/p} = 0.091$$

4 **A** N A **B** N A **B** N

# E/p Cut



Figure: Shows pre-shower energy with various width cuts on E/p for pion and electron like events selected from the Čerenkov.

Figure: Ratio of pion like events to electron like events for various pre-shower energy cuts.

・ロト ・ 理 ト ・ ヨ ト ・ ヨ ト

æ

# E/p Cut

#### Use a $3\sigma$ cut on E/p



Electrons with BigBite in Negative Polarity E/p

Figure: E/p, red lines show position of  $3\sigma$  cut.

문어 문

## Track Match to Shower Cluster

#### Use a $3\sigma$ Cut



Figure: Difference between shower cluster x position and track x. Red lines show 3 sigma location.

Figure: Difference between shower cluster y position and track y. Red lines show 3 sigma location.

э

5.89 GeV Target Spin = 0°: Final Cuts

# Determining the Pre-Shower Cluster Match to Track Cut

- Choose various pre-shower cluster match to track cuts
- Count events that are outside the pre-shower cluster match to track cut position, but pass the E/p cut (good events)
- Count events that are outside the pre-shower cluster match to track cut position, but pass the E/p cut (bad events)
- Look at the ratio of the good/bad events to determine best cluster match to track cut

### Track X Match to Pre-Shower Cluster X

#### Use a $\pm$ 0.71 m Cut



Figure: Ratio of good to bad events, using track x and pre-shower cluster x.

Figure: Difference between track x and pre-shower cluster x position. Red lines show  $\pm$  0.071m.

イロト イポト イヨト イヨト

### Track Y Match to Pre-Shower Cluster Y

#### Use a $\pm$ 0.24 m Cut



Figure: Ratio of good to bad events, using track y and pre-shower cluster y.

Figure: Difference between track y and pre-shower cluster y position. Red lines show  $\pm$  0.240m.

イロト イポト イヨト イヨト

## **Re-Scattering Plane Cut**

Same as our 4-pass Cut



**Negative Polarity Events on Projected Plane** 

Figure: Cut on a plane to eliminate re-scattering particles.

Matthew Posik (Temple University)

13/17

### 5.89 GeV S=0 Almost Final Cut History

Cut Performance Over Five-Pass Dataset, S=0



Figure: Final Cut acceptance for 5.89 target spin =  $0^{\circ}$ , with the exception of the E/p cut (not calibrated here).

# S=90 Data Quality Summary (I)

#### **MWDC**

- I have finished looking at the 5-pass S=90 mwdc drift times and track residuals
- They are all stable with the exception when there is a threshold change on the shower (mean value changes slightly)
- Since we are not cutting on these variables, I think this is fine

# S=90 Data Quality Summary (II)

### E/p

- Looked at un-calibrated E/p
- Mean E/p jumps around (mean = 0.93 to 1.2). Correlated to the shower threshold changes
- Since we are cutting on E/p we may need to calibrate for each threshold change
- Could we just shift E/p location (add an offset to bring it to E/p=1) if there is no improvement in resolution?

### Čerenkov TDCs

- Finished correcting the Čerenkov TDC timing shifts that were correlated to threshold changes
- Need to check corrections

### What's Next...

### • Continue with 5-pass S=90 data quality:

- Pre-Shower Sum TDCs
- E/p

### • Start working on 5-pass S=270 data:

- MWDC checks
- Čerenkov TDCs

### Revisit BigBite e+/e- ratios during 4-pass with ps and LT Corrections